Independent Auditor's Report and Financial Statements September 30, 2017 and 2016



Years Ended September 30, 2017 and 2016

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Independent Auditor's Report

Board of Managers Tarrant County Hospital District d/b/a JPS Health Network Fort Worth, Texas

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Tarrant County Hospital District d/b/a JPS Health Network (District), a component unit of Tarrant County, Texas, as of and for the years ended September 30, 2017 and 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.



Board of Managers Tarrant County Hospital District d/b/a JPS Health Network Page 2

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the District as of September 30, 2017 and 2016, and the changes in its financial position and its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and pension information listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements and other knowledge we obtained during our audits of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audits were conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the District's basic financial statements as a whole. The other balance sheet and statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position information listed in the table of contents is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statements. Such information has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audits of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Dallas, Texas December 15, 2017

BKD,LLP

Management's Discussion and Analysis Years Ended September 30, 2017 and 2016

(In Thousands)

Introduction

This management's discussion and analysis of the financial performance of Tarrant County Hospital District d/b/a JPS Health Network (District) provides an overview of the District's financial activities for the years ended September 30, 2017 and 2016. It should be read in conjunction with the accompanying financial statements of the District. Unless otherwise indicated, amounts are in thousands.

Financial Highlights

- Cash, short-term investments and other noncurrent investments increased in 2017 by \$19,184 or 3.3% and increased in 2016 by \$67,976 or 13.4%.
- The District's net position decreased in 2017 by \$3,927 or 0.5% and increased in 2016 by \$18,564 or 2.3%
- The District reported operating losses in both 2017 (\$378,843) and 2016 (\$313,269). The loss in 2017 increased by \$65,574 or 20.9%, as compared to the operating loss reported in 2016. The operating loss in 2016 increased by \$46,670 or 17.5% from the operating loss reported in 2015.
- Net nonoperating revenues increased by \$43,089 or 13.0% in 2017 compared to 2016 and increased by \$13,557 or 4.3% in 2016 compared to 2015.

Using This Annual Report

The District's financial statements consist of three statements—a balance sheet; a statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position; and a statement of cash flows. These statements provide information about the activities of the District, including resources held by the District but restricted for specific purposes by creditors, contributors, grantors or enabling legislation. The District is accounted for as a business-type activity and presents its financial statements using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting.

The Balance Sheet and Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position

One of the most important questions asked about any hospital's finances is "Is the hospital as a whole better or worse off as a result of the year's activities?" The balance sheet and the statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position report information about the District's resources and its activities in a way that helps answer this question. These statements include all restricted and unrestricted assets and all liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting. Using the accrual basis of accounting means that all of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the District's net position and changes in them. The District's total net position—the difference between assets and liabilities—is one measure of the District's financial health or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position are an indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. Other nonfinancial factors, such as changes in the District's patient base, changes in legislation and regulations, measures of the quantity and quality of services provided to its patients, and local economic factors should also be considered to assess the overall financial health of the District.

The Statement of Cash Flows

The statement of cash flows reports cash receipts, cash payments and net changes in cash and cash equivalents resulting from four defined types of activities. It provides answers to such questions as: "Where did cash come from?" "What was cash used for?" and "What was the change in cash and cash equivalents during the reporting period?"

The District's Net Position

The District's net position is the difference between its assets and liabilities reported in the balance sheets. The District's net position decreased by \$3,927 (0.5%) in 2017 over 2016 and increased by \$18,564 (2.3%) in 2016 over 2015, as shown in *Table 1*:

Table 1: Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position

	2017	2016	2015		
Assets					
Cash and short-term investments	\$ 403,151	\$ 385,920	\$ 320,053		
Patient accounts receivable, net	56,722	49,845	44,838		
Other current assets	74,224	63,814	164,261		
Capital assets, net	268,400	270,884	289,046		
Other noncurrent assets	191,658	189,950	187,536		
Total assets	994,155	960,413	1,005,734		
Deferred Outflows of Resources	20,228	27,529	17,646		
Total assets and deferred					
ouflows of resources	\$ 1,014,383	\$ 987,942	\$ 1,023,380		
Liabilities					
Long-term debt	\$ 36,827	\$ 40,092	\$ 43,307		
Net pension liability	13,591	22,613	9,545		
Other current and noncurrent liabilities	133,518	91,355	152,495		
Total liabilities	183,936	154,060	205,347		
Deferred Inflows of Resources	4,780	4,288	7,003		
Net Position					
Net investment in capital assets	222,926	227,824	239,983		
Restricted expendable	1,698	2,008	1,646		
Restricted nonexpendable	315	315	315		
Unrestricted	600,728	599,447	569,086		
Total net position	825,667	829,594	811,030		
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of					
resources and net position	\$ 1,014,383	\$ 987,942	\$ 1,023,380		

The most significant changes in the District's assets in 2017 is the increase in cash and investments and increase in patients accounts receivable. Cash and investments increased by \$19,184, or 3.3%, in 2017. This is primarily due to the receipt of restricted cash in 2017 related to the District's role in the Local Provider Participation Fund (LPPF), discussed more fully in *Note 3*. At September 30, 2017, the District held \$20,244 in LPPF funds that will be disbursed as an intergovernmental transfer in 2018. Patient accounts receivable increased \$6,877, or 13.8%, in 2017 as compared to 2016. This increase is primarily due to the increased volumes of Acclaim during 2017.

Deferred outflows of resources decreased \$7,301, or 26.5%, in 2017 as compared to 2016, primarily as a result of the current year difference between expected and actual earnings on pension plan investments used in the measurement of the District's net pension liability, discussed more fully in *Note 13*.

The most significant change in the District's liabilities in 2017 is the increase in other current and noncurrent liabilities. Other current and noncurrent liabilities increased by \$42,163, or 46.2%, in 2017 as compared to 2016. This is due, in part, to receipt of restricted cash related to the LPPF program discussed above. The District's accounts payable also increased by \$9,556, or 25.7%, due to increased capital activity near the end of 2017 as compared to 2016. Accrued expenses also increased by \$8,891, or 22.8%, due primarily to the timing of pay periods near the end of 2017 as compared to 2016.

The most significant changes in the District's assets in 2016 was the increase in cash and investments and decrease in amounts due from the state of Texas under supplemental funding programs. Cash and investments increased by \$67,976 or 13.4% in 2016 over 2015. This was primarily due to timing of the funding payments from the Medicaid Disproportionate Share Program and the Medicaid Section 1115(a) demonstration (Waiver) funding pools, discussed more fully in *Note 3*. The related receivable decreased by \$99,551 or 72.6% in 2016 as compared to 2015.

Deferred outflows of resources increased \$9,883, or 56.0%, in 2016 as compared to 2015, primarily as a result of changes in actuarial assumptions and variances between expected and actual earnings on pension plan investments.

The most significant change in the District's liabilities in 2016 was the decrease in other current and noncurrent liabilities. Other current liabilities decreased by \$61,140 or 40.1% in 2016 over 2015. This was primarily due to timing of the District's contributions to the pension plan and intergovernmental transfers related to the Medicaid Disproportionate Share Program and the Waiver funding pools.

Operating Results and Changes in the District's Net Position

In 2017, the District's net position decreased by \$3,927, or 0.5%, as shown in *Table* 2. This decrease is made up of several components and represents a decrease of 121.2% compared with the increase in net position for 2016 of \$18,564. The District's change in net position decreased from \$51,656 in 2015 to \$18,564 in 2016.

Table 2: Operating Results and Changes in Net Position

	2017	2016	2015		
Operating Revenues	•				
Net patient service revenue	\$ 396,374	\$ 368,255	\$ 337,394		
Supplemental Medicaid funding	149,779	155,385	191,360		
Other operating revenue	61,448	52,396	37,589		
Total operating revenues	607,601	576,036	566,343		
Operating Expenses					
Salaries and wages and employee benefits	561,576	492,324	443,293		
Purchased services and professional fees	187,121	165,166	186,975		
Supplies	155,011	151,182	126,017		
Depreciation and amortization	38,716	39,715	38,817		
Other operating expenses	44,020	40,918	37,840		
Total operating expenses	986,444	889,305	832,942		
Operating Loss	(378,843)	(313,269)	(266,599)		
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)					
Property taxes	351,118	319,611	307,019		
Contributed services	16,570	8,171	11,296		
Investment return, interest expense and other	7,128	3,945	(145)		
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	374,816	331,727	318,170		
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenses					
Before Capital Grants	(4,027)	18,458	51,571		
Capital Grants	100	106	85		
Increase (Decrease) in Net Position	\$ (3,927)	\$ 18,564	\$ 51,656		

Operating Losses

The first component of the overall change in the District's net position is its operating income or loss—generally, the difference between net patient service, supplemental Medicaid funding revenue and other operating revenues and the expenses incurred to perform those services. In each of the past three years, the District has reported an operating loss. This is consistent with the District's recent operating history as the District was formed and is operated primarily to serve lower income residents of Tarrant County. The District levies property taxes to provide sufficient resources to enable the facility to serve lower income and other residents.

The operating loss for 2017 increased by \$65,574 or 20.9% as compared to 2016. The primary components of the change are:

- An increase in net patient service revenue of \$28,119 or 7.6%
- A decrease in Medicaid supplemental funding of \$5,606 or 3.6%
- An increase in other operating revenue of \$9,052 or 17.3%
- An increase in salary and related expenses of \$69,252 or 14.1%
- An increase in professional fees and purchased services of \$21,955 or 13.3%

The increase in net patient service revenue is primarily attributable to increase in volume.

The decrease in Medicaid supplemental funding revenue is primarily due to shifts in funding allocations.

The increase in other operating revenue is due in large part to increases associated with federal grant awards and tobacco settlement revenue.

The increase in professional fees and purchase services is primarily attributable to the increase in use of outside medical services and intergovernmental transfers due to shifts in funding allocations and changes in costs associated with an indigent care affiliation agreement, discussed more fully in *Note 14*, in the current year.

The increase in salary and related expenses is due to wage increases resulting from the District's retention efforts as well as the addition of employed physicians.

The operating loss for 2016 increased by \$46,670 or 17.5% as compared to 2015. The primary components of the change were:

- An increase in net patient service revenue of \$30,861 or 9.1%
- A decrease in Medicaid supplemental funding of \$35,975 or 18.8%
- An increase in other operating revenue of \$14,807 or 39.4%
- A decrease in professional fees and purchased services of \$21,809 or 11.7%
- An increase in supplies expense of \$25,165 or 20.0%
- An increase in salary and related expenses of \$49,031 or 11.1%

The increase in net patient service revenue was primarily attributable to increases in volumes and the decrease in Medicaid supplemental funding revenue was primarily due to shifts in funding allocations and the impact of the overall planned decrease in Wavier funding pools for 2016.

The increase in other operating revenue was due in large part to increases in drug rebates associated with the pharmaceutical patient assistance program.

The decrease in professional fees and purchase services was primarily attributable to the reduction in intergovernmental transfers due to shifts in funding allocations and changes in costs associated with the indigent care affiliation agreement.

The increase in supplies expense was primarily attributable to the costly drugs offered in 2016 as well as increases in volumes. There are associated drug rebates received under the pharmaceutical patient assistance program to offset this expense.

The increase in salary and related expenses was due to wage increases resulting from the District's retention efforts and to the addition of full time equivalent employees to address increased volumes.

Nonoperating Revenues and Expenses

Nonoperating revenues and expenses consist primarily of property taxes levied by the District, contributions and investment income and interest expense. The District held property tax rates steady in 2017, but an increase in overall property values resulted in a net increase in property tax revenue of \$31,507 or 9.9% from 2016 to 2017. Contributed services represent the difference between the value of services provided to the District's indigent patients by area physicians and the amount the District ultimately paid for those services. Contributed services increased by \$8,399 or 102.8% in 2017 as compared to 2016. Contributed services fluctuate each year based on the costs associated with the physician services provided to the District's indigent patients.

Interest expense decreased by \$386 or 27.0% in 2017 as compared to 2016 due to a decrease in long-term debt.

The District's Cash Flows

Changes in the District's cash flows are consistent with changes in operating losses and nonoperating revenues and expenses for 2017, 2016 and 2015, as discussed previously.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

At the end of 2017, the District had \$268,400 invested in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, as detailed in *Note 7* to the financial statements. In 2017, the District purchased new capital assets costing \$36,837.

At the end of 2016, the District had \$270,884 invested in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation. In 2016, the District purchased new capital assets costing \$22,193.

Debt

At September 30, 2017, the District had \$39,500 in revenue and general obligation refunding bonds outstanding. In 2016, the District issued the Series 2016 Bonds to refinance the outstanding Series 2006 Bonds obligation, as discussed in *Note 10*. The District's formal debt issuances, revenue bonds, are subject to limitations imposed by state law. There have been no changes in the District's debt ratings in the past three years. The District has a current Aa3 rating from Moody's on the revenue bonds, which was reaffirmed in 2017. The District's general obligation bonds have a current AAA rating and the revenue bonds have a current AAA- rating from Standard & Poor's, which was reaffirmed in 2016.

Other Economic Factors

The District is the Anchor facility for the Region 10 Regional Healthcare Partnership (RHP) DSRIP program under the Medicaid Section 1115(a) demonstration. The Region 10 RHP is the result of a shared commitment by the region's providers to a community-oriented, regional health care delivery model focused on the triple aims of improving the experience of care for patients and their families, improving the health of the region, and reducing the cost of care without compromising quality. Region 10 RHP's DSRIP plan is the essential blueprint for improved individual and population health at a lower cost, delivered more efficiently.

The District is anticipating a small increase in volumes in fiscal year 2018 from growth in the county. Based on the recommendation of the District's Board of Managers (Board), the Tarrant County Commissioners Court set the property tax rate for fiscal year 2018 to \$0.224429 per \$100 valuation, which is a decrease in the property tax rate from fiscal year 2017.

The Board and management continue to monitor and consider many factors that have direct or indirect impact on future operations. These include:

- The Medicaid Section 1115(a) demonstration project which could have a material impact on the District's funding for providing uncompensated care and provides funding for improvements in the design of the health care delivery system and associated outcomes, specifically shifting reimbursement systems from fee for service to value based payments
- The reimbursement impact of the *Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act*, Texas Medicaid DSH and other federal legislation
- Tarrant County's population growth, as well as continued growth in the number of uninsured, working poor and medically indigent
- Shifting of care trend from inpatient to outpatient settings
- Continued growth in medical and pharmaceutical costs, as well as advances in therapies
- Continued advances in health care medical equipment and computing technology

Significant Financial Practices

The District maintains several financial practices designed to maintain its credit-worthiness and to position the District to carry out its defined mission of providing health care to the residents of Tarrant County, as well as its fiduciary responsibility to the taxpayers of Tarrant County. Those practices are as follows:

Investments Internally Designated for Capital Acquisition and Operating Activities

The Board sets aside funds for both long-term stability and capital improvements.

Monthly Financial Reporting

The Board meets monthly and reviews the financial statements from the prior month. This information is presented to show actual monthly and year-to-date revenues, and expenses compared to budget and the prior year. Management provides explanation for significant variances.

Pay-As-You-Go Capital Funding

The District has maintained the practice to fund routine capital items under a pay-as-you-go basis. This has been done to minimize borrowing costs as well as maintain financial flexibility.

Budget Process

The operating and capital budgets are proposed by the District's management and endorsed by the Board. Final approval is obtained from the Court. The budget remains in effect for the entire fiscal year.

Operating Practices

 The District's adoption of LEAN and Six Sigma methodologies to improve efficiency and reduce outcome variation

Contacting the District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our readers with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. Questions about this report and requests for additional financial information should be directed to the District's Financial Offices at 1350 South Main Street, Suite 4000, Fort Worth, Texas 76104.

Balance Sheets September 30, 2017 and 2016

(In Thousands)

Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources

ssets and Deferred Outhows of Resources	2017	2016		
Current Assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 193,091	\$ 181,308		
Restricted cash	20,244	-		
Short-term investments	189,816	204,612		
Patient accounts receivable, net	56,722	49,845		
Property taxes receivable, net	5,037	4,169		
Supplemental Medicaid funding receivable	41,514	37,531		
Internally designated for self-insurance, current portion	195	145		
Supplies inventory	11,187	10,446		
Prepaid expenses and other assets	16,291	11,523		
Total current assets	534,097	499,579		
Noncurrent Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments				
Internally designated for debt service	639	600		
Internally designated for self-insurance	11,845	11,807		
Restricted by donors for capital acquisitions and				
specific operating activities	1,949	1,947		
Internally designated for capital acquisitions and				
operating activities	177,225	175,401		
Total noncurrent cash, cash equivalents				
and investments	191,658	189,755		
Other Assets		195		
Capital Assets, Net	268,400	270,884		
Total assets	994,155	960,413		
Deferred Outflows of Resources	20,228	27,529		
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$ 1,014,383	\$ 987,942		

Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position

	2017	2016		
Current Liabilities				
Accounts payable	\$ 46,685	\$ 37,129		
Intergovernmental transfer obligation	20,244	-		
Accrued expenses	44,389	37,643		
Due to third-party payers	6,428	4,569		
Current portion of self-insurance costs	6,152	5,240		
Current maturities of long-term debt	3,070	2,985		
Total current liabilities	126,968	87,566		
Estimated Self-insurance Costs	1,064	1,550		
Long-term Debt	36,827	40,092		
Net Pension Liability	13,591	22,613		
Other Long-term Liabilities	5,486	2,239		
Total liabilities	183,936	154,060		
Deferred Inflows of Resources	4,780	4,288		
Net Position				
Net investment in capital assets	222,926	227,824		
Restricted expendable	1,698	2,008		
Restricted nonexpendable	315	315		
Unrestricted	600,728	599,447		
Total net position	825,667	829,594		
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and net position	\$ 1,014,383	\$ 987,942		

Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position Years Ended September 30, 2017 and 2016

(In Thousands)

	2017	2016	
Operating Revenues		_	
Net patient service revenue, net of provision for			
uncollectible accounts; 2017 – \$326,770; 2016 – \$307,925	\$ 396,374	\$ 368,255	
Supplemental Medicaid funding	149,779	155,385	
Other operating revenue	61,448	52,396	
Total operating revenues	607,601	576,036	
Operating Expenses			
Salaries and related expenses	561,576	492,324	
Professional fees and purchased services	187,121	165,166	
Supplies	155,011	151,182	
Depreciation and amortization	38,716	39,715	
Other	44,020	40,918	
Total operating expenses	986,444	889,305	
Operating Loss	(378,843)	(313,269)	
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)			
Property tax revenue	351,118	319,611	
Contributed services	16,570	8,171	
Contribution revenue	1,211	1,305	
Interest expense	(1,044)	(1,430)	
Investment return and other	6,961	4,070	
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	374,816	331,727	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenses Before Capital Grants	(4,027)	18,458	
Capital Grants and Gifts	100	106	
Increase (Decrease) in Net Position	(3,927)	18,564	
Net Position, Beginning of Year	829,594	811,030	
Net Position, End of Year	\$ 825,667	\$ 829,594	

Statements of Cash Flows

Years Ended September 30, 2017 and 2016

(In Thousands)

	 2017	2016		
Operating Activities				
Receipts from and on behalf of patients	\$ 391,030	\$	358,528	
Receipts from supplemental Medicaid				
funding programs	145,796		254,936	
Receipts from Local Provider Participation Fund, net	20,244		-	
Payments to suppliers and contractors	(366,717)		(382,952)	
Payments to employees	(554,949)		(509,155)	
Other receipts, net	 60,303		50,731	
Net cash used in operating activities	(304,293)		(227,912)	
Noncapital Financing Activities				
Noncapital grants and gifts	1,211		1,305	
Property taxes supporting operations	 348,251		318,004	
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities	 349,462		319,309	
Capital and Related Financing Activities				
Proceeds from issuance of long-term debt	-		22,415	
Principal paid on long-term debt	(2,985)		(24,965)	
Interest paid on long-term debt	(1,263)		(1,670)	
Property taxes supporting debt service	1,999		1,973	
Capital grants and gifts	100		106	
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	197		136	
Purchase of capital assets	(31,176)		(25,301)	
Net cash used in capital and related financing activities	 (33,128)		(27,306)	
Investing Activities				
Purchase of investments	(556,425)		(479,207)	
Proceeds from the sale and maturities of				
short-term investments	568,570		386,561	
Interest income and other	7,818		4,526	
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	 19,963		(88,120)	
Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	32,004		(24,029)	
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year	182,880		206,909	
Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Year	\$ 214,884	\$	182,880	

Statements of Cash Flows (Continued) Years Ended September 30, 2017 and 2016

(In Thousands)

	2017	2016		
Reconciliation of Cash and Cash Equivalents to the Balance Sheets				
Cash and cash equivalents in current assets	\$ 213,335	\$	181,308	
Cash and cash equivalents in noncurrent cash and investments	 1,549		1,572	
	\$ 214,884	\$	182,880	
Reconciliation of Net Operating Revenues (Expenses) to				
Net Cash Used in Operating Activities				
Operating loss	\$ (378,843)	\$	(313,269)	
Depreciation and amortization	38,716		39,715	
Loss on disposal of assets	408		504	
Provision for uncollectible accounts	326,770		307,925	
Contributed services expense	16,570		8,171	
Changes in operating assets and liabilities				
Patient accounts receivable	(333,647)		(312,932)	
Supplemental Medicaid funding receivable	(3,983)		99,551	
Estimated amounts due from and to third-party payers	1,859		312	
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	30,909		(58,200)	
Net pension liability	(9,022)		13,068	
Deferred outflows of resources	7,301		(9,883)	
Deferred inflows of resources	492		(2,715)	
Other assets and liabilities	 (1,823)		(159)	
Net cash used in operating activities	\$ (304,293)	\$	(227,912)	
Supplemental Cash Flows Information				
Capital asset acquisitions included in accounts payable	\$ 6,216	\$	583	
Contributed services revenue (Note 14)	\$ 16,570	\$	8,171	

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2017 and 2016

(In Thousands)

Note 1: Nature of Operations and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Nature of Operations and Reporting Entity

Tarrant County Hospital District d/b/a JPS Health Network (District) is a political subdivision of the state of Texas and operates a hospital, a psychiatric inpatient facility, a skilled nursing unit, 24 ambulatory health centers, a psychiatric emergency center, an emergency department and a designated Level 1 trauma center, three health centers for women, 20 school-based clinics and dental services at seven locations. Additionally, it manages medical care services at the Tarrant County correctional system's three locations. The District is under the supervision of the Tarrant County Commissioners Court (Court) and is governed by an 11 member Board of Managers (Board) appointed by the Court. For this reason, the District is considered to be a component unit of Tarrant County, Texas (County) and is included as a discretely presented component unit in the basic financial statements of the County.

Acclaim Physician Group (Acclaim) began operations on May 1, 2016, primarily for the purpose of providing physician services to District patients. The District is the sole corporate member of Acclaim and has the authority to exercise significant control over the financial operations of Acclaim. As such, Acclaim is presented as a blended component unit of the District. Separate financial statements of Acclaim can be obtained by contacting the District's management.

JPS Physician Group (JPSPG) began operations in July 2003, primarily for the purpose of providing physician services to District patients. The District is the sole corporate member of JPSPG and has the authority to exercise significant control over the financial operations of JPSPG. As such, JPSPG is presented as a blended component unit of the District.

As of May 1, 2016 when operations commenced at Acclaim, all previously employed physicians of JPSPG became employed physicians of Acclaim. As of October 1, 2015, the effective date of the transfer, all of JPSPG's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and net position as of the beginning of the period of approximately \$26,283 were transferred to the Hospital.

JPS Foundation (Foundation) was formed on August 4, 1997, solely to support and benefit scientific, educational and charitable activities conducted by the District. The Foundation is a non-profit organization whose purpose is to perform services on behalf of the District, including organizing fundraising activities, providing patient assistance programs, participating in recruiting functions and conducting administrative services. Because the Foundation operates primarily for the exclusive benefit of the District, it is also presented as a blended component unit of the District. Separate financial statements of the Foundation can be obtained by contacting the District's management.

The District's financial statements include the activities as set forth above. All material intercompany accounts and transactions have been eliminated in the financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2017 and 2016

(In Thousands)

Basis of Accounting and Presentation

The accompanying financial statements of the District have been prepared on the accrual basis of accounting using the economic resources measurement focus. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets and liabilities from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange transaction takes place, while those from government-mandated nonexchange transactions (principally federal and state grants) are recognized when all applicable eligibility requirements are met. Operating revenues and expenses include exchange transactions and program-specific, government-mandated nonexchange transactions.

Government-mandated nonexchange transactions that are not program specific, property taxes, investment income and interest on capital assets-related debt are included in nonoperating revenues and expenses. The District first applies restricted net position when an expense or outlay is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues, and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The District considers all liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less to be cash equivalents. At September 30, 2017 and 2016, cash equivalents consisted primarily of money market accounts with brokers and state investment pools described more fully in *Note 5*.

Risk Management

The District is exposed to various risks of loss from torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; business interruption; errors and omissions; employee injuries and illnesses; natural disasters; medical malpractice; and employee health, dental and accident benefits. Commercial insurance coverage is purchased for claims arising from such matters other than medical malpractice, employee health and workers' compensation claims. Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the three preceding years.

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2017 and 2016

(In Thousands)

The District is self-insured for a portion of its exposure to risk of loss from medical malpractice, employee health and workers' compensation claims. Annual estimated provisions are accrued for the self-insured portion of these risks and include an estimate of the ultimate costs for both reported claims and claims incurred but not yet reported.

Investments and Investment Income

Investments in U.S. Treasury, agency and instrumentality obligations with a remaining maturity of one-year or less at time of acquisition and in nonnegotiable certificates of deposit are carried at amortized cost. Investments in external investment pools qualifying for amortized cost under GASB Statement No. 79, *Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants*, are carried at amortized cost per share. All other investments are carried at fair value.

Investment income includes dividend and interest income, realized gains and losses on investments carried at other than fair value and the net change for the year in the fair value of investments carried at fair value.

Patient Accounts Receivable

The District reports patient accounts receivable for services rendered at net realizable amounts from third-party payers, patients and others. The District provides an allowance for uncollectible accounts based upon a review of outstanding receivables, historical collection information and existing economic conditions.

Supplies

Supply inventories are stated at the lower of cost, determined using the first-in, first-out method or market.

Capital Assets

Capital assets are recorded at cost at the date of acquisition, or acquisition value at the date of donation if acquired by gift. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the estimated useful life of each asset. Assets under capital lease obligations and leasehold improvements are depreciated over the shorter of the lease term or their respective estimated useful lives. The following estimated useful lives are being used by the District:

Land improvements	10-20 years
Buildings and improvements	10-40 years
Equipment	3-20 years
Computer software	3-10 years

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2017 and 2016

(In Thousands)

The District capitalizes interest costs as a component of construction in progress, based on the weighted-average rates paid for long-term borrowing. Total interest incurred was:

	2	2017	2016		
Interest costs capitalized Interest costs charged to expense	\$	16 1,044	\$	14 1,430	
Total interest incurred	\$	1,060	\$	1,444	

Compensated Absences

District policies permit most employees to accumulate vacation and sick leave benefits that may be realized as paid time off or, in limited circumstances, as a cash payment. Expense and the related liability are recognized as benefits are earned whether the employee is expected to realize the benefit as time off or in cash. Compensated absence liabilities are computed using the regular pay and termination pay rates in effect at the balance sheet date, plus an additional amount for compensation-related payments such as social security and Medicare taxes computed using rates in effect at that date.

Defined Benefit Pension Plan

The District sponsors a defined benefit pension plan (Plan) as more fully described in *Note 13*. For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Plan and additions to and deductions from the Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

Transactions not meeting the definition of an asset or liability that result in the consumption or acquisition of net position in one period that are applicable to future periods are reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources. As of September 30, 2017 and 2016, the District's deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources were related to the District's defined benefit pension plan as described more fully in *Note 13*.

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2017 and 2016

(In Thousands)

Net Position

Net position of the District is classified in four components. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of borrowings used to finance the purchase or construction of those assets. Restricted expendable net position is made up of noncapital assets that must be used for a particular purpose, as specified by creditors, grantors or donors external to the District, including amounts deposited with trustees as required by bond indentures, reduced by the outstanding balances of any related borrowings. Restricted nonexpendable net position consists of noncapital assets that are required to be maintained in perpetuity as specified by parties external to the District, such as permanent endowments. Unrestricted net position is the remaining assets less remaining liabilities that do not meet the definition of net invested in capital assets or restricted net position.

Net Patient Service Revenue

The District has agreements with third-party payers that provide for payments to the District at amounts different from its established rates. Net patient service revenue is reported at the estimated net realizable amounts from patients, third-party payers and others for services rendered and includes estimated retroactive revenue adjustments, and a provision for uncollectible accounts. Retroactive adjustments are considered in the recognition of revenue on an estimated basis in the period the related services are rendered and such estimated amounts are revised in future periods as adjustments become known.

Tobacco Settlement Revenue

The District receives revenue that is the result of a settlement between various counties and hospital districts in Texas and the tobacco industry for tobacco-related health care costs. The District received approximately \$7,221 and \$4,680 in revenue from this settlement for the years ended September 30, 2017 and 2016, respectively. This revenue is recognized as a component of other operating revenue in the accompanying statements of revenues, expenses and changes in net position.

Charity Care

The District provides care without charge or at amounts less than its established rates to patients meeting certain criteria under its charity care policy. Because the District does not pursue collection of amounts determined to qualify as charity care, these amounts are not reported as net patient service revenue.

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2017 and 2016

(In Thousands)

Income Taxes

As an essential government function of the County, the District is generally exempt from federal and state income taxes under Section 115 of the Internal Revenue Code (IRC) and a similar provision of state law. The District, the Foundation, JPSPG and Acclaim and also carry an exemption from income taxes under IRC Section 501(c)(3). The District, the Foundation, JPSPG and Acclaim are all subject to federal income tax on any unrelated business taxable income.

Reclassifications

Certain reclassifications have been made to the 2016 financial statements to conform to the 2017 financial statement presentation. The reclassifications had no effect on the changes in financial position.

Note 2: Net Patient Service Revenue

The District has agreements with third-party payers that provide for payments to the District at amounts different from its established rates. These payment arrangements include:

Medicare. Inpatient acute care services and substantially all outpatient services rendered to Medicare program beneficiaries are paid at prospectively determined rates. These rates vary according to a patient classification system that is based on clinical, diagnostic and other factors. Certain inpatient nonacute services and defined medical education costs are paid based on a cost reimbursement methodology. The District is reimbursed for certain services at tentative rates with final settlement determined after submission of annual cost reports by the District and audits thereof by the Medicare administrative contractor. The District's Medicare cost reports have been audited by the Medicare administrative contractor through September 30, 2013.

Medicaid. Inpatient services rendered to Medicaid program beneficiaries are reimbursed under a prospective payment system. Inpatient reimbursement is inclusive of an add-on for trauma care that is based on the Medicaid Standards Dollar Amount. Outpatient and physician services are reimbursed under a mixture of fee schedules and cost reimbursement. The District is reimbursed for cost reimbursable services at tentative rates with final settlement determined after submission of annual cost reports by the District and audits thereof by the Medicaid administrative contractor. The District's Medicaid cost reports have been audited by the Medicaid administrative contractor through September 30, 2009.

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2017 and 2016

(In Thousands)

Approximately 79% and 78% of net patient service revenue is from participation in the Medicare and state-sponsored Medicaid programs for the years ended September 30, 2017 and 2016, respectively. Settlements under reimbursement agreements with Medicare and Medicaid programs are estimated and recorded in the period the related services are rendered, and are adjusted in future periods as adjustments become known or as the service years are no longer subject to audit, review or investigation. Annual cost reports required under the Medicare and Medicaid programs are subject to routine audits, which may result in adjustments to the amounts ultimately determined to be due under the reimbursement programs. These audits often require several years to reach their financial determination of amounts earned under the programs. As a result, it is reasonably possible that recorded estimates will change materially in the near term. Net patient service revenue increased in 2017 and 2016 by \$1,592 and \$4,885, respectively, due to changes in previous estimates.

The District has also entered into payment agreements with certain commercial insurance carriers, HMOs and preferred provider organizations. The basis for payment to the District under these agreements includes prospectively determined rates per discharge, discounts from established charges and prospectively determined daily rates.

Note 3: Supplemental Medicaid Funding Revenue

Supplemental Medicaid funding revenue included in the statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position includes revenue received from the Medicaid Disproportionate Share Program (DSH) of approximately \$31,495 and \$34,489 for the years ended September 30, 2017 and 2016, respectively. The amounts the District may expect to receive from this program in future years could be impacted by the Medicaid section 1115(a) demonstration program discussed below.

On December 12, 2011, the United States Department of Health and Human Services (HHSC) approved a new Medicaid section 1115(a) demonstration entitled "Texas Health Transformation and Quality Improvement Program" (Waiver). The Waiver expanded existing Medicaid managed care programs and established two funding pools that assists providers with uncompensated care costs (UC Pool) and promotes health system transformation (DSRIP Pool). The revenue from the two funding pools is recognized as earned throughout the related demonstration year. During 2017, the District recognized approximately \$62,029 and \$56,255 from the UC Pool and DSRIP Pool, respectively. During 2016, the District recognized approximately \$65,034 and \$55,862 from the UC Pool and DSRIP Pool, respectively. The funding the District has received is subject to audit and is not representative of funding to be received in future years.

The Waiver was effective from December 12, 2011 to September 30, 2016. On May 2, 2016, HHSC announced that CMS agreed to extend the Waiver through December 2017, at current funding levels. HHSC and CMS are in the process of negotiating a longer term extension.

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2017 and 2016

(In Thousands)

The programs described above are subject to review and scrutiny by both the Texas Legislature and the CMS, and the programs could be modified or terminated based on new legislation or regulation in future periods.

During 2017, the District began participation in a Local Provider Participation Fund (LPPF) in Tarrant County. The District acts as the administrator of the LPPF by assessment and collection of mandatory payments from hospitals in Tarrant County. These payments are to be used to fund intergovernmental transfers representing the state's share of supplemental Medicaid funding programs. More specifically, the payments collected by the District will be used to fund the state's share of the Uniform Hospital Rate Increase Program (UHRIP). Under UHRIP, HHSC may direct managed care organizations in a service delivery area to provide a uniform percentage rate increase to all hospitals within a particular class of hospitals. UHRIP is expected to begin in 2018. During 2017, the District collected \$38,907 in mandatory payments and made intergovernmental transfers of \$17,703. At September 30, 2017, the District held \$20,244 in mandatory payments that will be transferred in 2018.

Note 4: Property Tax Revenue

The District received approximately 37% and 36% of its support from property taxes in the years ended September 30, 2017 and 2016, respectively. Property taxes are levied by the District on October 1, of each year based on the preceding January 1, assessed property values. To secure payment, an enforceable lien attaches to the property on January 1, when the value is assessed. Property taxes become due and payable when levied on October 1. This is the date on which an enforceable legal claim arises and the District records a receivable for the property tax assessment, less an allowance for uncollectible taxes. Property taxes are considered delinquent after January 31, of the following year. The District recorded an allowance for uncollectible property taxes of approximately \$9,214 and \$9,212 at September 30, 2017 and 2016, respectively.

The District's property tax rate was \$0.226591 and \$0.226491 per \$100 valuation for 2017 and 2016, respectively, for the maintenance and operation fund and property tax revenue for this fund was \$349,114 and \$317,640 for 2017 and 2016, respectively. The District's property tax rate was \$0.001306 and \$0.001406 per \$100 valuation for 2017 and 2016, respectively, for the interest and sinking fund and property tax revenue for this fund was \$2,004 and \$1,971 for 2017 and 2016, respectively.

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2017 and 2016

(In Thousands)

Note 5: Deposits, Investments and Investment Income

Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, a government's deposits may not be returned to it. The District's deposit policy for custodial credit risk requires compliance with the provisions of state law.

State law requires collateralization of all deposits with federal depository insurance or other qualified investments. At September 30, 2017 and 2016, the District's deposits were either insured or collateralized in accordance with state law.

At September 30, 2017, the Foundation's cash accounts exceeded federally insured limits by \$2,262.

Investments

The District may legally invest direct obligations of and other obligations guaranteed as to principal by the U.S. Treasury and U.S. agencies and instrumentalities and in bank repurchase agreements. It may also invest to a limited extent in corporate bonds and equity securities.

At September 30, 2017 and 2016, the District had the following investments and maturities as:

						Septembe	er 30, 201	7		
			Maturities in Years							
Туре				Less					Mo	ore
	Fa	ir Value		Than 1		1-5		10	Than 10	
Investment pools	\$	117,138	\$	117,138	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_
U.S. Treasury obligations	Ψ	29,993	Ψ	29,993	Ψ	_	Ψ	_	Ψ	_
U.S. agencies obligations		88,749		4,772		83,977		-		-
Municipal bonds		5,506		5,506		-		-		-
Money market mutual funds		974		974		-		-		-
Commercial paper		167,336		167,336						
			\$	325,719	\$	83,977	\$	_	\$	_
Mutual funds		400								
	\$	410,096								

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2017 and 2016

(In Thousands)

						Septembe	er 30, 201	6		
						Maturitie	s in Years	3		
				Less					Me	ore
Туре	Fa	ir Value		Than 1	1-5		6-10		Than 10	
Investment pools	\$	105,728	\$	105,728	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_
U.S. Treasury obligations	-	30,712	*	30,712	*	_	*	_	•	_
U.S. agencies obligations		38,085		24,116		13,969		-		-
Municipal bonds		5,564		-		5,564		-		-
Money market mutual funds		824		824		-		-		-
Commercial paper		180,391		180,391						
			\$	341,771	\$	19,533	\$	_	\$	_
Mutual funds		375								
	\$	361,679								

Interest Rate Risk – As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates, the District investment policy requires that total investments have a weighted-average maturity of five years or less. The District's investments in U.S. Treasury and agency obligations include fixed-rate notes and bonds with a weighted-average maturity of three years. The longer the maturity of a fixed-rate obligation, the greater the impact a change in interest rates will have on its fair value. As interest rates increase, the fair value of the obligations decrease. Likewise, when interest rates decrease, the fair value of the obligations increase. The money market mutual funds are presented as an investment with a maturity of less than one-year because they are redeemable in full immediately.

Credit Risk – Credit risk is the risk that the issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. It is the District's policy to limit its investments to U.S. Treasury and agency obligations or otherwise follow the restriction of the Texas Public Funds Investment Act. The District's investment in U.S. Treasury obligations carry the explicit guarantee of the U.S. government. The debt securities of the U.S. agencies are rated Aa1 to AAA by Moody's rating agency. The District's investments in municipal bonds were rated A to AA by Standard & Poor's rating agency.

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2017 and 2016

(In Thousands)

The District also invests in TexPool and TexSTAR, state investment pools (Pools), which are considered investments for financial reporting. The Texas State Comptroller of Public Accounts oversees TexPool. Federated Investors provides asset management and participant services for TexPool's operations under a contract with the Comptroller. TexSTAR is a local government investment pool offering professionally managed portfolios to government entities in the state of Texas. The governing board of directors selects co-administrators for TexSTAR that provide fund management. The District has an undivided beneficial interest in the pool of assets held by the Pools. Investments must be in compliance with the *Texas Public Funds Investment Act* and include obligations of the United States or its agencies, direct obligation of the state of Texas or its agencies, certificates of deposit and repurchase agreements. The fair value of the position in these pools is the same as the value of the shares in each pool.

The Pools, as well as the money market mutual funds invested in by the District, are rated as AAAm by Standard & Poor's. The District's investments in commercial paper was rated A to AA-by Standard & Poor's rating agency.

The District also invests in certificates of deposit, which are classified as deposits for financial reporting purposes. These certificates of deposit are fully collateralized by the various financial institutions

Custodial Credit Risk – For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the District will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. All of the District's investments are held in safekeeping or trust accounts.

Concentration of Credit Risk – The District places no limit on the amount that may be invested in any one issuer as long as the restrictions of the Texas Public Funds Investment Act are followed.

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2017 and 2016

(In Thousands)

The following table reflects the District's investments in single issuers that represent more than 5% of total investments:

	2017	2016
Federal Home Loan Bank	5.3%	1.6%
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Association	6.4%	5.8%
Federal National Mortgage Association	7.5%	0.2%
Toyota Motor Credit Commercial Paper	7.3%	8.2%
JP Morgan Securities Commercial Paper	8.6%	14.0%
Kaiser Foundation Hospital Commercial Paper	2.7%	12.4%
Nestle Finance Int'l Commercial Paper	0.0%	8.3%
Philadelphia, PA - Airport Revenue Commercial Paper	6.1%	6.9%
GE Capital Treasury	7.5%	0.0%
American Honda Finance	7.3%	0.0%

Summary of Carrying Values

The carrying values of deposits and investments shown previously are included in the balance sheets as follows:

	2017	2016		
Carrying value				
Deposits	\$ 184,908	\$ 214,141		
Investments	410,096	 361,679		
	\$ 595,004	\$ 575,820		
Included in the following balance sheet captions				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 193,091	\$ 181,308		
Restricted cash	20,244	_		
Short-term investments	189,816	204,612		
Internally designated for self-insurance, current portion	195	145		
Noncurrent cash and investments	 191,658	 189,755		
	\$ 595,004	\$ 575,820		

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2017 and 2016

(In Thousands)

Investment Income

Investment income for the years ended September 30, consisted of:

	 2017	 2016
Interest and dividend income Net decrease in fair value of investments	\$ 7,116 (675)	\$ 4,594 (641)
	\$ 6,441	\$ 3,953

Note 6: Patient Accounts Receivable

The District grants credit without collateral to its patients, many of whom are area residents and are insured under third-party payer agreements. Patient accounts receivable at September 30, consisted of:

	 2017	2016
Medicare	\$ 18,662	\$ 16,559
Medicaid	18,492	17,768
Other third-party payers	38,748	30,126
Patients	 96,585	 92,821
	 172,487	 157,274
Less allowance for uncollectible accounts	 115,765	 107,429
	\$ 56,722	\$ 49,845

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2017 and 2016

(In Thousands)

Note 7: Capital Assets

Capital assets activity for the years ended September 30, were:

						2017				
		eginning Balance	Ad	lditions	Dis	posals		nsfers Other		Inding alance
Land and improvements	\$	51.556	\$	9,586	\$		\$	3	\$	64,145
Land and improvements	Э	54,556 249,843	Э	9,386 5,070	Э	-	Э	3 76	Þ	,
Buildings and improvements		249,843		3,070		-		70		254,989
Equipment		442,934		20,152		(22,727)		410		440,769
Construction in progress		362		2,029				(489)		1,902
		747,695		36,837		(22,727)		<u>-</u>		761,805
Less accumulated depreciation		476,811		38,716		(22,122)				493,405
Capital assets, net	\$	270,884	\$	(1,879)	\$	(605)	\$	_	\$	268,400

				2	2016				
	Beginning					nsfers	Ending		
	 Balance	A	dditions	Dis	posals	and	Other	В	alance
Land and improvements	\$ 54,510	\$	-	\$	-	\$	46	\$	54,556
Buildings and improvements	247,538		-		-		2,305		249,843
Equipment	430,640		17,512		(9,211)		3,993		442,934
Construction in progress	 2,025		4,681				(6,344)		362
	 734,713		22,193		(9,211)				747,695
Less accumulated									
depreciation	 445,667		39,715		(8,571)				476,811
Capital assets, net	\$ 289,046	\$	(17,522)	\$	(640)	\$		\$	270,884

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2017 and 2016

(In Thousands)

Note 8: Accounts Payable, Restricted Accounts Payable and Accrued Expenses

Accounts payable, restricted accounts payable and accrued expenses included in current liabilities at September 30, consisted of:

		2017	2016		
Payable to suppliers and contractors	\$	44,362	\$	34,480	
Payable to employees (including payroll taxes					
and benefits)		44,236		37,482	
Accrued interest		153		161	
Patient credit balances		2,323		2,649	
	44,236 153				
	\$	91,074	\$	74,772	

Note 9: Risk Management

Medical Malpractice and General Liability Risks

The District is self-insured for medical malpractice and general liability claims. The District's maximum liability for professional and general liability claims as a governmental unit under the *Tort Claims Act* is generally \$100,000 per individual and \$300,000 per occurrence.

Losses from asserted and unasserted claims identified under the District's incident reporting system are accrued based on estimates that incorporate the District's past experience, as well as other considerations, including the nature of each claim or incident and relevant trend factors. It is reasonably possible that the District's estimate of losses will change by a material amount in the near term.

Activity in the District's accrued medical malpractice claims liability during 2017 and 2016, is summarized as follows:

	2	017	2016		
Balance, beginning of year	\$	561	\$	590	
Current year claims incurred and changes in					
estimates for claims incurred in prior years		73		226	
Claims and expenses paid		(76)		(255)	
Balance, end of year	\$	558	\$	561	

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2017 and 2016

(In Thousands)

Employee Health Claims

Substantially all of the District's employees and their dependents are eligible to participate in the District's employee health insurance plan. Commercial stop-loss insurance coverage is purchased for claims in excess of \$500,000. A provision is accrued for self-insured employee health claims including both claims reported and claims incurred but not yet reported. The accrual is estimated based on consideration of prior claims experience, recently settled claims, frequency of claims and other economic and social factors. It is reasonably possible that the District's estimate will change by a material amount in the near term.

Activity in the District's accrued employee health claims liability during 2017 and 2016, is summarized as follows:

Balance, beginning of year Current year claims incurred and changes in estimates for claims incurred in prior years Claims and expenses paid		2016		
Balance, beginning of year	\$	4,040	\$	4,050
Current year claims incurred and changes in				
estimates for claims incurred in prior years		52,033		44,228
Claims and expenses paid		(51,522)		(44,238)
Balance, end of year	\$	4,551	\$	4,040

Workers' Compensation Claims

The District is self-insured for workers' compensation claims. A provision is accrued for self-insured worker's compensation claims including both claims reported and claims incurred but not yet reported. The accrual is estimated based on consideration of prior claims experience, recently settled claims, frequency of claims and other economic and social factors. It is reasonably possible that the District's estimate will change by a material amount in the near term.

Activity in the District's accrued workers' compensation claims liability during 2017 and 2016, is summarized as follows:

	 2017	2016		
Balance, beginning of year	\$ 2,189	\$	2,263	
Current year claims incurred and changes in estimates for claims incurred in prior years	1,782		1,870	
Claims and expenses paid	 (1,864)		(1,944)	
Balance, end of year	\$ 2,107	\$	2,189	

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2017 and 2016

(In Thousands)

Note 10: Long-term Debt

A summary of long-term debt is as follows:

	 2017	2016		
General obligation refunding bonds, Series 2016	\$ 20,835	\$	22,335	
Revenue bonds, Series 2012	 18,665		20,150	
	39,500	'	42,485	
Bond premium	 397		592	
	\$ 39,897	\$	43,077	

General Obligation Refunding Bonds - Series 2016

The Series 2016 general obligation refunding bonds consist of Tarrant County Hospital District Limited Tax Refunding Bonds, Series 2016 (Series 2016 Bonds) in the original amount of \$22,415 dated January 1, 2016, which bear interest at 2.24%. The Series 2016 Bonds are payable in annual installments of \$1,535 to \$1,955 through February 15, 2029. The Series 2016 Bonds are secured by ad valorem tax revenues. The proceeds from the Series 2016 Bonds were used to advance refund the Series 2006 Bonds.

Revenue Bonds - Series 2012

The Series 2012 revenue bonds consist of Tarrant County Hospital District Senior Lien Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2012 (Series 2012 Bonds) in the original amount of \$25,890 dated September 1, 2012, which bear interest at 3.0% to 5.0%. The Series 2012 Bonds are payable in annual installments of \$1,535 to \$2,205 through August 15, 2027. The Series 2012 Bonds are secured by revenues of the District, exclusive of ad valorem tax revenue. All of the Series 2012 Bonds still outstanding may be redeemed at the District's option on or after August 15, 2023, at par value plus accrued interest. The proceeds from the Series 2012 Bonds were used to advance refund the Series 2002 Bonds.

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2017 and 2016

(In Thousands)

The following is a summary of long-term debt transactions for the District for the years ended September 30:

					:	2017					
	Beginning Balance				Ad	ditions	Dec	ductions	Ending Balance		urrent ortion
Long-term debt											
General obligation refunding bonds, Series 2016	\$	22,335	\$	-	\$	1,500	\$	20,835	\$ 1,535		
Revenue bonds, Series 2012		20,150				1,485		18,665	 1,535		
Total long-term debt	\$	42,485	\$	-	\$	2,985	\$	39,500	\$ 3,070		
		alanina				2016		Ending	urrent		
		ginning alance	Ad	ditions	Dec	ductions		Ending alance	urrent ortion		
Long-term debt											
General obligation refunding bonds, Series 2016	\$	-	\$	22,415	\$	80	\$	22,335	\$ 1,500		
Revenue bonds, Series 2012		21,595		-		1,445		20,150	1,485		
Certificates of obligation, Series 2006		23,440				23,440			-		
Total long-term debt	\$	45,035	\$	22,415	\$	24,965	\$	42,485	\$ 2,985		

The debt service requirements as of September 30, 2017, are as follows:

Year Ending September 30, 2017	Principal		Interest		Total	
2018	\$	3,070	\$	1,192	\$	4,262
2019		3,140		1,111		4,251
2020		3,255		997		4,252
2021		3,375		878		4,253
2022		3,495		754		4,249
2023-2027		19,290		1,972		21,262
2028-2029		3,875		87		3,962
	\$	39,500	\$	6,991	\$	46,491

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2017 and 2016

(In Thousands)

Note 11: Restricted and Designated Net Position

At September 30, 2017 and 2016, \$1,698 and \$2,008, respectively, of net position were restricted by donors for capital and operating activities.

At September 30, 2017 and 2016, \$177,225 and \$175,401, respectively, of unrestricted net position has been designated by the Board for future operating needs and capital acquisitions. Designated assets remain under the control of the Board, which may, at its discretion, later use these assets for other purposes.

At September 30, 2017 and 2016, the District had \$315 of restricted nonexpendable net position which is a general endowment for the Foundation.

Note 12: Uncompensated Care

In support of its mission, the District voluntarily provides free care to patients who lack financial resources and are deemed to be medically indigent. The costs of charity care provided under the District's charity care policy were \$153,059 and \$141,344 for 2017 and 2016, respectively. The cost of charity care is estimated by applying the ratio of cost to gross charges to the gross charity care charges. The increase in uncompensated care cost in 2017 as compared to 2016 is primarily attributable to increases in volumes in 2017.

Note 13: Pension Plan

Plan Description

The District sponsors an agent multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan for eligible employees within a multiemployer retirement program sponsored for member hospitals by the Texas Hospital Association (THA). HealthShare/THA, a wholly owned subsidiary of THA, is the plan administrator of the pension plan. The Plan's assets are invested as a portion of the THA's master pension trust fund. The Plan provides retirement, death and disability benefits. Amendments to the plan are made only with the authority of the District's Board.

The Plan does not issue a stand-alone financial report. However, an annual actuarial valuation report is available from the District or HealthShare/THA. That report may be obtained by writing HealthShare/THA at 1108 Lavaca, Suite 700, Austin, Texas 78701.

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2017 and 2016

(In Thousands)

Benefits Provided

The Plan provides retirement, disability, and death benefits. Retirement benefits for eligible employees are calculated as 1.4% of the employee's final 5-year average compensation plus 0.7% of the employee's final 5-year average compensation, if any, that exceeds \$75,000, with the sum multiplied times the employee's years of service.

Participants with 5 years of participation service are eligible to retire at age 65. Participants may retire at any age after 55 if they have 10 years or vesting service. Unreduced Early Retirement is available at age 62 if they have 10 years of vesting service. Disability retirement benefits are determined in the same manner as retirement benefits but are payable immediately with an actuarial reduction. Death benefits are determined in the same manner as retirement benefits but are payable immediately with an actuarial reduction. An employee who leaves the employer's service may withdraw his or her contributions, plus any accumulated interest.

Effective October 1, 2006, participation in the pension plan became mandatory for full-time employees completing one-year of service on or after October 1, 2006. An amendment effective October 1, 2011, made plan participation voluntary for employees hired after that date.

The employees covered by the Plan at October 1, 2016 and 2015 (measurement date), are:

	2016	2015
Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	304	269
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet	30.	_0,
receiving benefits	1,150	1,020
Active employees	3,108	3,014
	4,562	4,303

Contributions

The District's Board has the sole authority to establish and amend the contribution requirements of the active employees. The District's contributions are based on an actuarially determined rate recommended by an independent actuary. The actuarial determined rate is the established amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The District is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of employees. For the District's fiscal year ended September 30, 2017, the average active employee contribution rate (for the period between the two most recent measurement dates) was 1.00% of annual pay, and the District's average contribution rate was 6.75% of annual payroll.

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2017 and 2016

(In Thousands)

The District's contribution is set to be 6.75% of participant payroll effective October 1, 2016, and will remain at that level as long as the amount thus determined is sufficient to pay the Employer Normal Cost and amortize the Unfunded Actuarial Liability (Net Pension Liability) over a period of not more than 25 years.

The employer contributions were 6.75% of estimated participant compensation for the year ended September 30, 2017. The costs of administering the plan are paid by the plan and are considered in the determination of the employer contribution rate.

Net Pension Liability

The District's net pension liability was measured as of October 1, 2016 and 2015, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

The total pension liability in the October 1, 2016, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.50%

Salary increases 5.0%, average, including inflation

Ad hoc cost of living adjustments Not included

Investment rate of return 7.25%, net of pension plan

investment expense, including inflations

Mortality rates were based on the Society of Actuaries RP-2014 Mortality Table, projected from the 2006 base year with Projection Scale MP-2016.

The actuarial assumptions used in the October 1, 2016, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period 2011-2016.

The long-term expected rate of return used in the October 1, 2016, valuation on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These components are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation (2.50%). In addition, the final 7.25% assumption reflected a reduction of 0.20% for adverse deviation.

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2017 and 2016

(In Thousands)

The total pension liability in the October 1, 2015, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 3.25%

Salary increases 5.0%, average, including inflation

Ad hoc cost of living adjustments Not included

Investment rate of return 7.25%, net of pension plan

investment expense, including inflations

Mortality rates were based on the Society of Actuaries RP-2014 Mortality Table, projected from the 2006 base year with Projection Scale MP-2015.

The actuarial assumptions used in the October 1, 2015, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period 2010-2015.

The long-term expected rate of return used in the October 1, 2015, valuation on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These components are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation (3.25%). In addition, the final 7.25% assumption reflected a reduction of 0.08% for adverse deviation.

The target allocation and expected arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	2016 Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return	2015 Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return		
Domestic equity	65%	6.1%	5.2%		
International equity	10%	5.5%	5.5%		
Fixed income	25%	1.7%	1.7%		
Total	100%	=			

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2017 and 2016

(In Thousands)

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.25% at October 1, 2016 and 2015. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the employee rate. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Changes in the total pension liability, plan fiduciary net position and the net pension liability are:

2017					
	Total Pension Liability (a)		•	Liab	Net Pension ility (Asset) (a) - (b)
\$	211,741	\$	189,128	\$	22,613
	12,028		-		12,028
	15,931		-		15,931
	1,522		-		1,522
	-		1,805		(1,805)
	-		13,579		(13,579)
	-		20,967		(20,967)
	(7,210)		(7,210)		-
	(496)		(496)		-
	(2,152)				(2,152)
	19,623		28,645		(9,022)
\$	231,364	\$	217,773	\$	13,591
	\$	Pension Liability (a) \$ 211,741 12,028 15,931 1,522 (7,210) (496) (2,152) 19,623	Pension Liability (a) \$ 211,741 \$ 12,028 15,931 1,522 (7,210) (496) (2,152) 19,623	Total Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b) \$ 211,741 \$ 189,128 12,028	Total Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b) \$ 211,741 \$ 189,128 \$ 12,028

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2017 and 2016

(In Thousands)

	2016					
	-	Total Pension Liability (a)		Plan iduciary t Position (b)	Liabi	Net Pension lity (Asset) (a) - (b)
Balances at September 30, 2015	\$	194,004	\$	184,459	\$	9,545
Changes for the year						
Service cost		12,181		-		12,181
Interest on total pension liability		14,805		-		14,805
Differences between expected						
and actual experience		1,720		-		1,720
Contributions - employee		-		1,641		(1,641)
Contributions - employer		-		12,313		(12,313)
Net investment loss		-		(2,629)		2,629
Benefit payments, including refunds						
of employee contributions		(6,069)		(6,069)		-
Administrative expenses		-		(587)		587
Assumption changes		(4,900)				(4,900)
Net changes		17,737		4,669		13,068
Balances at September 30, 2016	\$	211,741	\$	189,128	\$	22,613

The net pension liability of the District has been calculated using a discount rate of 7.25% at October 1, 2016 and 2015. The following presents the net pension liability using a discount rate 1% higher and 1% lower than the current rate as of September 30, 2017 and 2016.

	Current Discount						
		ecrease .25 %		Rate 7.25 %		Increase 8.25 %	
District's net pension liability (asset) as of September 30, 2017	\$	42,328	\$	13,591	\$	(10,199)	

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2017 and 2016

(In Thousands)

	Prior					
	1% Decrease 6.25 %		Discount Rate 7.25 %		1%Increase 8.25 %	
District's net pension liability						
as of September 30, 2016	\$	49,486	\$	22,613	\$	424

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended September 30, 2017 and 2016, the District recognized pension expense of \$13,213 and \$14,048, respectively. At September 30, 2017 and 2016, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Differences between expected and actual experience
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date
Changes of assumptions
Net difference between projected and
actual earnings on plan investments

	20	17		
	Deferred	•	Deferred	
(Outflows of		Inflows of	
ı	Resources	Resources		
		_		
\$	2,173	\$	291	
	14,443		-	
	2,699		4,489	
	913		-	
\$	20,228	\$	4,780	

Differences between expected and actual experience
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date
Changes of assumptions
Net difference between projected and
actual earnings on plan investments

	20	10		
D	eferred		Deferred	
Out	tflows of	Inflows of		
Re	sources		Resources	
\$	1,353	\$	433	
	13,579		-	
	4,016		3,855	
	8,581		-	
\$	27,529	\$	4,288	

2016

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2017 and 2016

(In Thousands)

At September 30, 2017 and 2016, the District reported \$14,443 and \$13,579, respectively, as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date that will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability at September 30, 2018 and 2017.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources at September 30, 2017, related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ending September 30	
2018	\$ 620
2019	620
2020	1,321
2021	 (1,556)
	\$ 1,005

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

As of October 1, 2016 and 2015, the master pension trust fund was comprised of the following:

	2016		2015	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	10,689	\$	2,822
Investments, at fair value	· ·		· ·	
Common stocks		84,819		75,508
Mutual funds		247,206		222,249
Common/collective trust funds		372,785		334,568
103-12 investment fund		35,094		28,283
Government securities		103		103
Total investments at fair value	\$	740,007	\$	660,711
Total Plan Fiduciary Net Pension	\$	750,696	\$	663,533

The Plan's interest in the master pension trust fund as of the measurement date of October 1, 2016 and 2015, was \$217,773 and \$189,128, respectively.

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2017 and 2016

(In Thousands)

Investment Policy – Investment policy decisions are established and maintained by the Trustees of the THA Retirement Plan for Member Hospitals. The Trustees have several asset mix alternatives from which participating employers may choose in order to control risk. The Trustees employ and select investment managers with the advice of investment counsel which is completely independent of the investment managers.

The primary goal of a pension fund is to help pay the cost of the pension plan while providing adequate security to meet the benefits promised under the plan. As a consequence, two important dimensions of a pension plan's investment program are expected return and expected risk.

The plan trustees diversify plan investments among asset classes, recognizing that there is a relationship between the level of risk assumed in an investment program and the level of return that should be expected. Appropriate diversification better enables the trust to balance risk and return. The asset mix selected by the District is set forth below:

Asset Class/Style	Target Asset Mix
-	
Large Cap U.S Equities	50%
Small Cap U.S. Equities	15%
International Equities	10%
Total Equities	75%
Intermediate fixed income	24%
Long duration fixed income	0%
Cash	1%
Total fixed income	25%

The Trustees maintain a portfolio structure that may combine active and passive management in order to balance the objectives of enhanced return and cost control.

Passive equity and fixed income portfolios invest in a substantially similar manner as that of the underlying benchmark.

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2017 and 2016

(In Thousands)

Active equity managers have the following requirements:

- The equity portion of the portfolio should not be less that 90 percent of the portfolio, measured at market value.
- Equity holdings in any one economic sector should not exceed the greatest of 25 percent of the portfolio or 10 percentage points above the sector weight in the benchmark.
- Equity holdings in any single company (including common stock and convertible securities) should not exceed 7 percent of the portfolio.

Active Fixed Income managers have the following requirements:

- The primary investments should be government, corporate and mortgage securities.
- Holdings in obligations of any single entity (with the exception of the U.S. government and/or its agencies) should not exceed 5 percent of the portfolio.

The common collective trust fund investment objective is to approximate as closely as practicable, before expenses, to the performance of the S&P 500 Index over the long term.

The 103-12 investment fund objective is to approximate as closely as practicable to the performance of the MSCI EAFE Index.

Investment Rate of Return – The annual money-weighted rate of return on pension plan investments, net of expenses, which expresses net investment performance adjusted for changing amounts actually invested each month was (10.9%) for the 12 months ended October 1, 2016.

Interest Rate Risk – The master trust's investments in U.S. agency obligations include fixed-rate notes with maturities up to 30 years. The longer the maturity of a fixed-rate obligation, the greater the impact a change in interest rates will have on its fair value. As interest rates increase, the fair value of the obligations decrease. Likewise, when interest rates decrease, the fair value of the obligations increase. The money market mutual funds are presented as an investment with a maturity of less than one-year because they are redeemable in full immediately.

Credit Risk – Credit risk is the risk that the issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. It is the Plan's policy to limit its holdings in obligations of any single entity, excluding U.S. government and its agencies, to 5% of the portfolio. The master trust's investments in debt securities of the U.S. agencies are rated Aaa by Moody's rating agency.

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2017 and 2016

(In Thousands)

Custodial Credit Risk – For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the Plan will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. All of the Plan's investments are held in trust accounts.

Concentration of Credit Risk – It is the Plan's policy to limit equity holdings in any one economic sector to the greater of 25% of the portfolio or 10% above the sector weight in the benchmark and limit equity holdings in any single company to 7% of the portfolio. Additionally, the Plan's policy limits holdings in fixed income obligations of any single entity, excluding U.S. government and its agencies, to 5% of the portfolio.

The following table reflects the Plan's investments in single issuers that represent more than 5% of total investments:

	2016	2015
State Street S&P 500 Index NL Fund	35.6%	36.7%
Vanguard Small Cap Index	14.4%	14.4%
State Street Aggregate Bond Index NL Fund	13.8%	13.8%
PIMCO Total Return	13.9%	14.9%

Following is a description of the valuation methodologies and inputs used for pension plan assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis, as well as the general classification of pension plan assets pursuant to the valuation hierarchy.

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2017 and 2016

(In Thousands)

The fair value of the pension plan assets at October 1, 2016 and 2015, were as follows:

			Fair Va	alue Mea	surement	s Using
	Carrying Amount		Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)		ificant her rvable outs vel 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)
October 1, 2016						
Investments by fair value level						
Common stocks	\$ 84,819	\$	84,819	\$	-	\$ -
Mutual funds	247,206		247,206		-	-
Government securities	 103				103	
Total investments by fair value level	 332,128	\$	332,025	\$	103	\$ -
Investments measured at the						
net asset value (NAV) (A)						
Common/collective trust fund	372,785					
103-12 investment fund	 35,094					
Total investments measured at the NAV	 407,879					
Total investments measured at fair value	\$ 740,007					
				alue Mea	surement	s Using
	Carrying Amount	Activ for	Fair Va Quoted rices in e Markets Identical Assets Level 1)	Sign Of Obse Inp	surements ificant ther rvable outs vel 2)	s Using Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)
October 1, 2015		Activ for	luoted rices in e Markets Identical Assets	Sign Of Obse Inp	ificant her rvable outs	Significant Unobservable Inputs
Investments by fair value level	 	Pi Activ for A (L	luoted rices in e Markets Identical Assets	Sign Of Obse Inp (Le	ificant her rvable outs	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)
Investments by fair value level Common stocks	75,508	Activ for	tuoted rices in e Markets Identical Assets Level 1)	Sign Of Obse Inp	ificant her rvable outs	Significant Unobservable Inputs
Investments by fair value level Common stocks Mutual funds	 75,508 222,249	Pi Activ for A (L	tuoted rices in e Markets Identical Assets .evel 1)	Sign Of Obse Inp (Le	ificant ther rvable buts vel 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)
Investments by fair value level Common stocks	 75,508	Pi Activ for A (L	tuoted rices in e Markets Identical Assets Level 1)	Sign Of Obse Inp (Le	ificant her rvable outs	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)
Investments by fair value level Common stocks Mutual funds	 75,508 222,249	Pi Activ for A (L	tuoted rices in e Markets Identical Assets Level 1)	Sign Of Obse Inp (Le	ificant ther rvable buts vel 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)
Investments by fair value level Common stocks Mutual funds Government securities Total investments by fair value level Investments measured at the	 75,508 222,249 103	Pr Activ for (L	tuoted rices in e Markets Identical Assets Level 1) 75,508 222,249	Sign Of Obse Inp (Le	ificant ther rvable buts vel 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)
Investments by fair value level Common stocks Mutual funds Government securities Total investments by fair value level Investments measured at the net asset value (NAV) (A)	 75,508 222,249 103 297,860	Pr Activ for (L	tuoted rices in e Markets Identical Assets Level 1) 75,508 222,249	Sign Of Obse Inp (Le	ificant ther rvable buts vel 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)
Investments by fair value level Common stocks Mutual funds Government securities Total investments by fair value level Investments measured at the net asset value (NAV) (A) Common/collective trust fund	 75,508 222,249 103 297,860	Pr Activ for (L	tuoted rices in e Markets Identical Assets Level 1) 75,508 222,249	Sign Of Obse Inp (Le	ificant ther rvable buts vel 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)
Investments by fair value level Common stocks Mutual funds Government securities Total investments by fair value level Investments measured at the net asset value (NAV) (A)	 75,508 222,249 103 297,860	Pr Activ for (L	tuoted rices in e Markets Identical Assets Level 1) 75,508 222,249	Sign Of Obse Inp (Le	ificant ther rvable buts vel 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)
Investments by fair value level Common stocks Mutual funds Government securities Total investments by fair value level Investments measured at the net asset value (NAV) (A) Common/collective trust fund	 75,508 222,249 103 297,860	Pr Activ for (L	tuoted rices in e Markets Identical Assets Level 1) 75,508 222,249	Sign Of Obse Inp (Le	ificant ther rvable buts vel 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2017 and 2016

(In Thousands)

(A) Certain investments that are measured at fair value using the net asset value per share (or its equivalent) practical expedient have not been classified in the fair value hierarchy. The fair value amounts included above are intended to permit reconciliation of the fair value hierarchy to the amounts disclosed for total plan investments at fair value.

Where quoted market prices are available in an active market, securities are classified within Level 1 of the valuation hierarchy. If quoted market prices are not available, then fair values are estimated by using quoted prices of securities with similar characteristics or independent asset pricing services and pricing models, the inputs of which are market-based or independently sourced market parameters, including, but not limited to, yield curves, interest rates, volatilities, prepayments, defaults, cumulative loss projections and cash flows. Such securities are classified in Level 2 of the valuation hierarchy. In certain cases where Level 1 or Level 2 inputs are not available, securities are classified within Level 3 of the hierarchy. The Plan did not hold any Level 3 securities at October 1, 2016 or 2015.

The valuation method for investments measured at the net asset value (NAV) per share (or its equivalent) are presented as above. There were no unfunded commitments or redemption restrictions for these funds.

Other Benefit Plans

The District has an IRC Section 401(a) plan that includes an employer match calculated as 50% of an employee's contribution to the IRC Section 403(b) plan discussed below, up to 4% of pay. The contributions for the employer match on the plan were approximately \$6,492 and \$4,314 for the years ended September 30, 2017 and 2016, respectively.

In addition, the District offers its employees a tax-deferred annuity plan created in accordance with IRC Section 457. The Plan, available to all District employees, permits them to defer a portion of their salary until future years. All amounts of compensation deferred under the Plan and income attributable to those amounts are solely the property of the employee. Thus, the Plan amounts are not reported in the accompanying financial statements.

The District also offers its employees a tax-deferred annuity plan created in accordance with IRC Section 403(b). The Plan, available to all District employees, permits them to defer a portion of their salary until future years. All amounts of compensation deferred under the Plan and income attributable to those amounts are solely the property of the employee. Thus, the Plan amounts are not reported in the financial statements. Employee contributions were \$13,198 and \$11,326 for the years ended September 30, 2017 and 2016, respectively.

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2017 and 2016

(In Thousands)

The District has a Governmental Excess Benefit Arrangement Plan for executives approved by the Board. This plan is to provide participants in the defined benefit plan that portion of the participant's benefits that would otherwise be payable under the terms of the defined benefit plan, except for the limitations on benefits imposed by Section 415(b) of the IRC. Contributions to this plan are included in noncurrent cash and investments and the plan liability is recorded in other long-term liabilities in the balance sheets. As of September 30, 2017 and 2016, \$974 and \$824, respectively, in contributions are included in noncurrent cash and investments and \$912 and \$877, respectively, was due under this plan. Approximately \$92 and \$478 of benefit expense was recognized in 2017 and 2016, respectively.

Note 14: Related Party Transactions

The District is party to an indigent care affiliation agreement with the Tarrant County Indigent Care Corporation (TCICC), a non-profit corporation comprised of affiliated Tarrant County hospitals. This agreement was intended to increase funding for the Medicaid population and to access federal funding for the indigent population of Tarrant County through the Texas Medicaid Supplemental Payment Program also known as the Private Upper Payment Limit Program (UPL). During 2012, funding through the UPL program was largely replaced with funding from the Waiver. This program allows for continued funding under the current TCICC agreement.

Under this program, the District contributes certain government funds to the state of Texas, limited to the amount allowed based on aggregate statewide funding caps. TCICC uses the funds received for medical direction and indigent care for services to the Tarrant County indigent care population provided at the District's facilities. Prior to this agreement, the medical direction and indigent care services were funded by the District.

Services provided by TCICC were valued at approximately \$48,552 and \$33,721 for the years ended September 30, 2017 and 2016, respectively. As part of the affiliation agreement, the District provided \$31,982 and \$25,549 in funding to the program for the years ended September 30, 2017 and 2016, respectively. The District recognizes revenue from contributed services equal to the difference in the value of the services provided by TCICC and the program funding provided by the District. Contributed services revenue was \$16,570 and \$8,171 for 2017 and 2016, respectively.

Should TCICC cease providing these services, the District has entered a standby agreement with physicians participating in this program under which the District would assume the payment obligations of TCICC. TCICC provided notice to cancel its agreement with the District effective October 1, 2017.

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2017 and 2016

(In Thousands)

Note 15: Disclosures About Fair Value of Assets and Liabilities

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. Fair value measurements must maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs. There is a hierarchy of three levels of inputs that may be used to measure fair value:

- Level 1 Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
- **Level 2** Observable inputs other than Level 1 prices, such as quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities; quoted prices in markets that are not active; or other inputs that are observable or can be corroborated by observable market data for substantially the full term of the assets or liabilities
- **Level 3** Unobservable inputs supported by little or no market activity and are significant to the fair value of the assets or liabilities

Recurring Measurements

The following table presents the fair value measurements of assets and liabilities recognized in the accompanying financial statements measured at fair value on a recurring basis and the level within the fair value hierarchy in which the fair value measurements fall at September 30:

		asurements	ements Using				
	arrying mount	Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)		Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)		Signif Unobse Inp (Lev	ervable uts
September 30, 2017							
Investments by fair value level							
U.S. Treasury obligations	\$ 29,993	\$	29,993	\$	-	\$	-
U.S. agency obligations	88,749		17,333		71,416		-
Investment pool	116,012		-		116,012		-
Municipal bonds	5,506		-		5,506		-
Commercial paper	167,336		-		167,336		-
Money market mutual funds	974		974		-		-
Mutual funds	 400		400				
Total investments by fair value level	408,970	\$	48,700	\$	360,270	\$	
Investment pool carried at							
amortized cost	 1,126						
Total investments	\$ 410,096						

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2017 and 2016

(In Thousands)

			Fair Value Measurements Using								
	Carrying Amount		Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)		Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)		ficant ervable outs rel 3)				
September 30, 2016											
Investments by fair value level											
U.S. Treasury obligations	\$ 30,712	\$	30,712	\$	-	\$	-				
U.S. agency obligations	38,085		-		38,085		-				
Investment pool	104,610		-		104,610		-				
Municipal bonds	5,564		-		5,564		-				
Commercial paper	180,391		-		180,391		-				
Money market mutual funds	824		824		-		-				
Mutual funds	 375		375								
Total investments by fair value level	360,561	\$	31,911	\$	328,650	\$					
Investment pool carried at											
amortized cost	 1,118										
Total investments	\$ 361,679										

Investments

Where quoted market prices are available in an active market, securities are classified within Level 1 of the valuation hierarchy. If quoted market prices are not available, then fair values are estimated by using quoted prices of securities with similar characteristics or independent asset pricing services and pricing models, the inputs of which are market-based or independently sourced market parameters, including, but not limited to, yield curves, interest rates, volatilities, prepayments, defaults, cumulative loss projections and cash flows. Such securities are classified in Level 2 of the valuation hierarchy. In certain cases where Level 1 or Level 2 inputs are not available, securities are classified within Level 3 of the hierarchy. The District held no Level 3 investments as of September 30, 2017 or 2016.

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2017 and 2016

(In Thousands)

Note 16: Condensed Combining Information

The following tables include condensed combining balance sheet information for the District and its blended component units as of September 30, 2017 and 2016:

	September 30, 2017									
		Hospital	Α	cclaim	Fou	ındation	Eliminations			Total
Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources										
Current assets	\$	521,922	\$	20,682	\$	1,213	\$	(9,720)	\$	534,097
Due from affiliates		32,233		2,433		36		(34,702)		-
Noncurrent cash and investments		189,709		-		1,949		-		191,658
Capital assets, net		268,387		12		1				268,400
Total assets		1,012,251		23,127		3,199		(44,422)		994,155
Deferred outflows of resources		20,228								20,228
Total assets and deferred outflows										
of resources	\$	1,032,479	\$	23,127	\$	3,199	\$	(44,422)	\$	1,014,383
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources an	d Net P	osition								
Current liabilities	\$	126,745	\$	9,840	\$	103	\$	(9,720)	\$	126,968
Due to affiliates		2,469		32,188		45		(34,702)		-
Estimated self-insurance costs		1,064		-		-		-		1,064
Long-term debt		36,827		-		-		-		36,827
Net pension liability		13,591		-		-		-		13,591
Other long-term liabilities		4,487		999						5,486
Total liabilities		185,183		43,027		148		(44,422)		183,936
Deferred inflows of resources Net Position		4,780								4,780
Net investment in capital assets		222,913		12		1		-		222,926
Restricted expendable		-		-		1,698		-		1,698
Restricted nonexpendable		-		-		315		-		315
Unrestricted		619,603		(19,912)		1,037		-		600,728
Total net position		842,516		(19,900)		3,051		-		825,667
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of	_									
resources and net position	\$	1,032,479	\$	23,127	\$	3,199	\$	(44,422)	\$	1,014,383

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2017 and 2016

(In Thousands)

	September 30, 2016									
	H	lospital	Α	cclaim	Fou	ındation	Elir	ninations		Total
Assets										
Current assets	\$	494,078	\$	7,204	\$	1,160	\$	(2,863)	\$	499,579
Due from affiliates		14,164		7,608		27		(21,799)		-
Noncurrent cash and investments		187,808		-		1,947		-		189,755
Capital assets, net		270,883		-		1		-		270,884
Other asses						195				195
Total assets		966,933		14,812		3,330		(24,662)		960,413
Deferred outflows of resources		27,529								27,529
Total assets and deferred outflows										
of resources	\$	994,462	\$	14,812	\$	3,330	\$	(24,662)	\$	987,942
Liabilities and Net Position										
Current liabilities	\$	84,492	\$	5,920	\$	17	\$	(2,863)	\$	87,566
Due to affiliates		7,635		14,086		78		(21,799)		-
Estimated self-insurance costs		1,550		-		-		-		1,550
Long-term debt		40,092		-		-		-		40,092
Net pension liabilities		22,613		-		-		-		22,613
Other long-term liabilities		2,239								2,239
Total liabilities		158,621		20,006		95		(24,662)		154,060
Deferred inflows of resources		4,288				_				4,288
Net Position										
Net investment in capital assets		227,823		-		1		-		227,824
Restricted expendable		-		-		2,008		-		2,008
Restricted nonexpendable		-		-		315		-		315
Unrestricted		603,730		(5,194)	-	911		-		599,447
Total net position		831,553		(5,194)		3,235				829,594
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and net position	\$	994,462	\$	14,812	\$	3,330	\$	(24,662)	\$	987,942

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2017 and 2016

(In Thousands)

The following tables include condensed combining statements of revenues, expenses and changes in net position information for the District and its blended component units for the years ended September 30, 2017 and 2016:

	September 30, 2017											
	Hospital	spital Acclaim		Foundation		Elir	minations		Total			
Operating revenues Operating expenses	\$ 555,947 918,881	\$	97,313 112,036	\$	151 3,153	\$	(45,810) (47,626)	\$	607,601 986,444			
Operating income (loss) Nonoperating revenues (expenses) Capital grants	(362,934) 373,797 100		(14,723) 17		(3,002) 2,818		1,816 (1,816)		(378,843) 374,816 100			
Increase (decrease) in net position	10,963		(14,706)		(184)		-		(3,927)			
Net position, beginning of year	831,553		(5,194)	_	3,235				829,594			
Net position, end of year	\$ 842,516	\$	(19,900)	\$	3,051	\$		\$	825,667			

	September 30, 2016									
	Hospital		Hospital JPSPG		Acclaim		Foundation		ninations	Total
Operating revenues Operating expenses	\$	571,852 879,287	<u> </u>	\$	18,591 23,789	\$	130 2,512	\$	(14,537) (16,283)	\$ 576,036 889,305
Operating income (loss) Nonoperating revenues (expenses) Capital grants Transfer of JPSPG net position		(307,435) 330,497 106 26,283	(26,283)		(5,198)		(2,382) 2,972 -		1,746 (1,746)	(313,269) 331,727 106
Increase (decrease) in net position		49,451	(26,283)		(5,194)		590		-	 18,564
Net position, beginning of year		782,102	26,283				2,645			811,030
Net position, end of year	\$	831,553	\$ -	\$	(5,194)	\$	3,235	\$		\$ 829,594

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2017 and 2016

(In Thousands)

The following tables include condensed combining statements of cash flows information for the District and its blended component units for the years ended September 30, 2017 and 2016:

		Hospital	Acclaim		Foundation		Eliminations		Total
Net cash provided by (used in)									
Operating activities	\$	(303,129)	\$	(1,217)	\$	53	\$	-	\$ (304,293)
Noncapital financing activities		349,462		-		-		-	349,462
Capital and related financing activities		(33,116)		(12)		-		-	(33,128)
Investing activities		19,883		17		63			 19,963
Increase in cash and cash equivalents		33,100		(1,212)		116		-	32,004
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year		179,167		1,212		2,501			 182,880
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$	212,267	\$		\$	2,617	\$		\$ 214,884

						Septemb	er 30, 2	2016					
		Hospital		Hospital		JPSPG	Acclaim		Foundation		Eliminations		Total
Net cash provided by (used in)													
Operating activities	\$	(229,314)	\$	-	\$	1,208	\$	194	\$	-	\$ (227,912)		
Noncapital financing activities		338,984		(19,675)		-		-		-	319,309		
Capital and related financing activities		(27,306)		-		-		-		-	(27,306)		
Investing activities		(88,166)				4		42			(88,120)		
Increase in cash and cash equivalents	·	(5,802)		(19,675)		1,212		236		-	(24,029)		
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year		184,969		19,675		-	_	2,265			 206,909		
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$	179,167	\$	-	\$	1,212	\$	2,501	\$	-	\$ 182,880		



Schedule of Changes in District's Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios Year Ending September 30,

(In Thousands)

Total pension liability Service cost \$ 12,028 \$ 12,181 \$ 11,556 Interest on total pension liability 15,931 14,805 12,953 Differences between expected and actual experience 1,522 1,720 (717) Changes of assumptions (2,152 (4,90) 6,659 Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions (7,210) (6,609) (7,021) Administrative expenses (496) - - - Net change in total pension liability—beginning 211,741 194,004 170,583 Total pension liability—ending (a) \$ 231,364 \$ 211,741 \$ 194,004 170,583 Total pension liability—ending (a) \$ 231,364 \$ 211,741 \$ 194,004 170,583 Total pension liability—ending (a) \$ 231,364 \$ 211,741 \$ 194,004 170,583 Total pension liability—ending (a) \$ 313,579 \$ 12,313 \$ 11,625 Contributions—employee \$ 1,805 1,641 1,574 Net investment income (loss) 2,0967 (2,629) 2,0134		 2017		2016		2015
Service cost \$ 12,028 \$ 12,181 \$ 11,556 Interest on total pension liability 15,931 14,805 12,953 Differences between expected and actual experience 1,522 1,720 (717) Changes of assumptions (2,152) (4,900) 6,650 Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions (7,210) (6,069) (7,021) Administrative expenses (496) Net change in total pension liability 19,623 17,737 23,421 Total pension liability—beginning 211,741 194,004 170,583 Total pension liability—ending (a) \$ 231,364 \$ 211,741 \$ 194,004 Plan fiduciary net position \$ 231,364 \$ 211,741 \$ 194,004 Contributions—employer \$ 13,579 \$ 12,313 \$ 11,625 Contributions—employee \$ 1,805 1,641 1,574 Net investment income (loss) 7(,210) 6,669 7(,021) Administrative expense 4,969 (587) 4,070 Net change in plan fiduciary net position—beg						
Interest on total pension liability	Total pension liability					
Differences between expected and actual experience		\$,	\$		\$	
Changes of assumptions (2,152) (4,900) 6,650 Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions (7,210) (6,069) (7,021) Administrative expenses (496) - - - Net change in total pension liability 19,623 17,737 23,421 Total pension liability—beginning 211,741 194,004 170,583 Total pension liability—ending (a) \$ 231,364 \$ 211,741 \$ 194,004 Plan fiduciary net position \$ 231,364 \$ 12,313 \$ 11,625 Contributions—employer 1,805 1,641 1,574 Net investment income (loss) 20,967 (2,629) 20,134 Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions (7,210) (6,069) (7,021) Administrative expense 4960 (587) 407 Net change in plan fiduciary net position—beginning 189,128 184,459 158,554 Plan fiduciary net position—ending (b) \$ 217,773 \$ 189,128 184,459	1	15,931		14,805		12,953
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions Administrative expenses (7,210) (6,069) (7,021) Net change in total pension liability 19,623 17,737 23,421 Total pension liability—beginning 211,741 194,004 170,583 Plan fiduciary net position \$ 231,364 211,741 \$ 194,004 Plan fiduciary net position \$ 13,579 \$ 12,313 \$ 11,625 Contributions—employee \$ 1,805 1,641 1,574 Net investment income (loss) 20,967 (2,629) 20,134 Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions (7,210) (6,069) (7,021) Administrative expense 4960 (587) 407 Net change in plan fiduciary net position—beginning 189,128 184,459 Plan fiduciary net position—ending (b) \$ 217,773 189,128 184,459	Differences between expected and actual experience	1,522		1,720		(717)
Administrative expenses (496) - - Net change in total pension liability 19,623 17,737 23,421 Total pension liability—beginning 211,741 194,004 170,583 Total pension liability—ending (a) \$ 231,364 \$ 211,741 \$ 194,004 Plan fiduciary net position \$ 13,579 \$ 12,313 \$ 11,625 Contributions—employee \$ 1,805 1,641 1,574 Net investment income (loss) 20,967 (2,629) 20,134 Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions (7,210) (6,069) (7,021) Administrative expense (496) (587) (407) Net change in plan fiduciary net position—beginning 189,128 184,459 158,554 Plan fiduciary net position—ending (b) \$ 217,773 189,128 184,459	Changes of assumptions	(2,152)		(4,900)		6,650
Net change in total pension liability 19,623 17,737 23,421 Total pension liability—beginning 211,741 194,004 170,583 Total pension liability—ending (a) \$ 231,364 \$ 211,741 \$ 194,004 Plan fiduciary net position \$ 13,579 \$ 12,313 \$ 11,625 Contributions—employee \$ 1,805 1,641 1,574 Net investment income (loss) 20,967 (2,629) 20,134 Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions 7(2,210) (6,069) (7,021) Administrative expense 4960 (587) 407) Net change in plan fiduciary net position—beginning 189,128 184,459 158,554 Plan fiduciary net position—ending (b) \$ 217,773 189,128 184,459	Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(7,210)		(6,069)		(7,021)
Total pension liability—beginning 211,741 194,004 170,583 Total pension liability—ending (a) \$ 231,364 \$ 211,741 \$ 194,004 Plan fiduciary net position \$ 231,364 \$ 211,741 \$ 194,004 Plan fiduciary net position \$ 13,579 \$ 12,313 \$ 11,625 Contributions—employee \$ 1,805 \$ 1,641 \$ 1,574 Net investment income (loss) \$ 20,967 \$ (2,629) \$ 20,134 Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions \$ (7,210) \$ (6,069) \$ (7,021) Administrative expense 4960 \$ (587) 407 Net change in plan fiduciary net position—beginning 28,645 4,669 25,905 Plan fiduciary net position—ending (b) \$ 217,773 189,128 184,459	Administrative expenses	(496)				
Total pension liability—ending (a) \$ 231,364 \$ 211,741 \$ 194,004 Plan fiduciary net position \$ 13,579 \$ 12,313 \$ 11,625 Contributions—employee 1,805 1,641 1,574 Net investment income (loss) 20,967 (2,629) 20,134 Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions (7,210) (6,069) (7,021) Administrative expense (496) (587) (407) Net change in plan fiduciary net position 28,645 4,669 25,905 Plan fiduciary net position—beginning 189,128 184,459 158,554 Plan fiduciary net position—ending (b) \$ 217,773 \$ 189,128 \$ 184,459	Net change in total pension liability	19,623		17,737		23,421
Plan fiduciary net position Contributions—employer \$ 13,579 \$ 12,313 \$ 11,625 Contributions—employee 1,805 1,641 1,574 Net investment income (loss) 20,967 (2,629) 20,134 Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions (7,210) (6,069) (7,021) Administrative expense (496) (587) (407) Net change in plan fiduciary net position 28,645 4,669 25,905 Plan fiduciary net position—beginning 189,128 184,459 158,554 Plan fiduciary net position—ending (b) \$ 217,773 \$ 189,128 \$ 184,459	Total pension liability—beginning	 211,741		194,004		170,583
Contributions—employer \$ 13,579 \$ 12,313 \$ 11,625 Contributions—employee 1,805 1,641 1,574 Net investment income (loss) 20,967 (2,629) 20,134 Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions (7,210) (6,069) (7,021) Administrative expense (496) (587) (407) Net change in plan fiduciary net position 28,645 4,669 25,905 Plan fiduciary net position—beginning 189,128 184,459 158,554 Plan fiduciary net position—ending (b) \$ 217,773 \$ 189,128 \$ 184,459	Total pension liability—ending (a)	\$ 231,364	\$	211,741	\$	194,004
Contributions—employer \$ 13,579 \$ 12,313 \$ 11,625 Contributions—employee 1,805 1,641 1,574 Net investment income (loss) 20,967 (2,629) 20,134 Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions (7,210) (6,069) (7,021) Administrative expense (496) (587) (407) Net change in plan fiduciary net position 28,645 4,669 25,905 Plan fiduciary net position—beginning 189,128 184,459 158,554 Plan fiduciary net position—ending (b) \$ 217,773 \$ 189,128 \$ 184,459	Plan fiduciary net position					
Net investment income (loss) 20,967 (2,629) 20,134 Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions (7,210) (6,069) (7,021) Administrative expense (496) (587) (407) Net change in plan fiduciary net position 28,645 4,669 25,905 Plan fiduciary net position—beginning 189,128 184,459 158,554 Plan fiduciary net position—ending (b) \$ 217,773 \$ 189,128 \$ 184,459	·	\$ 13,579	\$	12,313	\$	11,625
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions (7,210) (6,069) (7,021) Administrative expense (496) (587) (407) Net change in plan fiduciary net position 28,645 4,669 25,905 Plan fiduciary net position—beginning 189,128 184,459 158,554 Plan fiduciary net position—ending (b) \$ 217,773 \$ 189,128 \$ 184,459	Contributions—employee	1,805		1,641		1,574
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions (7,210) (6,069) (7,021) Administrative expense (496) (587) (407) Net change in plan fiduciary net position 28,645 4,669 25,905 Plan fiduciary net position—beginning 189,128 184,459 158,554 Plan fiduciary net position—ending (b) \$ 217,773 \$ 189,128 \$ 184,459	Net investment income (loss)	20,967		(2,629)		20,134
Administrative expense (496) (587) (407) Net change in plan fiduciary net position 28,645 4,669 25,905 Plan fiduciary net position—beginning 189,128 184,459 158,554 Plan fiduciary net position—ending (b) \$ 217,773 \$ 189,128 \$ 184,459	Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(7,210)				(7,021)
Plan fiduciary net position—beginning 189,128 184,459 158,554 Plan fiduciary net position—ending (b) \$ 217,773 \$ 189,128 \$ 184,459						` ' '
Plan fiduciary net position—ending (b) \$ 217,773 \$ 189,128 \$ 184,459	Net change in plan fiduciary net position	28,645		4,669		25,905
	Plan fiduciary net position—beginning	 189,128		184,459		158,554
District's net pension liability—ending (a) – (b) \$ 13,591 \$ 22,613 \$ 9,545	Plan fiduciary net position—ending (b)	\$ 217,773	\$	189,128	\$	184,459
	District's net pension liability—ending (a) – (b)	\$ 13,591	\$	22,613	\$	9,545
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability 94.13% 89.32% 95.08%	Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	94.13%		89.32%		95.08%
Covered-employee payroll \$ 201,170 \$ 182,418 \$ 178,847		\$	\$		\$	
District's net pension liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll 6.76% 12.40% 5.34%		,	-		•	

Notes to Schedule:

Changes of assumptions:

- 1) Mortality updated to RP-2014 projected from 2006 base year using MP-2016
- 2) IRC Sections 401(a)(17) and 415 Limitations adjusted future increases in limits from
- 3.75% to 2.50%

This schedule is presented as of October 1, which is the measurement date.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District will present information for those years for which information is available. All amounts are in thousands, unless otherwise indicated.

Schedule of District Contributions Year Ending September 30,

(In Thousands)

Year Ending September 30,	det	tuarially ermined tribution	Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution		Contribution deficiency (excess)		er	overed- nployee payroll	Contributions as a percentage of covered- employee payroll	
2017	\$	14,443	\$	14,443	\$	_	\$	213,963	6.75%	
2016	\$	13,579	\$	13,579	\$	-	\$	201,170	6.75%	
2015	\$	12,313	\$	12,313	\$	-	\$	182,418	6.75%	

Notes to Schedule:

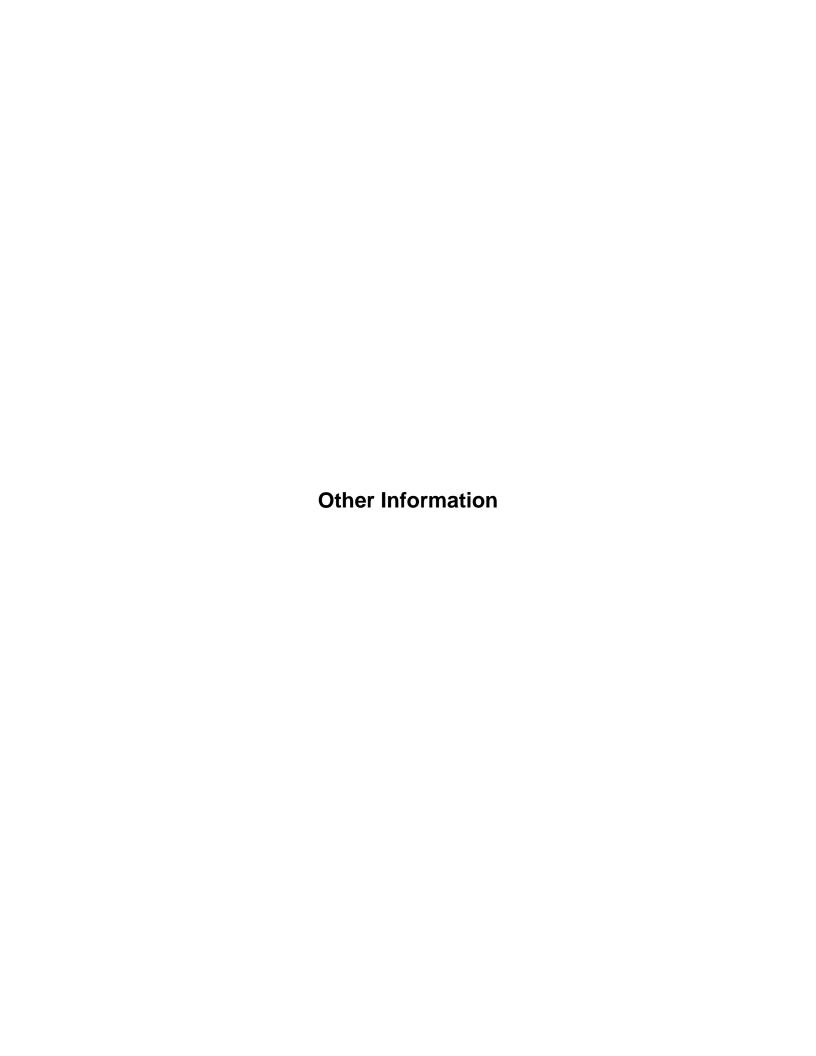
Valuation date: October 1, 2016

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of October 1, which is the most recent valuation date prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method	Entry age
Amortization method	Level percentage of payroll, open
Remaining amortization period	9 years at October 1, 2016; recalculated annually; employer contribution rate constant unless amortization period > 25 years or ≤ 0 years
Asset valuation method	5-year smoothed market
Inflation	2.50%
Salary increases	5.0%, average, including inflation
Investment rate of return	7.25%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation
Retirement age	60
Mortality	RP-2014 Total Employee Mortality Table, Projected from 2006 base year with Scale
	MP-2016 mortality improvement scale

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District will present information for those years for which information is available. All amounts are in thousands unless otherwise indicated.



Balance Sheet Information September 30, 2017

(In Thousands)

Assets and Deferred Outflow of Resources

	Hospital		Acclaim		Foundation		Eliminations		Total
Current Assets									
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	192,171	\$	-	\$	920	\$	-	\$ 193,091
Restricted cash		20,244		-		-		-	20,244
Short-term investments		189,816		-		-		-	189,816
Patient accounts receivable, net		50,820		8,119		-		(2,217)	56,722
Property taxes receivable, net		5,037		-		-		-	5,037
Supplemental Medicaid funding receivable		39,180		2,334		-		-	41,514
Internally designated for self-insurance, current portion		195		-		-		-	195
Supplies inventory		11,187		-		-		-	11,187
Prepaid expenses and other assets		13,272		10,229		293		(7,503)	 16,291
Total current assets		521,922		20,682		1,213		(9,720)	 534,097
Due from Affiliates		32,233		2,433		36		(34,702)	
Noncurrent Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments									
Internally designated for debt service		639		-		-		-	639
Internally designated for self-insurance		11,845		-		-		-	11,845
Restricted by donors for capital acquisitions and									
specific operating activities		-		-		1,949		-	1,949
Internally designated for capital acquisitions and									
operating activities		177,225		-					 177,225
Total noncurrent cash, cash equivalents									
and investments		189,709		-		1,949			 191,658
Capital Assets, Net		268,387		12		1			 268,400
Total assets		1,012,251		23,127		3,199		(44,422)	994,155
Deferred Outflows of Resources		20,228							 20,228
Total assets and deferred									
outflows of resources	\$	1,032,479	\$	23,127	\$	3,199	\$	(44,422)	\$ 1,014,383
	$\widetilde{-}$,,,		,. <u>_</u> ,	_	-,-//		(, .==)	 .,,

Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position

and Net Position	Hospital	Acclaim	Foundation	Eliminations	Total	
Current Liabilities						
Accounts payable	\$ 54,192	\$ 2,110	\$ 103	\$ (9,720)	\$ 46,685	
Intergovernmental transfer obligation	20,244	_	-	-	20,244	
Accrued expenses	36,824	7,565	-	-	44,389	
Due to third-party payers	6,428	-	-	-	6,428	
Current portion of self-insurance costs	5,987	165	=	-	6,152	
Current maturities of long-term debt	3,070				3,070	
Total current liabilities	126,745	9,840	103	(9,720)	126,968	
Due to Affiliates	2,469	32,188	45	(34,702)	-	
Estimated Self-insurance Costs	1,064	-	-	-	1,064	
Long-term Debt	36,827	-	-	-	36,827	
Net Pension Liability	13,591	-	-	-	13,591	
Other Long-term Liabilities	4,487	999			5,486	
Total liabilities	185,183	43,027	148	(44,422)	183,936	
Deferred Inflows of Resources	4,780				4,780	
Net Position						
Net investment in capital assets	222,913	12	1	-	222,926	
Restricted expendable	-	-	1,698	-	1,698	
Restricted nonexpendable	-	-	315	-	315	
Unrestricted	619,603	(19,912)	1,037	-	600,728	
Total net position	842,516	(19,900)	3,051		825,667	
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and net position	\$ 1,032,479	\$ 23,127	\$ 3,199	\$ (44,422)	\$ 1,014,383	

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position Information Year Ended September 30, 2017

(In Thousands)

	Hospital		Acclaim	Foundation		Eliminations	Total	
Operating Revenues								
Net patient service revenue	\$ 356,8	34 \$	66,130	\$	-	\$ (26,590)	\$ 396,374	
Supplemental Medicaid funding	147,5		2,238		-	-	149,779	
Other operating revenue	51,5	72	28,945	1:	51	(19,220)	61,448	
Total operating revenues	555,9	47	97,313	1	51	(45,810)	607,601	
Operating Expenses								
Salaries and related expenses	472,1	94	90,018	8:	28	(1,464)	561,576	
Professional fees and purchased services	213,7	94	17,732	9:	21	(45,326)	187,121	
Supplies	153,4	77	1,264	2	70	-	155,011	
Depreciation and amortization	38,7	15	1		-	-	38,716	
Other	40,7	01	3,021	1,1	34	(836)	44,020	
Total operating expenses	918,8	81	112,036	3,1	53	(47,626)	986,444	
Operating Income (Loss)	(362,9	34)	(14,723)	(3,0	02)	1,816	(378,843)	
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)								
Property tax revenue	351,1	18	-		-	-	351,118	
Contributed services	16,5	70	-		-	-	16,570	
Contribution revenue	2	63	-	2,7	64	(1,816)	1,211	
Interest expense	(1,0	44)	-		-	-	(1,044)	
Investment return and other	6,8	90	17		54		6,961	
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	373,7	97	17	2,8	18	(1,816)	374,816	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenses								
Before Capital Grants and Gifts	10,8	63	(14,706)	(1	84)	-	(4,027)	
Capital Grants and Gifts	1	00	-		-	-	100	
Increase (Decrease) in Net Position	10,9	63	(14,706)	(1)	84)		(3,927)	
Net Position, Beginning of Year	831,5	53	(5,194)	3,2	35		829,594	
Net Position, End of Year	\$ 842,5	16 \$	(19,900)	\$ 3,0	51	\$ -	\$ 825,667	