Independent Auditor's Report and Financial Statements

September 30, 2023 and 2022

September 30, 2023 and 2022

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Independent Auditor's Report

Board of Managers Tarrant County Hospital District d/b/a JPS Health Network Fort Worth, Texas

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of the Tarrant County Hospital District d/b/a JPS Health Network (District), a component unit of Tarrant County, Texas, as of and for the years ended September 30, 2023 and 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the District, as of September 30, 2023 and 2022, and the changes in financial position and its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the "Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements" section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audits. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in *Note 1* to the financial statements, on October 1, 2022, the District adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 96, *Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements (SBITAs)*. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for 12 months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.



Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due
 to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such
 procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and
 disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
 opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is
 expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and pension information be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The balance sheet combining schedule and statements of revenues, expenses and changes in net position combining schedule as listed in the table of contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied by us in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion on it or provide any assurance on it.

FORVIS, LLP

Dallas, Texas December 14, 2023

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) Years Ended September 30, 2023 and 2022

(In Thousands)

Introduction

This management's discussion and analysis of the financial performance of Tarrant County Hospital District d/b/a JPS Health Network (District) provides an overview of the District's financial activities for the years ended September 30, 2023 and 2022. It should be read in conjunction with the accompanying financial statements of the District. Unless otherwise indicated, amounts are in thousands.

The 2021 balances included in this management discussion and analysis have not been restated to reflect the adoption of GASB Statement No. 96, *Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements (SBITAs)*, that was adopted by the District on October 1, 2022 and presented retrospectively to October 1, 2021.

Financial Highlights

- Cash (excluding restricted cash), short-term investments, and other noncurrent investments increased in 2023 by \$676,621, or 55.6 percent, and increased in 2022 by \$144,522, or 13.5 percent.
- The District's net position increased in 2023 by \$252,239, or 16.9 percent, and increased in 2022 by \$112,616, or 8.2 percent.
- The District reported operating losses in both 2023 (\$379,868) and 2022 (\$399,018). The loss in 2023 decreased by \$19,150, or 4.8 percent, as compared to the operating loss reported in 2022. The loss in 2022 increased by \$154,231, or 63.0 percent, as compared to the operating loss reported in 2021.
- Net nonoperating revenues increased by \$120,372, or 23.5 percent, in 2023 compared to 2022 and decreased by \$60,485, or 10.6 percent, in 2022 compared to 2021.

Using This Annual Report

The District's financial statements consist of three statements—a balance sheet; a statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position; and a statement of cash flows. These statements provide information about the activities of the District, including resources held by the District but restricted for specific purposes by creditors, contributors, grantors or enabling legislation. The District is accounted for as a business-type activity and presents its financial statements using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)
Years Ended September 30, 2023 and 2022

(In Thousands)

The Balance Sheet and Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position

One of the most important questions asked about any hospital's finances is "Is the hospital as a whole better or worse off as a result of the year's activities?" The balance sheet and the statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position report information about the District's resources and its activities in a way that helps answer this question. These statements include all restricted and unrestricted assets, all liabilities, and all deferred inflows and outflows of resources using the accrual basis of accounting. Using the accrual basis of accounting means that all of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the District's net position and changes in it. The District's total net position—the difference between assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows and outflows of resources—is one measure of the District's financial health or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position are an indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. Other nonfinancial factors, such as changes in the District's patient base, changes in legislation and regulations, measures of the quantity and quality of services provided to its patients, and local economic factors should also be considered to assess the overall financial health of the District.

The Statement of Cash Flows

The statement of cash flows reports cash receipts, cash payments and net changes in cash and cash equivalents resulting from four defined types of activities. It provides answers to such questions as: "Where did cash come from?" "What was cash used for?" and "What was the change in cash and cash equivalents during the reporting period?"

The District's Net Position

The District's net position is the difference between its assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows and outflows of resources reported in the balance sheets. The District's net position increased by \$252,239, or 16.9 percent, in 2023 over 2022 and increased \$112,616, or 8.2 percent, in 2022 over 2021, as shown in *Table 1*.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) Years Ended September 30, 2023 and 2022

Table 1: Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position

	2023	(As Restated)	2021	
Assets				
Cash, cash equivalents and short-term investments	\$ 920,165	\$ 998,473	\$ 967,874	
Patient accounts receivable, net	87,587	67,835	76,724	
Other current assets	156,911	157,046	196,616	
Capital assets, net	255,008	233,153	243,611	
Net pension asset	-	26,266	-	
Other noncurrent assets	1,112,305	274,321	248,158	
Total assets	2,531,976	1,757,094	1,732,983	
Deferred Outflows of Resources	78,406	34,982	38,522	
Total assets and deferred				
outflows of resources	\$ 2,610,382	\$ 1,792,076	\$ 1,771,505	
Liabilities				
Long-term debt	\$ 472,174	\$ 24,738	\$ 29,931	
Net pension liability	60,337	-	23,946	
Other current and noncurrent liabilities	325,879	226,419	334,409	
Total liabilities	858,390	251,157	388,286	
Deferred Inflows of Resources	5,791	46,957	1,873	
Net Position				
Net investment in capital assets	211,057	209,367	211,807	
Restricted expendable	5,599	3,075	3,646	
Restricted nonexpendable	410	395	403	
Restricted for pension	-	26,266	-	
Unrestricted	1,529,135	1,254,859	1,165,490	
Total net position	1,746,201	1,493,962	1,381,346	
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of				
resources and net position	\$ 2,610,382	\$ 1,792,076	\$ 1,771,505	

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)
Years Ended September 30, 2023 and 2022

(In Thousands)

The most significant changes in the District's assets in 2023 are the increases in both current and noncurrent cash and investments. Cash and investments (excluding restricted cash) increased by \$676,621, or 55.6 percent, in 2023 due to the Series 2023 bond issue as further discussed in *Note 10*. Restricted cash, related to the District's role in the Local Provider Participation Fund (LPPF) discussed more fully in *Note 3*, increased by \$69,514, or 210.8 percent, due to the timing of required intergovernmental transfers associated with Medicaid supplemental payment programs as well as a decrease in cash from LPPF collections held in 2023. The supplemental Medicaid funding receivable decreased by \$7,429, or 7.7 percent, due to the timing of receipt of funding associated with these programs, which are discussed more fully in *Note 3*.

In addition, the District recognized a net pension liability of \$60,337 in 2023, as compared to a net pension asset of \$26,266 in 2022, due to negative plan asset performance in 2023 discussed more fully in *Note 15*.

Deferred outflows of resources increased \$43,424, or 124.1 percent, in 2023 as compared to 2022, primarily due to the return on pension plan assets, discussed more fully in *Note 15*.

The most significant change in the District's liabilities in 2023 is the Series 2023 bond issue resulting in an increased in long term debt of \$447,436 or 1808.7 percent from 2023 to 2022 which is discussed more fully in *Note 10*. In addition, the intergovernmental transfer obligation increased by \$69,531 or 210.5 percent related to the District's role in the LPPF. The increase is the result of the timing of intergovernmental transfers.

Deferred inflows of resources decreased \$41,166, or 87.7 percent, in 2023 as compared to 2022, primarily due to the return on pension plan assets, discussed more fully in *Note 15*.

As of September 30, 2023, the Board has designated \$626,234 of unrestricted net position for future capital acquisitions and operating needs.

The most significant changes in the District's assets in 2022 were the increases in both current and noncurrent cash and investments. Cash and investments (excluding restricted cash) increased by \$144,522, or 13.5 percent, in 2022. Restricted cash, related to the District's role in the LPPF, decreased by \$98,139, or 74.9 percent, due to the timing of required intergovernmental transfers associated with Medicaid supplemental payment programs as well as a decrease in cash from LPPF collections held in 2022. The supplemental Medicaid funding receivable decreased by \$44,590, or 31.5 percent, due to the timing of receipt of funding associated with these programs.

In addition, the District recognized a net pension asset of \$26,266 in 2022, as compared to a net pension liability of \$23,946 in 2021, due to positive plan asset performance in 2022.

The most significant change in the District's liabilities in 2022 is the decrease of the intergovernmental transfer obligation by \$98,129 related to the District's role in the LPPF. The decrease is the result of the timing of intergovernmental transfers. The District's liabilities were also impacted by the recoupment of \$37,225 of Medicare Advance Payments received in 2020.

Deferred inflows of resources increased \$45,084, or 2,407 percent, in 2022 as compared to 2021, primarily due to the return on pension plan assets.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)
Years Ended September 30, 2023 and 2022

(In Thousands)

As of September 30, 2022, the Board has designated \$232,519 of unrestricted net position for future capital acquisitions and operating needs.

Operating Results and Changes in the District's Net Position

In 2023, the District's change in net position was an increase of \$252,239, as shown in *Table 2*. This increase is made up of several components and represents an increase of \$139,623 compared with the increase in net position for 2022 of \$112,616. The District's change in net position changed from an increase of \$327,104 in 2021 to an increase of \$112,616 in 2022.

Table 2: Operating Results and Changes in Net Position

	2023	(As Restated)	2021		
Operating Revenues	•		_		
Net patient service revenue	\$ 743,278	\$ 639,967	\$ 635,685		
Supplemental Medicaid funding	251,997	229,605	251,763		
Other operating revenue	118,059	106,763	94,973		
Total operating revenues	1,113,334	976,335	982,421		
Operating Expenses					
Salaries and related expenses	904,479	830,418	713,282		
Purchased services and professional fees	212,133	198,362	199,303		
Supplies	276,281	241,055	215,652		
Depreciation and amortization	46,940	48,423	41,080		
Other operating expenses	53,369	57,095	57,891		
Total operating expenses	1,493,202	1,375,353	1,227,208		
Operating Loss	(379,868)	(399,018)	(244,787)		
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)					
Property taxes	574,072	513,773	479,150		
Provider Relief Fund revenue	-	2,019	87,429		
Investment return, interest expense and other	57,678	(4,414)	5,284		
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	631,750	511,378	571,863		
Income Before Capital Grants	251,882	112,360	327,076		
Capital Grants	357	256	28		
Increase in Net Position	\$ 252,239	\$ 112,616	\$ 327,104		

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) Years Ended September 30, 2023 and 2022

(In Thousands)

Operating Losses

The first component of the overall change in the District's net position is its operating income or loss—generally, the difference between net patient service revenue, supplemental Medicaid funding revenue and other operating revenues and the expenses incurred to perform those services. In each of the past three years, the District has reported an operating loss. This is consistent with the District's recent operating history as the District was formed and is operated primarily to serve lower income residents of Tarrant County. The District levies property taxes to provide sufficient resources to enable the facility to serve lower income and other residents.

The operating loss for 2023 decreased by \$19,150, or 4.8 percent, as compared to 2022. The primary components of the change are:

- An increase in net patient service revenue of \$103,311, or 16.1 percent
- An increase in supplemental Medicaid funding of \$22,392, or 9.8 percent
- An increase in other operating revenue of \$11,296, or 10.6 percent
- An increase in salary and related expenses of \$74,061, or 8.9 percent
- An increase in purchased services and professional fees of \$13,771, or 6.9 percent
- An increase in supplies expense of \$35,226, or 14.6 percent

The increase in net patient service revenue from 2023 is attributable to higher volumes and favorable payor mix changes in 2023 as compared to 2022.

The increase in supplemental Medicaid funding is primarily due to an increase in the Texas Medicaid Disproportionate Share Program (DSH Program) funding of \$16,070 from 2023 to 2022.

The increase in other operating revenue is related to an increase in drugs acquired through the Pharmacy Patient Assistance Program of \$5,194, or 9.4 percent, in 2023, which also has a corresponding increase in drug expense. In addition, the increase in other operating revenue is related to an increase in other payor incentive revenues received by Acclaim of \$3,522, in 2023.

The increase in salary and related expenses is due to overall increase in volumes and wage increases in 2023.

The increase in purchase services and professional fees is due to facility maintenance, contract services, software maintenance and consultation fees in 2023.

The increase in supplies expense is due to overall volume increases as noted through increases in net patient service revenue in 2023 in addition to increased cost of medical supplies and pharmaceuticals resulting from inflation.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) Years Ended September 30, 2023 and 2022

(In Thousands)

The operating loss for 2022 increased by \$154,231, or 63.0 percent, as compared to 2021. The primary components of the change are:

- An increase in net patient service revenue of \$4,282, or 0.7 percent
- A decrease in supplemental Medicaid funding of \$22,158, or 8.8 percent
- An increase in other operating revenue of \$11,790, or 12.4 percent
- An increase in salary and related expenses of \$117,136, or 16.4 percent
- An increase in supplies expense of \$25,403, or 11.8 percent
- An increase in other operating expenses of \$796, or 1.4 percent

The increase in net patient service revenue from 2021 is attributable to higher volumes but unfavorable reductions in reimbursement from Medicare and less relief from governmental programs associated with COVID-19, including the HRSA COVID-19 Uninsured Program.

The decrease in supplemental Medicaid funding is primarily due to a decrease in Delivery System Reform Incentive Payment (DSRIP) funding of \$46,567. See *Note 3* for further discussion on the end of the DSRIP programs and the creation of new Medicaid directed payment programs which partially offset reduced DSRIP funding in 2022.

The increase in other operating revenue is related to an increase in drugs acquired through the Pharmacy Patient Assistance Program of \$11,733, or 30.0 percent, in 2022. There is a corresponding increase in supplies expense.

The increase in salary and related expenses is due to wage increases resulting from the impact of minimum wage increases and increased contract labor required to meet staffing needs.

The increase in supplies expense and other operating expenses are related to increase in the cost of medical supplies and pharmaceuticals due to inflation and increased usage as well as an increase in outside physician services during 2022 as compared to 2021.

Nonoperating Revenues and Expenses

Nonoperating revenues and expenses consist primarily of property taxes levied by the District, contributions and investment income, and interest expense. Nonoperating revenues and expenses increased \$120,372, or 23.5, percent from 2022 to 2023 and decreased \$60,395, or 10.6, percent from 2021 to 2022.

The District did not increase tax rates in 2023 or 2022, but an increase in overall property values resulted in a net increase in property tax revenue of \$60,299, or 11.7 percent, from 2022 to 2023 and \$34,623, or 7.2 percent from 2021 to 2022.

Investment return increased \$75,312 or 1,600.3 percent in 2023 from 2022 due to positive investment performance and decreased \$8,945 or 211.0 percent from 2021 to 2022.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)
Years Ended September 30, 2023 and 2022

(In Thousands)

The District's Cash Flows

Changes in the District's cash flows are consistent with changes in operating losses and nonoperating revenues and expenses for 2023, 2022, and 2021, as discussed previously.

Capital, Lease and Subscription Assets and Debt Administration

Capital, Lease and Subscription Assets

At September 30, 2023, the District had \$255,008 invested in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, and \$13,724 of lease assets, net of accumulated amortization, and \$22,649 of subscription assets, net of accumulated amortization, as detailed in *Note 7* to the financial statements. In 2023, the District purchased new capital assets costing \$66,917, entered into new lease agreements with lease assets of \$6,624 and entered into new subscription agreements with subscription assets of \$20,541.

At September 30, 2022, the District had \$233,153 invested in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, \$10,779 of lease assets, net of accumulated amortization, and \$11,804 of subscription assets, net of accumulated amortization as detailed in *Note* 7 to the financial statements. In 2022, the District purchased new capital assets costing \$27,436, entered into new lease agreements with lease assets of \$2,947 and entered into new subscription agreements with subscription assets of \$7,320.

Debt

At September 30, 2023, the District had \$456,835 in revenue, general obligation refunding and limited tax bonds outstanding, \$14,421 in lease liabilities and \$18,491 in subscription liabilities. The District issued the Series 2023 limited tax bonds in 2023 of \$437,295 with a premium of \$16,408 for the purpose of providing funds for acquiring, constructing, improving, equipping or enlarging facilities of the hospital system.

At September 30, 2022, the District had \$24,837 in revenue and general obligation refunding bonds and notes payable outstanding, \$11,060 in lease liabilities and \$8,544 in subscription liabilities.

The District's formal debt issuances, revenue bonds, are subject to limitations imposed by state law. The District has a current Aa1 rating from Moody's, AA from Fitch, AAA from Kroll and an AA rating from Standard & Poor's on the revenue bonds.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) Years Ended September 30, 2023 and 2022

(In Thousands)

Other Economic Factors

The Tarrant County Commissioners Court set the property tax rate for fiscal year 2024 to \$0.194500 per \$100 valuation, which is lower than the property tax rate from fiscal year 2023 of \$0.224429 per \$100 valuation.

The Board and management continue to monitor and consider many factors that have direct or indirect impact on future operations. These include:

- The Medicaid Section 1115(a) demonstration project and new directed payment programs
 could have a material impact on the District's funding for providing uncompensated care and
 funding for improvements in the design of the health care delivery system and associated
 outcomes
- Tarrant County's population growth, as well as continued growth in the number of uninsured, working poor, and medically indigent
- Continued growth in medical and pharmaceutical costs, as well as advances in therapies
- Continued advances in health care medical equipment and computing technology
- Continued utilization of telehealth for the care of the District's patients

Significant Financial Practices

The District maintains several financial practices designed to maintain its credit-worthiness and to position the District to carry out its defined mission of providing health care to the residents of Tarrant County, as well as its fiduciary responsibility to the taxpayers of Tarrant County. Those practices are as follows:

Investments Internally Designated for Capital Acquisition and Operating Activities

The Board sets aside funds for both long-term stability and capital improvements.

Monthly Financial Reporting

The Board meets monthly and reviews the financial statements from the prior month. This information is presented to show actual monthly and year-to-date revenues and expenses compared to budget and the prior year. Management provides explanation for significant variances.

Operating Cash Capital Funding

The District has maintained the practice to fund routine capital items from excess operating cash. This has been done to minimize borrowing costs as well as maintain financial flexibility.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)
Years Ended September 30, 2023 and 2022

(In Thousands)

Budget Process

The operating and capital budgets are proposed by the District's management and endorsed by the Board. Final approval is obtained from the Court. The budget remains in effect for the entire fiscal year.

Continued Operational Improvement

The District routinely assesses operational areas for opportunities to increase cash flow.

Contacting the District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our readers with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. Questions about this report and requests for additional financial information should be directed to the District's Financial Offices at 1500 South Main Street, Fort Worth, Texas 76104.

Balance Sheets September 30, 2023 and 2022

Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources				2022	
		2023	(As Restated)		
Current Assets	<u> </u>				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	100,073	\$	115,247	
Restricted cash and cash equivalents		102,489		32,975	
Short-term investments		717,603		850,251	
Patient accounts receivable, net		87,587		67,835	
Property taxes receivable, net		3,454		2,582	
Supplemental Medicaid funding receivable		89,340		96,769	
Internally designated investments for					
self-insurance, current portion		150		200	
Amounts due from third-party payers		17,605		23,158	
Supplies inventory		16,149		15,738	
Prepaid expenses and other assets		30,213		18,599	
Total current assets		1,164,663		1,223,354	
Noncurrent Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments					
Internally designated for debt service		3,503		708	
Internally designated for self-insurance		12,930		12,603	
Restricted by donors for capital acquisitions and					
specific operating activities		2,688		2,800	
Internally designated for capital acquisitions and		,		,	
operating activities		626,234		232,519	
Held by trustee for capital acquisitions		427,474			
Noncurrent investments		2,449		2,155	
Total noncurrent cash, cash equivalents					
and investments		1,075,278		250,785	
Capital Assets, Net		255,008		233,153	
Lease Assets, Net		13,724		10,779	
Subscription Assets, Net		22,649		11,804	
Leases Receivable		654		953	
Net Pension Asset				26,266	
Total assets		2,531,976		1,757,094	
Deferred Outflows of Resources - Pension Related		78,406		34,982	
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$	2,610,382	\$	1,792,076	

Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position		2022
,	2023	(As Restated)
Current Liabilities		_
Accounts payable	\$ 73,711	\$ 79,415
Accrued expenses	101,430	74,167
Intergovernmental transfer obligation	102,555	33,024
Amounts due to third-party payers	300	300
Current portion of lease liabilities	3,238	2,621
Current portion of subscription liabilities	8,357	2,943
Current portion of self-insurance costs	7,585	6,459
Current maturities of long-term debt	10,400	5,297
Total current liabilities	307,576	204,226
Estimated Self-insurance Costs	2,060	2,099
Lease Liabilities, Noncurrent	11,183	8,439
Subscription Liabilities, Noncurrent	10,134	5,601
Long-term Debt	461,774	19,441
Net Pension Liability	60,337	<u>-</u>
	•	11 251
Other Long-term Liabilities	5,326	11,351
Total liabilities	858,390	251,157
Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Pension related	5,054	46,027
Leases	737	930
Total deferred inflows of resources	5,791	46,957
Net Position		
Net investment in capital assets	211,057	209,367
Restricted expendable	5,599	3,075
Restricted nonexpendable	410	395
Restricted for pension	-	26,266
Unrestricted (See Note 13)	1,529,135	1,254,859
Total net position	1,746,201	1,493,962
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources		
and net position	\$ 2,610,382	\$ 1,792,076

Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position Years Ended September 30, 2023 and 2022

		2022
	2023	(As Restated)
Operating Revenues		
Net patient service revenue, net of provision for		
uncollectible accounts; 2023 - \$138,973; 2022 - \$143,195	\$ 743,278	\$ 639,967
Supplemental Medicaid funding	251,997	229,605
Other operating revenue	118,059	106,763
Total operating revenues	1,113,334	976,335
Operating Expenses		
Salaries and related expenses	904,479	830,418
Professional fees and purchased services	212,133	198,362
Supplies	276,281	241,055
Depreciation and amortization	46,940	48,423
Other	53,369	57,095
Total operating expenses	1,493,202	1,375,353
Operating Loss	(379,868)	(399,018)
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)		
Property tax revenue	574,072	513,773
Provider Relief Fund revenue	-	2,019
Contribution revenue	1,902	1,389
Bond issue costs	(3,690)	-
Interest expense	(11,140)	(1,097)
Investment return and other	70,606	(4,706)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	631,750	511,378
Income Before Capital Grants and Gifts	251,882	112,360
Capital Grants and Gifts	357	256
Increase in Net Position	252,239	112,616
Net Position, Beginning of Year	1,493,962	1,381,346
Net Position, End of Year	\$ 1,746,201	\$ 1,493,962

Statements of Cash Flows Years Ended September 30, 2023 and 2022

	2023	2022 (As Restated)
Cash Flows from Operating Activities	. 	0.5.456
Receipts from and on behalf of patients	\$ 724,737	\$ 605,476
Receipts from supplemental Medicaid	265.402	275 212
funding programs	265,403	275,212
Gross receipts from Local Provider Participation Fund	441,960	257,209
Gross payments for Local Provider Participation Fund	(372,436)	(355,338)
Payments to suppliers and contractors	(538,685)	(480,509) (825,046)
Payments to employees	(885,978)	(825,046)
Other receipts, net	112,606	106,132
Net cash used in operating activities	(252,393)	(416,864)
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities		
Noncapital grants and gifts	1,902	1,389
Decrease in outstanding checks in excess of bank balance	(12,960)	-
Provider Relief Fund receipts	-	2,019
Property taxes supporting operations	571,248	510,087
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities	560,190	513,495
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities		
Proceeds from issuance of long-term debt	450,000	-
Principal payments made on long-term debt	(5,297)	(5,166)
Principal payments received on leases receivable	299	171
Principal payments made on leases payable	(3,308)	(3,830)
Principal payments made on subscription liabilities	(8,577)	(5,789)
Interest paid on long-term debt, leases payable		
and subscription liabilities	(9,477)	(1,140)
Property taxes supporting debt service	1,952	1,935
Capital grants and gifts	357	256
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	17,144	-
Purchase of subscription assets	(2,017)	(1,656)
Purchase of capital assets	(65,391)	(27,282)
Net cash provided by (used in) capital and		
related financing activities	375,685	(42,501)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities		
Purchase of investments	(1,617,836)	(1,397,141)
Proceeds from the sale and maturities of		
short-term investments	930,046	1,150,354
Interest income	57,988	8,631
Net cash used in investing activities	(629,802)	(238,156)
Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	53,680	(184,026)
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year	149,129	333,155
Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Year	\$ 202,809	\$ 149,129

Statements of Cash Flows (Continued) Years Ended September 30, 2023 and 2022

		2023	(As	2022 Restated)
Reconciliation of Cash and Cash Equivalents to the Balance Sheets Cash and cash equivalents Restricted cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents in noncurrent cash,	\$	100,073 102,489	\$	115,247 32,975
cash equivalents and investments		247		907
	\$	202,809	\$	149,129
Reconciliation of Operating Loss to				
Net Cash Used in Operating Activities	¢	(270.969)	¢.	(200.010)
Operating loss	\$	(379,868)	\$	(399,018)
Depreciation and amortization Loss (gain) on sale of fixed assets		46,940		48,423 187
Provision for uncollectible accounts		(4,636) 138,973		143,195
Changes in operating assets and liabilities		130,773		143,173
Patient accounts receivable		(158,725)		(134,306)
Supplemental Medicaid funding receivable		7,429		44,590
Estimated amounts due from and to third-party payers		6,010		(5,223)
Accounts payable and accrued expenses		28,899		(22,655)
Intergovernmental transfer obligation		69,524		(98,129)
Net pension liability (asset)		86,603		(50,212)
Deferred outflows of resources - pension		(43,424)		3,540
Deferred inflows of resources - leases		(193)		(194)
Deferred inflows of resources - pension		(40,973)		45,278
Other assets and liabilities		(8,952)		7,660
Net cash used in operating activities	\$	(252,393)	\$	(416,864)
Noncash Investing, Capital, and Financing Activities				
Capital asset acquisitions included in accounts payable	\$	2,712	\$	2,028
Credit received for trade in of capital assets	\$	120	\$	73
Lease obligations incurred for lease assets	\$	6,624	\$	2,947
Subscription liabilities incurred for subscription assets	\$	18,524	\$	5,664
Bond issue costs paid by escrow funds	\$	3,690	\$	-

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2023 and 2022

(In Thousands)

Note 1: Nature of Operations and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Nature of Operations and Reporting Entity

Tarrant County Hospital District d/b/a JPS Health Network (District) is a political subdivision of the state of Texas and operates a hospital, a psychiatric inpatient facility, ambulatory health centers, a psychiatric emergency center, an emergency department and a designated Level 1 trauma center, outpatient primary care and specialty clinics, and dental services at several locations. Additionally, it manages medical care services at the Tarrant County correctional system's five locations and serves the federal inmate population for specialty and inpatient care. The District is under the supervision of the Tarrant County Commissioners Court (Court) and is governed by an 11-member Board of Managers (Board) appointed by the Court. For this reason, the District is considered to be a component unit of Tarrant County, Texas (County) and is included as a discretely presented component unit in the basic financial statements of the County.

Acclaim Physician Group (Acclaim) began operations on May 1, 2016, primarily for the purpose of providing physician services to the District's patients. The District is the sole corporate member of Acclaim and has the authority to exercise significant control over the financial operations of Acclaim. As such, Acclaim is presented as a blended component unit of the District. Separate financial statements of Acclaim are shown in *Note 17*.

JPS Foundation (Foundation) was formed on August 4, 1997, solely to support and benefit scientific, educational, and charitable activities conducted by the District. The Foundation is a non-profit organization whose purpose is to perform services on behalf of the District, including organizing fundraising activities, providing patient assistance programs, participating in recruiting functions and conducting administrative services. Because the Foundation operates for the exclusive benefit of the District, it is also presented as a blended component unit of the District. Separate financial statements of the Foundation are shown in *Note 17*.

The District's financial statements include the activities as set forth above. All material intercompany accounts and transactions have been eliminated in the financial statements.

Basis of Accounting and Presentation

The accompanying financial statements of the District have been prepared on the accrual basis of accounting using the economic resources measurement focus. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows and outflows of resources from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange transaction takes place, while those from government-mandated nonexchange transactions (principally federal and state grants) are recognized when all applicable eligibility requirements are met.

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2023 and 2022

(In Thousands)

Operating revenues and expenses include exchange transactions and program-specific, government-mandated nonexchange transactions. Government-mandated nonexchange transactions that are not program specific, property taxes, investment income and interest on capital assets-related debt are included in nonoperating revenues and expenses. The District first applies restricted net position when an expense or outlay is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, deferred inflows and outflows of resources, and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues, and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The District considers all liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less to be cash equivalents. At September 30, 2023 and 2022, cash equivalents consisted primarily of money market accounts with brokers and state investment pools described more fully in *Note* 5.

Risk Management

The District is exposed to various risks of loss from torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; business interruption; errors and omissions; employee injuries and illnesses; natural disasters; medical malpractice; and employee health, dental and accident benefits. Commercial insurance coverage is purchased for claims arising from such matters other than medical malpractice, employee health and workers' compensation claims. Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the three preceding years.

The District is self-insured for a portion of its exposure to risk of loss from medical malpractice, employee health and workers' compensation claims. Annual estimated provisions are accrued for the self-insured portion of these risks and include an estimate of the ultimate costs for both reported claims and claims incurred but not yet reported.

Patient Accounts Receivable

The District reports patient accounts receivable for services rendered at net realizable amounts from third-party payers, patients and others. The District provides an allowance for uncollectible accounts based upon a review of outstanding receivables, historical collection information and existing economic conditions.

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2023 and 2022

(In Thousands)

Supplies

Supply inventories are stated at the lower of cost or market, determined using the average costing method.

Investments and Investment Income

Investments in U.S. Treasury, agency and instrumentality obligations with a remaining maturity of one-year or less at time of acquisition and in non-negotiable certificates of deposit are carried at amortized cost. Investments in external investment pools qualifying for amortized cost under GASB Statement No. 79, *Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants*, are carried at amortized cost per share and are included in cash equivalents in the accompanying balance sheets. All other investments are carried at fair value.

Investment income includes dividend and interest income, realized gains and losses on investments carried at other than fair value and the net change for the year in the fair value of investments carried at fair value.

Capital Assets

Capital assets are recorded at cost at the date of acquisition, or acquisition value at the date of donation if acquired by gift. Depreciation and amortization is computed using the straight-line method over the estimated useful life of each asset. The following estimated useful lives are being used by the District:

Land improvements	10 – 20 years
Buildings and improvements	10 – 40 years
Equipment	3 – 20 years
Computer software	3 years

Lease Assets

Lease assets are initially recorded at the initial measurement of the lease liability, plus lease payments made at or before the commencement of the lease term, less any lease incentives received from the lessor at or before the commencement of the lease, plus initial direct costs that are ancillary to place the asset into service. Lease assets are amortized on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the lease term or the useful life of the underlying asset.

Subscription Assets

Subscription assets are initially recorded at the initial measurement of the subscription liability, plus subscription payments made at or before the commencement of the subscription-based information technology arrangement (SBITA) term, less any SBITA vendor incentives received from the SBITA vendor at or before the commencement of the SBITA term, plus capitalizable initial implementation costs. Subscription assets are amortized on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the SBITA term or the useful life of the underlying IT asset.

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2023 and 2022

(In Thousands)

Capital, Lease, and Subscription Asset Impairment

The District evaluates capital, lease and subscription assets for impairment whenever events or circumstances indicate a significant, unexpected decline in the service utility of a capital, lease or subscription asset has occurred. No asset impairment was recognized during the years ended September 30, 2023 and 2022.

Compensated Absences

District policies permit most employees to accumulate vacation and sick leave benefits that may be realized as paid time off or, in limited circumstances, as a cash payment. Expense and the related liability are recognized as benefits are earned whether the employee is expected to realize the benefit as time off or in cash. Compensated absence liabilities are computed using the regular pay and termination pay rates in effect at the balance sheet date, plus an additional amount for compensation-related payments such as social security and Medicare taxes computed using rates in effect at that date.

Defined Benefit Pension Plan

The District sponsors an agent defined benefit pension plan (Plan) as more fully described in *Note* 15. For purposes of measuring the net pension (asset) liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Plan and additions to and deductions from the Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

The District reports an acquisition of net position that is applicable to a future reporting period as deferred inflows of resources in a separate section of its balance sheet.

The District reports the consumption of net position that is applicable to a future reporting period as deferred outflows of resources in a separate section of its balance sheet.

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2023 and 2022

(In Thousands)

Net Position

Net position of the District is classified in five components on its balance sheets.

- Net investment in capital assets consists of capital, lease and subscription assets net of
 accumulated depreciation and amortization and reduced by the outstanding balances of
 borrowings, lease and subscription liabilities used to finance the purchase, use or
 construction of those assets.
- Restricted expendable net position is made up of noncapital assets that must be used for a
 particular purpose, as specified by creditors, grantors or donors external to the District,
 including amounts deposited with trustees as required by bond indentures, reduced by the
 outstanding balances of any related borrowings.
- Restricted nonexpendable net position consists of noncapital assets that are required to be maintained in perpetuity as specified by parties external to the District, such as permanent endowments.
- Restricted for pension represents assets restricted for benefits to participants in the defined benefit pension plan.
- Unrestricted net position is the remaining net position that does not meet the definition of net investment in capital assets or restricted net position.

Net Patient Service Revenue

The District has agreements with third-party payers that provide for payments to the District at amounts different from its established charges. Net patient service revenue is reported at the estimated net realizable amounts from patients, third-party payers and others for services rendered and includes estimated retroactive revenue adjustments, and a provision for uncollectible accounts. Retroactive adjustments are considered in the recognition of revenue on an estimated basis in the period the related services are rendered, and such estimated amounts are revised in future periods as adjustments become known.

Tobacco Settlement Revenue

The District receives revenue that is the result of a settlement between various counties and hospital districts in Texas and the tobacco industry for tobacco-related health care costs. The District received approximately \$10,638 and \$9,686 in revenue from this settlement for the years ended September 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively. This revenue is recognized as a component of other operating revenue in the accompanying statements of revenues, expenses and changes in net position.

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2023 and 2022

(In Thousands)

Charity Care

The District provides care without payment or at amounts less than its established charges to patients meeting certain criteria under its charity care policy. Because the District does not pursue collection of amounts determined to qualify as charity care, these amounts are not reported as net patient service revenue.

Income Taxes

As an essential government function of the County, the District is generally exempt from federal and state income taxes under Section 115 of the Internal Revenue Code (IRC) and a similar provision of state law. The District, the Foundation, and Acclaim also carry an exemption from income taxes under IRC Section 501(c)(3). The District, the Foundation, and Acclaim are all subject to federal income tax on any unrelated business taxable income.

Change in Accounting Principle

On October 1, 2022, the District adopted GASB Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements (SBITAs), using a retrospective method of adoption to all contracts in place and not yet completed at the beginning of the earliest period presented. The statement requires the District to recognize a subscription liability, measured at the present value of payments expected to be made during the contract term, and an intangible subscription asset. The 2022 financial statements and disclosures were restated to reflect the impact of this adoption.

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2023 and 2022

(In Thousands)

The effect of the changes made to the accompanying balance sheet, statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position, and statement of cash flows as of and for the year ended September 30, 2022 are as follows:

		2022				
	(As Previously Reported)		Effect		2022	
			of A	Adoption	(As Restated)	
Balance Sheet						
Prepaid expenses and other assets	\$	21,859	\$	(3,260)	\$	18,599
Total current assets	\$	1,226,614	\$	(3,260)	\$	1,223,354
Subscription assets, net	\$	1,220,014	\$	11,804	\$	11,804
Total assets	\$	1,748,550	\$	8,544	\$	1,757,094
Total assets Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$	1,783,532	\$	8,544	\$	1,792,076
Current portion of subscription liabilities	\$	1,765,552	\$	2,943	\$	2,943
Total current liabilities	\$	201,283	\$	2,943	\$	2,943
Subscription liabilities, noncurrent	\$	201,263	\$	5,601	\$	5,601
Total liabilities	\$	242,613	\$	8,544	\$	251,157
	\$	206,107	\$	3,260	\$	209,367
Net position - net investment in capital assets Net position - unrestricted	\$ \$	1,258,119	\$	(3,260)	\$	1,254,859
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and net position	\$ \$	1,783,532	\$	8,544	\$	1,792,076
Total Habilities, deferred lilliows of resources and het position	Ф	1,765,552	Φ	0,344	Φ	1,792,070
Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position						
Professional fees and purchased services	\$	205,057	\$	(6,695)	\$	198,362
Depreciation and amortization	\$	41,818	\$	6,605	\$	48,423
Total operating expenses	\$	1,375,443	\$	(90)	\$	1,375,353
Operating loss	\$	(399,108)	\$	90	\$	(399,018)
Interest expense	\$	(1,007)	\$	(90)	\$	(1,097)
Total nonoperating revenue (expense)	\$	511,468	\$	(90)	\$	511,378
Statement of Cash Flows						
Payments to suppliers and contractors	\$	(488,044)	\$	7,535	\$	(480,509)
Net cash used in operating activities	\$	(424,399)	\$	7,535	\$	(416,864)
Principal payments made on subscription liabilities	\$	(.2.,5)	\$	(5,789)	\$	(5,789)
Interest paid on long-term debt, leases payable	Ψ		Ψ	(2,,05)	Ψ	(5,757)
and subscription liabilities	\$	(1,050)	\$	(90)	\$	(1,140)
Purchase of subscription assets	\$	(1,050)	\$	(1,656)	\$	(1,656)
Net cash used in capital and related financing activities	\$	(34,966)	\$	(7,535)	\$	(42,501)
Reconciliation of Operating Loss to						
Net Cash Used in Operating Activities						
Operating loss	\$	(399,108)	\$	90	\$	(399,018)
Depreciation and amortization	\$	41,818	\$	6,605	\$	48,423
Other assets and liabilities	\$	6,820	\$	840	\$	7,660
Net cash used in operating activities	\$	(424,399)	\$	7,535	\$	(416,864)
sou m operating and miles	Ψ	(= 1,577)	Ψ	,,555	Ψ	(110,001)
Noncash Investing, Capital, and Financing Activities						
Subscription liabilities incurred for subscription assets	\$	-	\$	5,664	\$	5,664

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2023 and 2022

(In Thousands)

Note 2: Net Patient Service Revenue

The District has agreements with third-party payers that provide for payments to the District at amounts different from its established charges. These payment arrangements include:

Medicare. Inpatient acute care services and substantially all outpatient services rendered to Medicare program beneficiaries are paid at prospectively determined rates. These rates vary according to a patient classification system that is based on clinical, diagnostic and other factors. Certain inpatient nonacute services and defined medical education costs are paid on a cost-reimbursement methodology. The District is reimbursed for certain services at tentative rates with final settlement determined after submission of annual cost reports by the District and audits thereof by the Medicare administrative contractor. The District's Medicare cost reports have been audited by the Medicare administrative contractor through September 30, 2019.

Medicaid. Inpatient services rendered to Medicaid program beneficiaries are reimbursed under a prospective payment system. Inpatient reimbursement is inclusive of an add-on for trauma care that is based on the Medicaid Standards Dollar Amount. Outpatient and physician services are reimbursed under a mixture of fee schedules and cost reimbursement. The District is reimbursed for cost reimbursable services at tentative rates with final settlement determined after submission of annual cost reports by the District and audits thereof by the Medicaid administrative contractor.

Approximately 66 percent and 72 percent of net patient service revenue is from participation in the Medicare and state-sponsored Medicaid programs for the years ended September 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively. Settlements under reimbursement agreements with Medicare and Medicaid programs are estimated and recorded in the period the related services are rendered and are adjusted in future periods as adjustments become known or as the service years are no longer subject to audit, review or investigation. Annual cost reports required under the Medicare and Medicaid programs are subject to routine audits, which may result in adjustments to the amounts ultimately determined to be due under the reimbursement programs. These audits often require several years to reach their financial determination of amounts earned under the programs. As a result, it is reasonably possible that recorded estimates potentially could change materially in the near term.

The District has also entered into payment agreements with certain commercial insurance carriers, health maintenance organizations, and preferred provider organizations. The basis for payment to the District under these agreements includes prospectively determined rates per discharge, discounts from established charges and prospectively determined daily rates.

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2023 and 2022

(In Thousands)

Note 3: Supplemental Medicaid Funding Revenue

In response to the growing number of uninsured patients and the rising cost of health care, the Texas Legislature established a Texas Medicaid Disproportionate Share Program (DSH Program) that was designated to assist those facilities serving the majority of the indigent patients by providing funds supporting increased access to health care within the community. This program allows the Texas Department of Human Services to levy assessments from certain hospitals, use the assessed funds to obtain federal matching funds, and then redistribute the total funds to those facilities serving a disproportionate share of indigent patients in the state of Texas.

On December 12, 2011, the United States Department of Health and Human Services (HHSC) approved a new Medicaid section 1115(a) demonstration entitled "Texas Health Transformation and Quality Improvement Program" (Waiver). The Waiver expanded existing Medicaid managed care programs and established two funding pools that assists providers with uncompensated care costs (UC Pool) and promotes health system transformation (DSRIP Pool).

The Waiver was originally effective from December 12, 2011 to September 30, 2016 and extended through December 2017 as HHSC and the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS) negotiated a longer-term extension. On December 21, 2017, HHSC received an approved extension from CMS for the period of January 1, 2018 through September 30, 2022. Among other changes, the approved plan required a change in the methodology used to allocate UC funds and a phase out of the DSRIP program over the five-year period.

On April 22, 2022, CMS approved an extension of the Waiver through September 30, 2030. The extension provides for the continuation of the UC Pool and an expansion of directed payment programs, which transitions participating hospitals away from the DSRIP program which ended on September 30, 2021. One of the new directed payment programs is the Comprehensive Hospital Increased Reimbursement Program (CHIRP), which replaces the existing Uniform Hospital Rate Increase Program (UHRIP), which the District has participated since 2017. Under UHRIP, HHSC directed managed care organizations in a service delivery area to provide a uniform percentage rate increase to all hospitals within a particular class of hospitals. CHIRP also provides for rate increases similar to UHRIP but also provides for a rate enhancement above the UHRIP rate, based upon a percentage of estimated average commercial reimbursement. Participating hospitals may opt into this second component. The UHRIP program ended on August 31, 2021 and the CHIRP program began on September 1, 2021. CHIRP will require annual approval by CMS and has been approved through August 31, 2024. Revenue from CHIRP is recognized as a component of net patient service revenue.

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2023 and 2022

(In Thousands)

The District also receives supplemental payments through the Medicaid Graduate Medical Education (GME) program. The GME program provides reimbursement to support teaching hospitals that operate approved medical residency training programs in recognition of the higher costs incurred by teaching hospitals.

In 2022, the District began participating in the Hospital Augmented Reimbursement Program (HARP). HARP is a statewide supplemental program that provides Medicaid payments to hospitals for inpatient and outpatient services that serve Texas Medicaid fee-for-service patients. The program serves as a financial transition for providers historically participating in the DSRIP program and provides additional funding to hospitals to assist in offsetting the cost hospitals incur while providing Medicaid services.

Supplemental Medicaid funding revenue from each program in 2023 and 2022 was:

	2023			2022
DSH Program	\$	61,927	\$	45,857
UC Pool		138,552		129,601
DSRIP Pool		-		11,588
GME Program		6,693		3,689
HARP Program		44,825		38,870
	\$	251,997	\$	229,605

The programs described above are subject to review and scrutiny by both the Texas Legislature and the CMS, and the programs could be modified or terminated based on new legislation or regulation in future periods.

During 2017, the District began administration of a Local Provider Participation Fund (LPPF) in Tarrant County. The District acts as the administrator of the LPPF by assessment and collection of mandatory payments from hospitals in Tarrant County.

These payments are to be used to fund intergovernmental transfers for others representing the state's share of supplemental Medicaid funding programs. As the District acts as a conduit for these funds, the receipts and intergovernmental transfers are not recognized as revenue and expense in the statements of revenues, expenses and changes in net position.

At September 30, 2023, the District held \$102,489 in LPPF assessments that will be transferred in 2024. At September 30, 2022, the District held \$32,975 in LPPF assessments that were transferred in 2023. The liability is reflected in the accompanying balance sheets as intergovernmental transfer obligation.

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2023 and 2022

(In Thousands)

Note 4: Property Tax Revenue

The District received approximately 34 percent of its support from property taxes during both years ended September 30, 2023 and 2022. Property taxes are levied by the District on October 1, of each year based on the preceding January 1, assessed property values. To secure payment, an enforceable lien attaches to the property on January 1, when the value is assessed. Property taxes become due and payable when levied on October 1. This is the date on which an enforceable legal claim arises, and the District records a receivable. The District recognized an allowance of uncollectible property taxes of approximately \$9,989 and \$10,981 at September 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively.

The District's property tax rate was \$0.224429 per \$100 valuation for both 2023 and 2022. The District's property tax revenue was \$574,072 and \$513,773 for the years ended September 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively.

Note 5: Deposits, Investments and Investment Income

Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, a government's deposits may not be returned to it. The District's deposit policy for custodial credit risk requires compliance with the provisions of state law.

State law requires collateralization of all deposits with federal depository insurance or other qualified investments. At September 30, 2023 and 2022, the District's deposits were either insured or collateralized in accordance with state law.

At September 30, 2023 and 2022, the Foundation's cash accounts exceeded federally insured limits by \$1,902 and \$2,218, respectively.

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2023 and 2022

(In Thousands)

Investments

The District may legally invest in direct obligations of and other obligations guaranteed as to principal by the U.S. Treasury and U.S. agencies and instrumentalities and in bank repurchase agreements. It may also invest to a limited extent in corporate bonds and equity securities.

At September 30, 2023 and 2022, the District had the following investments and maturities:

				S	eptembei	² 30, 2023			
		Maturities in Years							
Туре			Less					Мс	ore
	 Fair Value		Than 1		1-5		6-10		n 10
Investment pools	\$ 183,538	\$	183,538	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_
U.S. Treasury obligations	316,159		242,020		74,139		-		-
U.S. agency obligations	1,107,738		680,624	42	27,114		-		-
Money market mutual funds	105,343		105,343		-		-		-
Commercial paper	146,207		146,207		-		-		-
Mutual funds	 4,768		4,768						
	\$ 1,863,753	\$	1,362,500	\$ 50)1,253	\$	-	\$	-

						September	30, 2022			
			Maturities in Years							
				Less					Mo	re
Type Investment pools	Fair Value		Than 1		1-5		6-10		Than 10	
	\$	91,191	\$	91,191	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_
U.S. Treasury obligations		455,837		452,007		3,830		-		-
U.S. agency obligations		384,522		164,653	2	219,869		-		-
Municipal bonds		5,035		5,035		-		-		-
Money market mutual funds		35,222		35,222		-		-		-
Commercial paper		123,031		123,031		-		-		-
Mutual funds		4,302		4,302						
	\$	1,099,140	\$	875,441	\$ 2	223,699	\$		\$	-

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2023 and 2022

(In Thousands)

Interest Rate Risk

As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates, the District's investment policy requires that total investments have a weighted-average maturity of five years or less. The District's investments in U.S. Treasury and agency obligations include fixed-rate notes and bonds with a weighted-average maturity of three years. The longer the maturity of a fixed-rate obligation, the greater the impact a change in interest rates will have on its fair value. As interest rates increase, the fair value of the obligations decrease. Likewise, when interest rates decrease, the fair value of the obligations increase. The money market mutual funds and mutual funds are presented as an investment with a maturity of less than one-year because they are redeemable in full immediately.

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that the issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. It is the District's policy to limit its investments to U.S. Treasury and agency obligations or otherwise follow the restriction of the Texas Public Funds Investment Act. The District's investment in U.S. Treasury obligations carry the explicit guarantee of the U.S. government. The debt securities of the U.S. agencies and treasury securities are rated Aaa by Moody's rating agency.

The District also invests in TexPool and TexSTAR, state investment pools (Pools), which are considered investments for financial reporting. The Texas State Comptroller of Public Accounts oversees TexPool. Federated Investors provides asset management and participant services for TexPool's operations under a contract with the Comptroller. TexSTAR is a local government investment pool offering professionally managed portfolios to government entities in the state of Texas. The governing board of directors selects co-administrators for TexSTAR that provide fund management. The District has an undivided beneficial interest in the pool of assets held by the Pools. Investments must be in compliance with the Texas Public Funds Investment Act and include obligations of the United States or its agencies, direct obligation of the state of Texas or its agencies, certificates of deposit and repurchase agreements. The fair value of the position in these pools is the same as the value of the shares in each pool.

The Pools, as well as the money market mutual funds invested in by the District, are rated as AAAm by Standard & Poor's. The District's investments in commercial paper were rated Aa3 by Moody's rating agency.

The District also invests in certificates of deposit, which are classified as deposits for financial reporting purposes. These certificates of deposit are fully collateralized by the various financial institutions.

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2023 and 2022

(In Thousands)

Custodial Credit Risk

For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the District will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. All of the District's investments are held in safekeeping or trust accounts.

Concentration of Credit Risk

The District places no limit on the amount that may be invested in any one issuer as long as the restrictions of the Texas Public Funds Investment Act are followed. However, the District's investment policy states that preservation and safety of principal is the foremost objective of the investment program, and the District diversifies its investment portfolio in terms of investment instruments, maturity scheduling and issuers to reduce risk of loss resulting from overconcentration of assets in a specific class of investments, maturity or issuer.

The following table reflects the District's investments in single issuers that represent more than 5 percent of total investments:

	2023	2022	
Federal Home Loan Bank	36.8%	22.4%	
U.S. Treasury	15.8%	39.2%	
Federal Farm Credit Bank	10.6%	6.1%	
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation	9.0%	6.5%	
Toyota Motor Credit Commercial Paper	4.6%	5.3%	
Royal Bank of Canada	3.0%	5.0%	

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2023 and 2022

(In Thousands)

Summary of Carrying Values

The carrying values of deposits and investments shown above are included in the balance sheets as follows:

	2023	2022
Carrying value		
Deposits	\$ 131,840	\$ 150,318
Investments	 1,863,753	 1,099,140
	\$ 1,995,593	\$ 1,249,458
Included in the following balance sheet captions		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 100,073	\$ 115,247
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	102,489	32,975
Short-term investments	717,603	850,251
Internally designated for self-insurance, current portion	150	200
Noncurrent cash and investments	1,075,278	250,785
	\$ 1,995,593	\$ 1,249,458

Investment Income

Investment income for the years ended September 30, consisted of:

	 2023	2022		
Interest and dividend income Net increase (decrease) in fair value of investments	\$ 65,711 4,665	\$	8,620 (16,378)	
	\$ 70,376	\$	(7,758)	

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2023 and 2022

(In Thousands)

Note 6: Patient Accounts Receivable

The District grants credit without collateral to its patients, many of whom are area residents and are insured under third-party payer agreements. Patient accounts receivable at September 30, consisted of:

	2023		2022	
Medicare	\$	33,748	\$	28,156
Medicaid		26,982		25,883
Other third-party payers		46,969		33,329
Patients		67,816		64,688
		175,515		152,056
Less allowance for uncollectible accounts		87,928		84,221
	\$	87,587	\$	67,835

Note 7: Capital, Lease, and Subscription Assets

Capital assets activity for the years ended September 30, was:

	2023						
	Beginning Balance	Additions	Disposals	Transfers and Other	Ending Balance		
Land and improvements	\$ 67,689	\$ 4,050	\$ (11,472)	\$ 3,199	\$ 63,466		
Buildings and improvements	277,197	502	(12,709)	4,187	269,177		
Equipment	503,434	23,065	(14,727)	1,909	513,681		
Construction in progress	8,487	39,300		(10,270)	37,517		
	856,807	66,917	(38,908)	(975)	883,841		
Less accumulated							
depreciation and amortization	623,654	33,313	(28,134)		628,833		
Capital assets, net	\$ 233,153	\$ 33,604	\$ (10,774)	\$ (975)	\$ 255,008		

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2023 and 2022

(In Thousands)

	2022									
	Beginning			Transfers	Ending					
	Balance	Additions	Disposals	and Other	Balance					
Land and improvements	\$ 67,320	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 369	\$ 67,689					
Buildings and improvements	274,644	-	-	2,553	277,197					
Equipment	498,783	16,745	(21,119)	9,025	503,434					
Construction in progress	9,743	10,691		(11,947)	8,487					
Less accumulated	850,490	27,436	(21,119)		856,807					
depreciation and amortization	606,879	37,707	(20,932)		623,654					
Capital assets, net	\$ 243,611	\$ (10,271)	\$ (187)	\$ -	\$ 233,153					

As of September 30, 2023, the District has \$121,215 of outstanding construction commitments.

Lease assets activity for the years ended September 30, was:

		2023								
	Ве	ginning							Е	nding
	B	Balance		Additions		Disposals		sfers	Balance	
Buildings	\$	17,248	\$	6,624	\$	(2,269)	\$	-	\$	21,603
Equipment		613				-				613
		17,861		6,624		(2,269)				22,216
Less accumulated amortization										
Buildings		6,715		3,495		(2,269)		-		7,941
Equipment		367		184		<u>-</u>				551
		7,082		3,679		(2,269)				8,492
Lease assets, net	\$	10,779	\$	2,945	\$	_	\$	_	\$	13,724

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2023 and 2022

(In Thousands)

	2022									
		ginning								nding
	B	alance	Ad	ditions	Dis	posals	Tran	sfers	Ва	alance
Buildings	\$	14,417	\$	2,947	\$	(116)	\$	_	\$	17,248
Equipment		658				(45)				613
		15,075		2,947		(161)				17,861
Less accumulated amortization										
Buildings		2,942		3,889		(116)		-		6,715
Equipment	-	190	-	222	-	(45)				367
		3,132		4,111		(161)				7,082
Lease assets, net	\$	11,943	\$	(1,164)	\$	<u> </u>	\$	<u> </u>	\$	10,779

Subscription assets activity for the years ended September 30 was:

					2	023				
	Ве	Beginning							E	nding
	Balance		Additions		Disposals		Transfers		Balance	
Subscription IT asset Less accumulated amortization	\$	18,745	\$	20,541	\$	(3,826)	\$	-	\$	35,460
Subscription IT asset		6,941		9,696		(3,826)				12,811
Subscription Assets, Net	\$	11,804	\$	10,845	\$	_	\$		\$	22,649

	2022 (As Restated)									
	Ве	ginning							Е	nding
	B	Balance		Additions		Disposals		sfers	Balance	
Subscription IT asset Less accumulated amortization	\$	11,425	\$	7,320	\$	-	\$	-	\$	18,745
Subscription IT asset				6,941						6,941
Subscription Assets, Net	\$	11,425	\$	379	\$	-	\$		\$	11,804

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2023 and 2022

(In Thousands)

Note 8: Accounts Payable and Accrued Expenses

Accounts payable and accrued expenses included in current liabilities at September 30, consisted of:

	2023			2022
Payable to suppliers and contractors	\$	67,713	\$	74,041
Payable to employees (including payroll taxes				
and benefits)		94,503		71,284
Patient credit balances		3,892		2,714
Other liabilities		9,033		5,543
	\$	175,141	\$	153,582

Note 9: Risk Management

Medical Malpractice and General Liability Risks

The District is self-insured for medical malpractice and general liability claims. The District's maximum liability for professional and general liability claims as a governmental unit under the *Tort Claims Act* is generally \$100 per individual and \$300 per occurrence.

Losses from asserted and unasserted claims identified under the District's incident reporting system are accrued based on estimates that incorporate the District's past experience, as well as other considerations, including the nature of each claim or incident and relevant trend factors. It is reasonably possible that the District's estimate of losses will change by a material amount in the near term.

Activity in the District's accrued medical malpractice and general liability claims liability during 2023 and 2022, is summarized as follows:

	 2023	 2022
Balance, beginning of year	\$ 724	\$ 502
Current year claims incurred and changes in		
estimates for claims incurred in prior years	408	144
Claims and expenses paid	 (398)	78
Balance, end of year	\$ 734	\$ 724

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2023 and 2022

(In Thousands)

Employee Health Claims

Substantially all of the District's employees and their dependents are eligible to participate in the District's employee health insurance plan. Commercial stop-loss insurance coverage is purchased for claims in excess of \$500. A provision is accrued for self-insured employee health claims including both claims reported, and claims incurred but not yet reported. The accrual is estimated based on consideration of prior claims experience, recently settled claims, frequency of claims and other economic and social factors. It is reasonably possible that the District's estimate will change by a material amount in the near term.

Activity in the District's accrued employee health claims liability during 2023 and 2022, is summarized as follows:

	 2023	2022
Balance, beginning of year	\$ 5,250	\$ 5,250
Current year claims incurred and changes in estimates for claims incurred in prior years	68,713	59,401
Claims and expenses paid	 (67,550)	(59,401)
Balance, end of year	\$ 6,413	\$ 5,250

Workers' Compensation Claims

The District is self-insured for workers' compensation claims. A provision is accrued for self-insured worker's compensation claims including both claims reported, and claims incurred but not yet reported. The accrual is estimated based on consideration of prior claims experience, recently settled claims, frequency of claims and other economic and social factors. It is reasonably possible that the District's estimate will change by a material amount in the near term.

Activity in the District's accrued workers' compensation claims liability during 2023 and 2022, is summarized as follows:

	 2023	2022
Balance, beginning of year	\$ 2,584	\$ 3,115
Current year claims incurred and changes in		
estimates for claims incurred in prior years	1,591	1,574
Claims and expenses paid	 (1,677)	 (2,105)
Balance, end of year	 2,498	\$ 2,584

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2023 and 2022

(In Thousands)

Note 10: Long-Term Debt

A summary of long-term debt is as follows:

	 2023	2022
General obligation refunding bonds, Series 2016	\$ 11,115	\$ 12,825
Revenue bonds, Series 2012	8,425	10,340
Limited Tax Bonds, Series 2023	437,295	-
Note payable	 	 1,672
	456,835	24,837
Bond premium (discount), net	 15,339	 (99)
	\$ 472,174	\$ 24,738

General Obligation Refunding Bonds - Series 2016

The Series 2016 general obligations refunding bonds consist of Tarrant County Hospital District Limited Refunding Bonds, Series 2016 (Series 2016 Bonds) in the original amount of \$22,415 dated January 1, 2016, which bear interest at 2.24 percent. The Series 2016 Bonds are payable in annual installments of \$1,750 to \$1,955 through February 15, 2029. The Series 2016 Bonds are secured by ad valorem tax revenues. The proceeds from the Series 2016 Bonds were used to advance refund the Series 2006 Bonds.

Revenue Bonds – Series 2012

The Series 2012 revenue bonds consist of Tarrant County Hospital District Senior Lien Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2012 (Series 2012 Bonds) in the original amount of \$25,890 dated September 1, 2012, which bear interest at 3.0 percent to 5.0 percent. The Series 2012 Bonds are payable in annual installments of \$2,010 to \$2,205 through August 15, 2027. The Series 2012 Bonds are secured by revenues of the District, exclusive of ad valorem tax revenue.

All of the Series 2012 Bonds still outstanding may be redeemed at the District's option on or after August 15, 2023, at par value plus accrued interest. The proceeds from the Series 2012 Bonds were used to advance refund the Series 2002 Bonds.

Limited Tax Bonds - Series 2023

The Series 2023 bonds consist of Tarrant County Hospital District Limited Tax Bonds, Series 2023 (Series 2023) in the original amount of \$437,295 dated February 28, 2023, which bear interest at 4.0 to 5.25 percent. The Series 2023 Bonds are payable in annual installments of \$6,640 to \$26,240 through August 15, 2053. The Series 2023 Bonds are secured by the ad valorem tax revenues of the District. The Series 2023 bonds were issued at a premium and the outstanding balance of the premium is \$15,428 at September 30, 2023.

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2023 and 2022

(In Thousands)

All of the Series 2023 Bonds still outstanding may be redeemed on August 15, 2032 or any date thereafter. The Series 2023 Bonds were issued for the purpose of providing funds for acquiring, constructing, improving, equipping or enlarging facilities of the District including a new medical home, new medical office building with an ambulatory surgery center, a new parking garage and expansion of existing parking, a new central utility plant, a new behavioral health emergency center, modifications and expansion of the existing pavilion building and paying the costs associated with the sale and issuance of the bonds.

Note Payable

The note payable due to a vendor did not bear interest and was due in four annual installments of \$1,672, beginning December 2019. The note was fully paid in December 2022.

Long-Term Obligations

The following is a summary of long-term debt transactions for the District for the years ended September 30:

		2023									
	Beginning Balance		Additions		Deductions		Ending Balance		Current Portion		
Long-term debt											
General obligation refunding bonds, Series 2016	\$	12,825	\$	-	\$	1,710	\$	11,115	\$	1,750	
Revenue bonds, Series 2012		10,340		-		1,915		8,425		2,010	
Limited tax bonds, Series 2023		-		437,295		-		437,295		6,640	
Note payable		1,672		<u> </u>		1,672		<u> </u>			
Total long-term debt	\$	24,837	\$	437,295	\$	5,297	\$	456,835	\$	10,400	

	2022									
	Ве	Beginning				Ending		Current		
	В	Balance	Add	itions	Dec	ductions	E	Balance	P	ortion
Long-term debt										
General obligation refunding	\$	14,495	\$	-	\$	1,670	\$	12,825	\$	1,710
bonds, Series 2016										
Revenue bonds, Series 2012		12,165		-		1,825		10,340		1,915
Note payable		3,343				1,671		1,672		1,672
Total long-term debt	\$	30,003	\$	_	\$	5,166	\$	24,837	\$	5,297

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2023 and 2022

(In Thousands)

The debt service requirements on long-term debt as of September 30, 2023, are as follows:

Year Ending September 30,	Total to Be Paid	Principal	Interest
2024	\$ 31,629	\$ 10,400	\$ 21,229
2025	31,637	10,840	20,797
2026	31,631	11,285	20,346
2027	31,637	11,765	19,872
2028	29,363	9,990	19,373
2029-2033	138,878	48,790	90,088
2034-2038	136,897	60,070	76,827
2039-2043	136,897	76,985	59,912
2044-2048	136,903	96,075	40,828
2049-2053	136,906	120,635	16,271
	\$ 842,378	\$ 456,835	\$ 385,543

Note 11: Lease Liabilities

The District leases medical office, warehouse and office space and certain equipment, the terms of which expire in various years through 2030. During the years ended September 30, 2023 and 2022, the District recognized approximately \$3,639 and \$4,004, respectively, of rental expense for variable payments, short-term and cancelable leases that are not included in the measurement of the lease liability.

The following is a summary of lease liability transactions for the District for the years ended September 30:

					:	2023				
	Ве	ginning					E	Ending	Cı	ırrent
	B	alance	Ad	ditions	Ded	luctions	В	alance	Po	ortion
Lease liabilities	\$	11,060	\$	6,669	\$	3,308	\$	14,421	\$	3,238
						2022				
		ginning						Ending		urrent
	B	alance	Ad	ditions	Dec	ductions	E	Balance	Р	ortion
Lease liabilities	\$	11,943	\$	2,947	\$	3,830	\$	11,060	\$	2,621

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2023 and 2022

(In Thousands)

The following is a schedule by year of payments under the leases as of September 30, 2023:

Year Ending September 30,	tal to Be Paid	P	rincipal	ln	terest
2024	\$ 3,647	\$	3,238	\$	409
2025	2,799		2,470		329
2026	2,743		2,493		250
2027	2,587		2,417		170
2028	2,213		2,119		94
2029-2031	1,740		1,684		56
	\$ 15,729	\$	14,421	\$	1,308

Note 12: Subscription Liabilities

The District has various subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITAs), the terms of which expire in various years through 20230. Variable payments based upon the use of the underlying asset are not included in the subscription liability because they are not fixed in substance. The District did not recognize any subscription expense for variable payments not previously included in the measurement of the subscription liability during the years ended September 20, 2023 and 2022.

The following is a summary of subscription liability transactions for the District for the years ended September 30:

					2023		
	ginning alance	Ac	dditions	Dec	ductions	ending alance	urrent ortion
Subscription liabilities	\$ 8,544	\$	18,524	\$	8,577	\$ 18,491	\$ 8,357
				2022 (A	s Restated)		
	ginning alance	Ac	dditions	Dec	ductions	Ending alance	urrent ortion
Subscription liabilities	\$ 8,669	\$	5,664	\$	5,789	\$ 8,544	\$ 2,943

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2023 and 2022

(In Thousands)

The following is a schedule by year of payments under the SBITAs as of September 30, 2023:

Year Ending September 30,	al to Be Paid	P	rincipal	Int	terest
2024	\$ 8,816	\$	8,357	\$	459
2025	7,109		6,920		189
2026	1,294		1,224		70
2027	710		665		45
2028	536		509		27
2029-2030	 823		816		7
	\$ 19,288	\$	18,491	\$	797

Note 13: Restricted and Designated Net Position

At September 30, 2023 and 2022, \$5,599 and \$3,075, respectively, of net position were restricted by donors for capital and operating activities.

At September 30, 2023 and 2022, \$626,234 and \$232,519, respectively, of unrestricted net position has been designated by the Board for future capital acquisitions and operating needs. Designated assets remain under the control of the Board, which may, at its discretion, later use these assets for other purposes.

At September 30, 2022, the District had \$26,266 of net position restricted for benefits to participants in the defined benefit pension plan further described in *Note 15*.

At September 30, 2023 and 2022, the District had \$410 and \$395, respectively, of restricted nonexpendable net position which is a general endowment for the Foundation.

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2023 and 2022

(In Thousands)

Note 14: Uncompensated Care

In support of its mission, the District voluntarily provides free care to patients who lack financial resources and are deemed to be medically indigent. The costs of charity care provided under the District's charity care policy were \$380,740 and \$318,805 for 2023 and 2022, respectively. The increase in charity care costs is attributable to higher charity care charges as well as a higher cost to charge ratio due to increased expenses during the year ended September 30, 2023. The cost of charity care is estimated by applying the ratio of cost to gross charges to the gross charity care charges.

Note 15: Pension Plan

Plan Description

The District sponsors an agent multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan for eligible employees within a multi-employer retirement program sponsored for member hospitals by the Texas Hospital Association Retirement Plan (THARP). THARP is the plan administrator of the pension plan. The Plan's assets are invested as a portion of the THARP's master pension trust fund. The Plan provides retirement, death, and disability benefits. Amendments to the plan are made only with the authority of the District's Board.

The Plan does not issue a stand-alone financial report. However, an annual actuarial valuation report is available from the District or THARP. That report may be obtained by writing THARP at 1108 Lavaca, Suite 700, Austin, Texas 78701.

Benefits Provided

The Plan provides retirement, disability, and death benefits. Retirement benefits for eligible employees are calculated as 1.4 percent of the employee's final five-year average compensation plus 0.7 percent of the employee's final five-year average compensation, if any, that exceeds \$75, with the sum multiplied times the employee's years of service.

Participants with five years of participation service are eligible to retire at age 65. Senior executives have a different formula and a cap on considered years of service. Participants may retire at any age after 55 if they have 10 years of vesting service. Unreduced Early Retirement is available at age 62 if they have 10 years of vesting service. Disability retirement benefits are determined in the same manner as retirement benefits but are payable immediately with an actuarial reduction. Death benefits are determined in the same manner as retirement benefits but are payable immediately with an actuarial reduction. An employee who leaves the employer's service may withdraw his or her contributions, plus any accumulated interest.

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2023 and 2022

(In Thousands)

Effective October 1, 2006, participation in the pension plan became mandatory for full-time employees completing one-year of service on or after October 1, 2006. An amendment effective October 1, 2011, made plan participation voluntary for employees hired after that date. An amendment effective October 1, 2020, excluded employees hired after that date from plan participation.

The employees covered by the Plan at October 1, 2022 and 2021 (measurement date), are:

	2022	2021
Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently		
receiving benefits	575	529
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet		
receiving benefits	1,878	1,608
Active employees	3,431	4,101
	5,884	6,238

Contributions

The District's Board has the sole authority to establish and amend the contribution requirements of the active employees. The District's contributions are based on an actuarially determined rate recommended by an independent actuary. The actuarially determined rate is the established amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The District is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of employees. For the year ended September 30, 2023, the active employee contribution rate was 2.00 percent of annual pay, and the District's contribution rate was 6.25 percent of annual payroll.

The District's contribution is set to be 6.25 percent of participants payroll effective October 1, 2022, and will remain at that level as long as the amount thus determined is sufficient to pay the Employer Normal Cost and amortize the Unfunded Actuarial Liability (Net Pension Liability(Asset)) over a period of not more than 25 years. The employer contributions were 6.25 percent of estimated participant compensation for the plan year ending September 30, 2022. The average active employee contribution rate was 2.0 percent of annual pay for the plan year ending September 30, 2022. The costs of administering the plan are paid by the plan and are considered in the determination of the employer contribution rate.

Net Pension Liability (Asset)

The District's net pension liability (asset) was measured as of October 1, 2022 and 2021, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability (asset) was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2023 and 2022

(In Thousands)

The total pension liability in the October 1, 2022 and 2021 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

	2022	2021
Inflation	2.50%	2.25%
Salary increases	5.62%, average, including inflation	5.23%, average, including inflation
Ad hoc cost of living	Not included	Not included
Investment rate of return	6.75%, net of pension plan	6.75%, net of pension plan
	investment expense, including	investment expense, including
	inflation	inflation

Mortality rates were based on the Society of Actuaries Pri-2012 Mortality Table, projected from the 2012 base year with Projection Scale MP-2021, for both the October 1, 2022 and 2021 valuations.

The actuarial assumptions used in the October 1, 2022 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period 2016-2021 for retirement rates, 2013-2022 for earnings progression, 2017-2022 for withdrawal rates, and 2018-2022 for form of payment.

The actuarial assumptions used in the October 1, 2021 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period 2016-2021 for withdrawal rates, retirement rates, and earnings progression and 2016-2020 for form of payment.

The long-term expected rate of return used in the October 1, 2022 and 2021 valuations on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These components are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation (2.50 percent for 2022 and 2.25 percent for 2021). In addition, during 2022 the final 6.75 percent assumption reflected a reduction of 0.61 percent for adverse deviation and 0.20 percent for investment expenses and during 2021 the final 6.75 percent assumption reflected a reduction of 0.49 percent for adverse deviation.

The target allocation and expected arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class for both the October 1, 2022 and 2021 valuations are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	2022 Long-term Expected Real Rate of Return	2021 Long-term Expected Real Rate of Return
Domestic equity	60%	6.1%	6.1%
International equity	15%	6.0%	6.0%
Fixed income	24%	2.0%	1.7%
Cash	1%	0.5%	0.5%
Total	100%	_	

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2023 and 2022

(In Thousands)

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.75 percent at both October 1, 2022 and 2021. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the employee rate. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Changes in the total pension liability, plan fiduciary net position and the net pension liability (asset) are:

	2023							
		Total Pension Liability (a)		Plan Fiduciary et Position (b)	Liab	Net Pension ility (Asset) (a) - (b)		
Balances at September 30, 2022	\$	405,504	\$	431,770	\$	(26,266)		
Changes for the year								
Service cost		13,198		-		13,198		
Interest on total pension liability		27,646		_		27,646		
Differences between expected								
and actual experience		5,556		-		5,556		
Contributions – employee		-		5,573		(5,573)		
Contributions – employer		-		20,425		(20,425)		
Net investment loss		-		(70,626)		70,626		
Benefit payments, including refunds								
of employee contributions		(16,510)		(16,510)		-		
Administrative expenses		(1,003)		(1,003)		-		
Assumption changes		(4,425)				(4,425)		
Net changes		24,462		(62,141)		86,603		
Balances at September 30, 2023	\$	429,966	\$	369,629	\$	60,337		

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2023 and 2022

(In Thousands)

	2022					
		Total Pension Liability (a)		Plan Fiduciary et Position (b)	Liab	Net Pension ility (Asset) (a) - (b)
Balances at September 30, 2021	\$	365,454	\$	341,508	\$	23,946
Changes for the year						
Service cost		28,335		_		28,335
Interest on total pension liability		25,495		_		25,495
Differences between expected						
and actual experience		5,978		_		5,978
Contributions – employee		-		5,476		(5,476)
Contributions – employer		-		20,153		(20,153)
Net investment income		-		82,016		(82,016)
Benefit payments, including refunds						
of employee contributions		(16,330)		(16,330)		-
Administrative expenses		(1,053)		(1,053)		-
Assumption changes		(2,375)				(2,375)
Net changes		40,050		90,262		(50,212)
Balances at September 30, 2022	\$	405,504	\$	431,770	\$	(26,266)

The net pension liability of the District has been calculated using a discount rate of 6.75 percent at October 1, 2022. The following presents the net pension liability using a discount rate 1 percent higher and 1 percent lower than the current rate as of September 30, 2023.

		Current Discount				
	1%	Decrease 5.75 %		Rate 6.75 %	1	% Increase 7.75 %
District's net pension liability as of September 30, 2023	\$	118,093	\$	60,337	\$	13,037

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2023 and 2022

(In Thousands)

Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources related to Pensions

For the years ended September 30, 2023 and 2022, the District recognized pension expense of \$21,071 and \$18,910, respectively. At September 30, 2023 and 2022, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Differences between expected and actual experience
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date
Changes of assumptions
Net difference between projected and
actual earnings on plan investments

	2023								
D	eferred	Deferred							
Οι	tflows of		Inflows of						
Re	sources	Resources							
\$	8,805	\$	_						
	18,861		-						
	3,984		4,974						
	46,740		-						
\$	78,390	\$	4,974						

2023

Differences between expected and actual experience
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date
Changes of assumptions
Net difference between projected and
actual earnings on plan investments

	20	22					
D	eferred		Deferred				
Ou	tflows of	Inflows of					
Re	sources		Resources				
\$	7,117	\$	-				
	20,425		-				
	7,405		2,253				
			43,672				
\$	34,947	\$	45,925				

At September 30, 2023 and 2022, the District reported \$18,861 and \$20,425, respectively, as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date that will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability at September 30, 2023 and an increase of the net pension asset at September 30, 2022.

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2023 and 2022

(In Thousands)

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources at September 30, 2023, related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ending September 30	
2024	\$ 14,151
2025	11,553
2026	8,849
2027	 20,002
	\$ 54,555

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

As of October 1, 2022 and 2021, the master pension trust fund was comprised of the following:

		2022	2021			
Cook and cook againstants	\$	26,298	\$	36,767		
Cash and cash equivalents Investments, at fair value	Φ	20,298	Φ	30,707		
Mutual funds		337,298		376,810		
Common/collective trust funds		211,273		272,270		
103-12 investment fund		42,995		44,874		
Total investments at fair value		591,566		693,954		
Total Plan Fiduciary Net Pension	\$	617,864	\$	730,721		

The Plan's interest in the master pension trust fund as of the measurement date of October 1, 2022 and 2021, was \$369,629 and \$431,770, respectively.

Investment Policy – Investment policy decisions are established and maintained by the Trustees of the THARP for Member Hospitals. The Trustees have several asset mix alternatives from which participating employers may choose in order to control risk. The Trustees employ and select investment managers with the advice of investment counsel which is completely independent of the investment managers.

The primary goal of a pension fund is to help pay the cost of the pension plan while providing adequate security to meet the benefits promised under the plan. As a consequence, two important dimensions of a pension plan's investment program are expected return and expected risk.

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2023 and 2022

(In Thousands)

The plan trustees diversify plan investments among asset classes, recognizing that there is a relationship between the level of risk assumed in an investment program and the level of return that should be expected. Appropriate diversification better enables the trust to balance risk and return. The asset mix selected by the District and is set forth below:

Asset Class/Style	Target Asset Mix
Lance Con II S. a mities	45%
Large Cap U.S. equities Small Cap U.S. equities	15%
International equities	15%
Total Equities	75%
Intermediate fixed income	24%
Cash	1%
Total Fixed Income	25%

The Trustees maintain a portfolio structure that may combine several active and passive management in order to balance the objectives of enhanced return and cost control.

Passive equity and fixed income portfolios invest in a substantially similar manner as that of the underlying benchmark.

Active equity managers have the following requirements:

- The equity portion of the portfolio should not be less than 90 percent of the portfolio, measured at market value.
- Equity holdings in any one economic sector should not exceed the greater of 30 percent of the portfolio or 10 percent points above the sector weight in benchmark.
- Equity holdings in any single company (including common stock and convertible securities) should not exceed 10 percent of the portfolio.

Active fixed income managers have the following requirements:

- The primary investments should be government, corporate, and mortgage securities
- Holdings in obligations of any single entity (with the exception of the U.S. government and/or its agencies) should not exceed 5 percent of the portfolio.

The common collective trust fund investment objective is to approximate as closely as practicable, before expenses, to the performance of the S&P 500 Index over the long term.

The 103-12 investment fund objective is to approximate as closely as practicable to the performance of the MSCI EAFE Index.

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2023 and 2022

(In Thousands)

Investment Rate of Return - The annual money-weighted rate of return on pension plan investments, net of expenses, which expresses net investment performance adjusted for changing amounts actually invested each month was (16.6) percent for the 12 months ended October 1, 2022.

Credit Risk - Credit risk is the risk that the issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. It is the Plan's policy to limit its holdings in obligations of any single entity, excluding U.S. government and its agencies, to 5 percent of the portfolio.

Custodial Credit Risk - For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the Plan will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. All of the Plan's investments are held in trust accounts.

Concentration of Credit Risk - It is the Plan's policy to limit equity holdings in any one economic sector to the greater of 30 percent of the portfolio or 10 percent above the sector weight in the benchmark and limit equity holdings in any single company to 10 percent of the portfolio. Additionally, the Plan's policy limits holdings in fixed income obligations of any single entity, excluding U.S. government and its agencies, to 5 percent of the portfolio.

The following table reflects the Plan's investments in single issuers that represent more than 5 percent of total investments:

	2022	2021
State Street S&P 500 Index NL Fund	34.2%	37.3%
Vanguard Small Cap Index	14.1%	15.0%
PIMCO Total Return	12.6%	12.2%
State Street Aggregate Bond Index NL Fund	12.3%	12.2%
State Street Russell 1000 Index SL Fund	7.9%	7.5%
Dodge & Cox International Stock	7.2%	7.5%
Morgan Stanley International Equity Trust	7.0%	6.1%

Following is a description of the valuation methodologies and inputs used for pension plan assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis, as well as the general classification of pension plan assets pursuant to the valuation hierarchy.

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2023 and 2022

(In Thousands)

The fair value of the pension plan assets at October 1, 2022 and 2021, were as follows:

				Fair \	/alue Meası	ırements	s Using
	Carrying Amount		Acti for	Quoted Prices in ve Markets r Identical Assets Level 1)	Signifi Othe Observ Inpu (Leve	er vable ts	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)
October 1, 2022 Investments by fair value level							
Mutual funds	\$	337,298	\$	337,298	\$	_	\$ -
Widtai Tulias	Ψ	337,276	Ψ	331,270	Ψ		Ψ -
Total investments by fair value level	_	337,298	\$	337,298	\$		\$ -
Investments measured at the net asset value (NAV) (A)							
Common/collective trust fund		211,273					
103-12 investment fund		42,995					
Total investments measured at the NAV		254,268					
Total investments measured at fair value	\$	591,566					
				Fair \	/alue Meası	ırements	s Using
				Quoted			
		Carrying Amount	Acti fo	Prices in ve Markets r Identical Assets Level 1)	Signifi Oth Observ Inpu (Leve	er ⁄able ts	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)
October 1, 2021		Anount		2010,	(2010	,. _ ,	(2010:0)
Investments by fair value level							
Mutual funds		376,810		376,810			
Total investments by fair value level		376,810	\$	376,810	\$		\$ -
Investments measured at the net asset value (NAV) (A)							
Common/collective trust fund		272,270					
103-12 investment fund		44,874					
Total investments measured at the NAV		317,144					
Total investments measured at fair value	\$	693,954					

⁽A) Certain investments that are measured at fair value using the net asset value per share (or its equivalent) practical expedient have not been classified in the fair value hierarchy. The fair value amounts included above are intended to permit reconciliation of the fair value hierarchy to the amounts disclosed for total plan investments at fair value.

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2023 and 2022

(In Thousands)

Where quoted market prices are available in an active market, securities are classified within Level 1 of the valuation hierarchy. If quoted market prices are not available, then fair values are estimated by using quoted prices of securities with similar characteristics or independent asset pricing services and pricing models, the inputs of which are market-based or independently sourced market parameters, including, but not limited to, yield curves, interest rates, volatilities, prepayments, defaults, cumulative loss projections, and cash flows. Such securities are classified in Level 2 of the valuation hierarchy. In certain cases where Level 1 or Level 2 inputs are not available, securities are classified within Level 3 of the hierarchy. The Plan did not hold any Level 2 or 3 securities at October 1, 2022 and 2021.

The valuation method for investments measured at the net asset value (NAV) per share (or its equivalent) are presented as above. There were no unfunded commitments or redemption restrictions for these funds.

Other Benefit Plans

The District has an IRC Section 401(a) plan that includes an employer match calculated as 50 percent of an employee's contribution to the IRC Section 403(b) plan discussed below, up to 4 percent of pay. The contributions for the employer match on the plan were approximately \$11,080 and \$10,476 for the years ended September 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively.

In addition, the District offers its employees a tax-deferred annuity plan created in accordance with IRC Section 457. The Plan, available to all District employees, permits them to defer a portion of their salary until future years. All amounts of compensation deferred under the Plan and income attributable to those amounts are solely the property of the employee. Thus, the Plan amounts are not reported in the accompanying financial statements.

The District also offers its employees a tax-deferred annuity plan created in accordance with IRC Section 403(b). The Plan, available to all District employees, permits them to defer a portion of their salary until future years. All amounts of compensation deferred under the Plan and income attributable to those amounts are solely the property of the employee. Thus, the Plan amounts are not reported in the financial statements. Employee contributions were \$24,733 and \$23,484 for the years ended September 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively.

The District has a Governmental Excess Benefit Arrangement Plan for executives approved by the Board. This plan is to provide participants in the defined benefit plan that portion of the participant's benefits that would otherwise be payable under the terms of the defined benefit plan, except for the limitations on benefits imposed by Section 415(b) of the IRC. Contributions to this plan are included in noncurrent cash and investments and the plan liability is recorded in other long-term liabilities in the balance sheets. As of September 30, 2023 and 2022, \$2,854 and \$2,351, respectively, in contributions are included in internally designated for capital acquisitions and operating activities on the accompanying balance sheets, and \$4,553 and \$4,609, respectively, was due under this plan. As of September 30, 2023, deferred outflows and inflows of resources associated with this plan were \$16 and \$80, respectively. Approximately \$72 and \$3,369 of benefit expense was recognized in 2023 and 2022, respectively.

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2023 and 2022

(In Thousands)

Note 16: Disclosures About Fair Value of Assets and Liabilities

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. Fair value measurements must maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs. There is a hierarchy of three levels of inputs that may be used to measure fair value:

- Level 1 Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
- Level 2 Observable inputs other than Level 1 prices, such as quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities; quoted prices in markets that are not active; or other inputs that are observable or can be corroborated by observable market data for substantially the full term of the assets or liabilities
- **Level 3** Unobservable inputs supported by little or no market activity and are significant to the fair value of the assets or liabilities

Recurring Measurements

The following table presents the fair value measurements of assets and liabilities recognized in the accompanying financial statements measured at fair value on a recurring basis and the level within the fair value hierarchy in which the fair value measurements fall at September 30:

	Fair Value Measurements Using							
				Quoted				
			P	rices in	Si	gnificant		
			Activ	ve Markets		Other	Signif	icant
			for	Identical	Ob	servable	Unobse	rvable
		Carrying		Assets		Inputs	-	uts
		Amount	(Level 1)	(Level 2)	(Lev	el 3)
September 30, 2023								
Investments by fair value level								
U.S. agency obligations	\$	1,107,738	\$	272,463	\$	835,275	\$	-
U.S. Treasury obligations		316,159		316,159		-		-
Commercial paper		146,207		-		146,207		-
Money market mutual funds		105,343		105,343		-		-
Mutual funds		4,768		4,768				
Total investments by fair value level	\$	1,680,215	\$	698,733	\$	981,482	\$	
Investment Pools Carried at								
Amortized Cost		183,538						
Total investments	\$	1,863,753						

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2023 and 2022

(In Thousands)

		Fair Value Measurements Using					
	Carrying Amount	Activ	Quoted Prices in ve Markets Identical Assets Level 1)	Ol	ignificant Other oservable Inputs Level 2)	-	
September 30, 2022							
Investments by fair value level							
U.S. agency obligations	\$ 384,522	\$	103,395	\$	281,127	\$	-
U.S. Treasury obligations	455,837		431,176		24,661		-
Commercial paper	123,031		-		123,031		-
Municipal bonds	5,035		5,035		-		-
Money market mutual funds	35,222		35,222		-		-
Mutual funds	 4,302		4,302				
Total investments by fair value level	\$ 1,007,949	\$	579,130	\$	428,819	\$	
Investment Pools Carried at Amortized Cost	 91,191						
Total investments	\$ 1,099,140						

Investments

Where quoted market prices are available in an active market, securities are classified within Level 1 of the valuation hierarchy. If quoted market prices are not available, then fair values are estimated by using quoted prices of securities with similar characteristics or independent asset pricing services and pricing models, the inputs of which are market-based or independently sourced market parameters, including, but not limited to, yield curves, interest rates, volatilities, prepayments, defaults, cumulative loss projections, and cash flows. Such securities are classified in Level 2 of the valuation hierarchy. In certain cases where Level 1 or Level 2 inputs are not available, securities are classified within Level 3 of the hierarchy. The District held no Level 3 investments as of September 30, 2023 and 2022.

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2023 and 2022

(In Thousands)

Note 17: Condensed Combining Information

The following tables include condensed combining balance sheet information for the District and its blended component units as of September 30, 2023 and 2022:

			Se	ptembe	er 30, 2023			
		Hospital	Acclaim	For	undation	Eli	minations	Total
Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources								
Current assets	\$	1,158,123	\$ 12,729	\$	2,089	\$	(8,278)	\$ 1,164,663
Due from affiliates		1,720	165		42		(1,927)	-
Noncurrent cash and investments		1,070,141	-		5,137		-	1,075,278
Capital assets, net		254,696	312		-		-	255,008
Lease assets, net		11,821	1,903		-		-	13,724
Subscription assets, net		22,381	268		-		-	22,649
Lease receivable		654	 				_	 654
Total assets		2,519,536	15,377		7,268		(10,205)	2,531,976
Deferred outflows of resources		78,406	 					78,406
Total assets and deferred outflows								
of resources	\$	2,597,942	\$ 15,377	\$	7,268	\$	(10,205)	\$ 2,610,382
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Ne	t Positio	n						
Current liabilities	\$	290,451	\$ 25,396	\$	6	\$	(8,277)	\$ 307,576
Due to affiliates		201	1,490		237		(1,928)	-
Estimated self-insurance costs		1,904	156		-		-	2,060
Lease liabilities, noncurrent		9,512	1,671		-		-	11,183
Subscription liabilities, noncurrent		10,134	-		-		-	10,134
Long-term debt		461,774	-		-		-	461,774
Net pension liability		60,337	-		-		-	60,337
Other long-term liabilities		4,553	773					 5,326
Total liabilities		838,866	29,486		243		(10,205)	858,390
Deferred inflows of resources Net position	-	5,791	 				-	 5,791
Net investment in capital assets		210,687	370		_			211,057
Restricted expendable		3,503	370		2,096		-	5,599
Restricted nonexpendable		3,303	-		410		-	410
Unrestricted		1,539,095	(14,479)		4,519		-	1,529,135
Total net position		1,753,285	 (14,109)		7,025			 1,746,201
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of		1,/33,283	 (14,109)		7,023	_		 1,/40,201
resources and net position	\$	2,597,942	\$ 15,377	\$	7,268	\$	(10,205)	\$ 2,610,382

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2023 and 2022

(In Thousands)

			Se	•	er 30, 2022 stated)				
	Hospital	-	Acclaim	Fo	undation	Elii	minations		Total
Assets									
Current assets	\$ 1,217,136	\$	11,936	\$	2,074	\$	(7,792)	\$	1,223,354
Due from affiliates	1,345		173		18		(1,536)		-
Noncurrent cash and investments	245,830		-		4,955		-		250,785
Capital assets, net	232,760		393		-		-		233,153
Lease assets, net	8,549		2,230		-		-		10,779
Subscription assets, net	11,429		375		-		-		11,804
Lease receivable	953		-		-		-		953
Net pension asset	 26,266								26,266
Total assets	1,744,268		15,107		7,047		(9,328)		1,757,094
Deferred outflows of resources	 34,982								34,982
Total assets and deferred outflows									
of resources	\$ 1,779,250	\$	15,107	\$	7,047	\$	(9,328)	\$	1,792,076
Liabilities and Net Position									
Current liabilities	\$ 198,364	\$	13,633	\$	21	\$	(7,792)	\$	204,226
Due to affiliates	186		1,228		122		(1,536)		-
Estimated self-insurance costs	1,955		144		-		-		2,099
Lease liabilities, noncurrent	6,477		1,962		-		-		8,439
Subscription liabilities, noncurrent	5,304		297		-		-		5,601
Long-term debt	19,441		-		-		-		19,441
Other long-term liabilities	10,239		1,112		-		-		11,351
Total liabilities	 241,966		18,376		143		(9,328)		251,157
Deferred inflows of resources Net position	 46,957	_						_	46,957
Net investment in capital assets	208,901		466		-		-		209,367
Restricted expendable	708		-		2,367		-		3,075
Restricted nonexpendable	_		_		395		-		395
Restricted for pension	26,266		_		-		-		26,266
Unrestricted	 1,254,452		(3,735)		4,142	_			1,254,859
Total net position	 1,490,327		(3,269)		6,904				1,493,962
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and net position	\$ 1,779,250	\$	15,107	\$	7,047	\$	(9,328)	\$	1,792,076

The following tables include condensed combining statements of revenues, expenses and changes in net position information for the District and its blended component units for the years ended September 30, 2023 and 2022:

			Se	ptemb	er 30, 2023			
	 Hospital		Acclaim		undation	Eliminations		Total
Operating revenues Operating expenses	\$ 1,047,889 1,379,979	\$	146,721 192,939	\$	114 4,554	\$	(81,390) (84,270)	\$ 1,113,334 1,493,202
Operating income (loss) Nonoperating revenues (expenses) Capital grants and gifts Transfer of net position	 (332,090) 630,106 348 (35,405)		(46,218) (28) - 35,405		(4,440) 4,552 9		2,880 (2,880)	(379,868) 631,750 357
Increase (decrease) in net position	262,959		(10,841)		121		-	252,239
Net Position, Beginning of Year	1,490,326		(3,268)		6,904			 1,493,962
Net Position, End of Year	\$ 1,753,285	\$	(14,109)	\$	7,025	\$		\$ 1,746,201

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2023 and 2022

(In Thousands)

September	30, 2022
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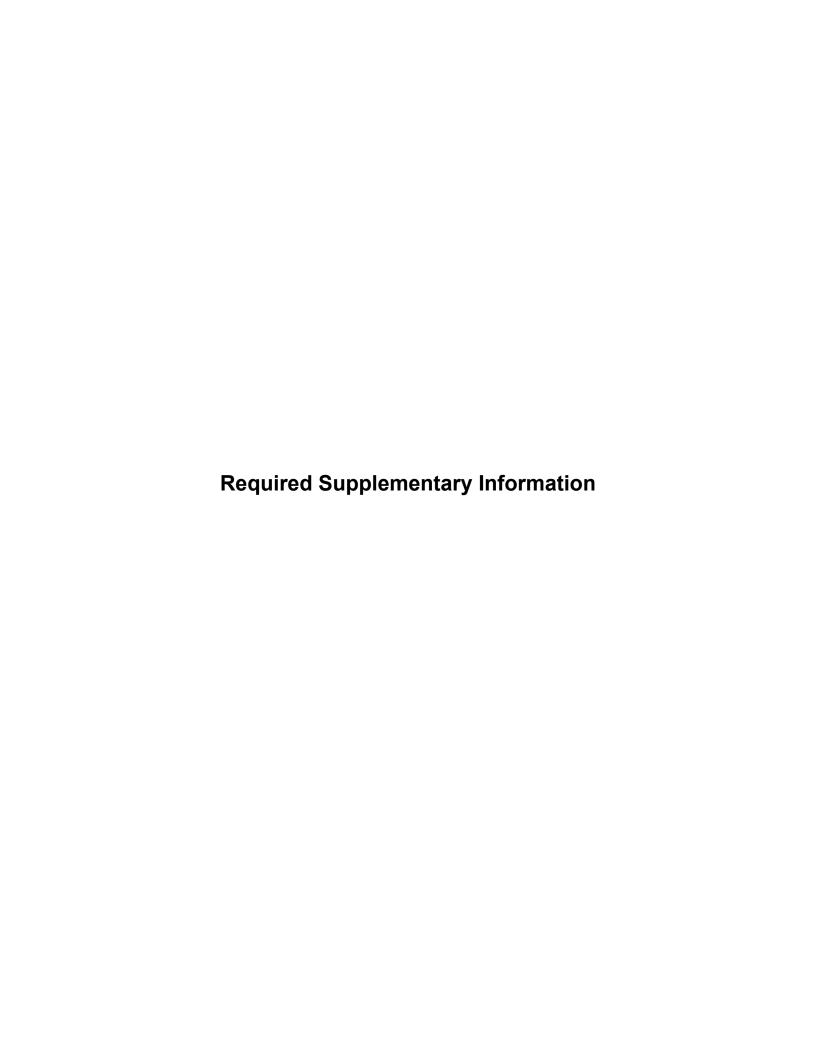
		(As Restated)								
	Hospital			Acclaim	Fo	undation	Eli	minations		Total
Operating revenues	\$	926,045	\$	130,243	\$	70	\$	(80,023)	\$	976,335
Operating expenses		1,292,179		162,625		2,302		(81,753)		1,375,353
Operating income (loss)		(366,134)		(32,382)		(2,232)		1,730		(399,018)
Nonoperating revenues (expenses)		510,936		20		2,152		(1,730)		511,378
Capital grants and gifts		251		-		5		-		256
Transfer of net position	-	(27,992)		27,992				<u> </u>		<u> </u>
Increase (decrease) in net position		117,061		(4,370)		(75)		-		112,616
Net Position, Beginning of Year		1,373,266		1,101		6,979				1,381,346
Net Position, End of Year	\$	1,490,327	\$	(3,269)	\$	6,904	\$		\$	1,493,962

The following tables include condensed combining statements of cash flows information for the District and its blended component units for the years ended September 30, 2023 and 2022:

	September 30, 2023									
		Hospital	Ac	claim	Fo	undation	Elir	ninations		Total
Net cash provided by (used in)										
Operating activities	\$	(250,943)	\$	(5)	\$	(4,325)	\$	2,880	\$	(252,393)
Noncapital financing activities		559,176		24		3,870		(2,880)		560,190
Capital and related financing activities		375,703		(18)		-		-		375,685
Investing activities		(629,650)		11		(163)				(629,802)
Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		54,286		12		(618)		-		53,680
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year		146,346		156	_	2,627				149,129
Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Year	\$	200,632	\$	168	\$	2,009	\$		\$	202,809

September 30, 2022

	(AS Restated)									
		Hospital	Α	cclaim	Fo	undation	Elin	ninations		Total
Net cash provided by (used in)										
Operating activities	\$	(415,765)	\$	(572)	\$	(2,257)	\$	1,730	\$	(416,864)
Noncapital financing activities		512,441		-		2,784		(1,730)		513,495
Capital and related financing activities		(42,200)		(301)		-		-		(42,501)
Investing activities		(237,759)		4		(401)		-		(238,156)
Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		(183,283)		(869)		126		-		(184,026)
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year		329,629		1,025		2,501				333,155
Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Year	\$	146,346	\$	156	\$	2,627	\$		\$	149,129



Schedule of Changes in the District's Net Pension (Asset) Liability and Related Ratios

		2022	2021	2020		2019		2018	2017		2016	2015	2014
Total Pension Liability													
Service cost	S	13,198	\$ 28,335	\$ 18,432	S	17,647	\$	15,429	\$ 12,604	S	12,028	\$ 12,181	\$ 11,556
Interest on total pension liability		27,646	25,495	23,472		21,612		19,526	17,416		15,931	14,805	12,953
Differences between expected and actual experience		5,556	5,978	2,314		1,073		4,775	5,794		1,523	1,720	(717)
Changes of benefit terms		-	-	200		-		184	-		-	-	-
Changes of assumptions		(4,425)	(2,375)	10,774		(1,028)		8,396	(1,084)		(2,153)	(4,900)	6,650
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(16,510)	(16,330)	(13,021)		(11,805)		(8,577)	(6,590)		(7,210)	(6,069)	(7,021)
Administrative expenses		(1,003)	 (1,053)	 (1,110)		(942)	_	(886)	 (515)	_	(496)	 	 -
Net Change in Total Pension Liability		24,462	40,050	41,061		26,557		38,847	27,625		19,623	17,737	23,421
Total Pension Liability—Beginning		405,504	 365,454	 324,393		297,836		258,989	 231,364		211,741	 194,004	 170,583
Total Pension Liability—Ending (a)	\$	429,966	\$ 405,504	\$ 365,454	\$	324,393	\$	297,836	\$ 258,989	\$	231,364	\$ 211,741	\$ 194,004
Plan Fiduciary Net Position													
Contributions—employer	\$	20,425	\$ 20,153	\$ 18,225	\$	17,281	\$	17,305	\$ 14,443	\$	13,579	\$ 12,313	\$ 11,625
Contributions—employee		5,573	5,476	5,258		4,956		2,314	1,933		1,805	1,641	1,575
Net investment income (loss)		(70,626)	82,016	19,485		10,602		25,385	29,994		20,967	(2,629)	20,134
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(16,510)	(16,330)	(13,021)		(11,805)		(8,577)	(6,590)		(7,210)	(6,069)	(7,021)
Administrative expense		(1,003)	 (1,053)	 (1,110)		(942)	_	(886)	 (515)	_	(496)	 (587)	 (407)
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position		(62,141)	90,262	28,837		20,092		35,541	39,265		28,645	4,669	25,906
Plan Fiduciary Net Position—Beginning		431,770	 341,508	 312,671		292,579		257,038	 217,773		189,128	 184,459	 158,553
Plan Fiduciary Net Position—Ending (b)	\$	369,629	\$ 431,770	\$ 341,508	\$	312,671	\$	292,579	\$ 257,038	\$	217,773	\$ 189,128	\$ 184,459
District's Net Pension Liability (Asset)—Ending (a) – (b)	\$	60,337	\$ (26,266)	\$ 23,946	\$	11,722	\$	5,257	\$ 1,951	\$	13,591	\$ 22,613	\$ 9,545
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability		85.97%	106.48%	93.45%		96.39%		98.23%	99.25%		94.13%	89.32%	95.08%
Covered-employee Payroll	\$	326,804	\$ 322,441	\$ 291,597	\$	276,493	\$	256,366	\$ 213,963	\$	201,170	\$ 182,418	\$ 178,847
District's Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of Covered- employee Payroll		18.46%	-8.15%	8.21%		4.24%		2.05%	0.91%		6.76%	12.40%	5.34%

Notes to Schedule:

Changes of assumptions:

1) Updated withdrawal rates, CPI, payment form and earnings progression assumption

This schedule is presented as of October 1, which is the measurement date.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District will present information for those years for which information is available. All amounts are in thousands unless otherwise indicated.

Schedule of District Contributions Year Ended September 30, 2023

(In Thousands)

Year Ending September 30,	de	ctuarially termined ntribution	Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution		defic	ibution ciency cess)	Covered- employee payroll	Contributions as a percentage of covered- employee payroll
2023	\$	18,861	\$	18,861	\$	_	\$ 301,779	6.25%
2022		20,425		20,425		-	326,804	6.25%
2021		20,153		20,153		-	322,441	6.25%
2020		18,225		18,225		-	291,597	6.25%
2019		17,281		17,281		-	276,493	6.25%
2018		17,305		17,305		-	256,366	6.75%
2017		14,443		14,443		-	213,963	6.75%
2016		13,579		13,579		-	201,170	6.75%
2015		12,313		12,313		-	182,418	6.75%
2014		11,625		11,625		-	178,847	6.50%

Notes to Schedule:

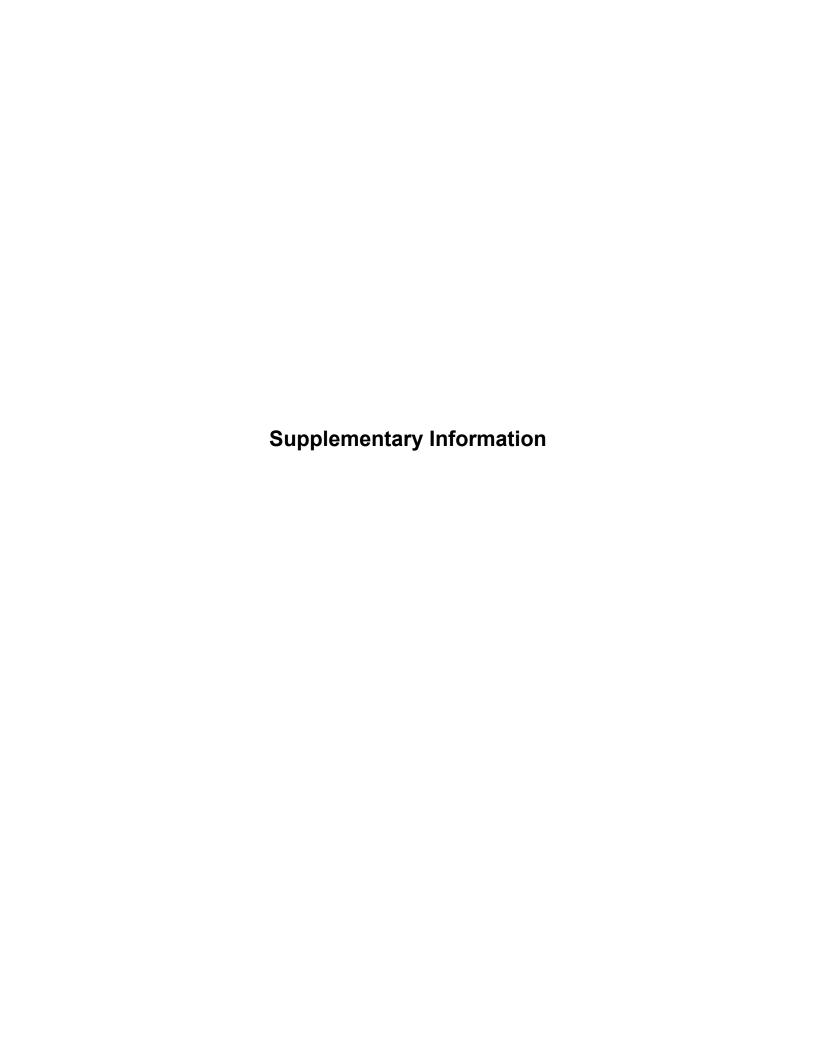
Valuation date: October 1 of respective year

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of October 1, which is the most recent valuation date prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method	Entry age
Amortization method	"Closed group" level dollar of payroll
Remaining amortization period	2 years at October 1, 2022; recalculated annually; employer contribution rate constant unless amortization period > 25 years or ≤ 0 years
Asset valuation method	5-year smoothed market
Inflation	2.50%
Salary increases	5.62%, average, including inflation
Investment rate of return	6.75% net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation
Retirement age	62 (average)
Mortality	Pri-2012 Total Dataset Mortality Table, Projected from the 2012 base year using the
	MP-2021 mortality improvement scale

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District will present information for those years for which information is available. All amounts are in thousands unless otherwise indicated.



Combining Schedule – Balance Sheet Information September 30, 2023

(In Thousands)

Assets and Deferred Outflow of Resources

	Hospital	Acclaim	Foundation	Eliminations	Total
Current Assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 98,143	\$ 168	\$ 1,762	\$ -	\$ 100,073
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	102,489	-	-	-	102,489
Short-term investments	717,336	-	267	-	717,603
Patient accounts receivable, net	86,075	3,575	-	(2,063)	87,587
Property taxes receivable, net	3,454	-	-	-	3,454
Supplemental Medicaid funding receivable	88,975	365	-	-	89,340
Internally designated for self-insurance, current portion	150	-	-	-	150
Due from third-party payers	17,605	-	-	-	17,605
Supplies inventory	16,149	-	-	-	16,149
Prepaid expenses and other assets	27,747	8,621	60	(6,215)	30,213
Total current assets	1,158,123	12,729	2,089	(8,278)	1,164,663
Due from Affiliates	1,720	165	42_	(1,927)	
Noncurrent Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments					
Internally designated for debt service	3,503	-	_	_	3,503
Internally designated for self-insurance	12,930	-	-	-	12,930
Restricted by donors for capital acquisitions and					
specific operating activities	_	_	2,688	_	2,688
Internally designated for capital acquisitions and					,
operating activities	626,234	-	-	-	626,234
Held by trustee for capital acquisitions	427,474	-	-	-	427,474
Noncurrent investments			2,449		2,449
Total noncurrent cash, cash equivalents					
and investments	1,070,141	<u> </u>	5,137	-	1,075,278
Capital Assets, Net	254,696	312	-	-	255,008
Lease Assets, Net	11,821	1,903	-	-	13,724
Subscription Assets, Net	22,381	268	_	_	22,649
Leases Receivable	654				654
Leases Receivable	634	- 			634
Total assets	2,519,536	15,377	7,268	(10,205)	2,531,976
Deferred Outflows of Resources - Pension Related	78,406				78,406
Total assets and deferred	0.507.040	e 15277	e 7.260	6 (10.305)	0.010.000
outflows of resources	\$ 2,597,942	\$ 15,377	\$ 7,268	\$ (10,205)	\$ 2,610,38

Combining Schedule – Balance Sheet Information (Continued) September 30, 2023

(In Thousands)

Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position

and Net Fosition	H	Hospital		Acclaim		Foundation		Eliminations		Total
Current Liabilities	<u> </u>									
Accounts payable	\$	79,806	\$	2,182	\$	-	\$	(8,277)	\$	73,711
Accrued expenses		78,732		22,692		6		-		101,430
Intergovernmental transfer obligation		102,555		-		-		-		102,555
Due to third-party payers		300		-		-		-		300
Current portion of lease liabilities		2,948		290		-		-		3,238
Current portion of subscription liabiliites		8,205		152		-		-		8,357
Current portion of self-insurance costs		7,505		80		-		-		7,585
Current maturities of long-term debt		10,400					-			10,400
Total current liabilities		290,451		25,396		6		(8,277)		307,576
Due to Affiliates		201		1,490		237		(1,928)		-
Estimated Self-insurance Costs		1,904		156		-		-		2,060
Lease Liabilities, Noncurrent		9,512		1,671		-		-		11,183
Subscription Liabilities, Noncurrent		10,134		-		-		-		10,134
Long-term Debt		461,774		-		-		-		461,774
Net Pension Liability		60,337		-		-		-		60,337
Other Long-term Liabilities		4,553		773						5,326
Total liabilities		838,866		29,486		243		(10,205)		858,390
Deferred Inflows of Resources										
Pension related		5,054		_		_		_		5,054
Leases		737								737
Total deferred inflows of resources		5,791								5,791
Net Position										
Net investment in capital assets		210,687		370		_		_		211,057
Restricted expendable		3,503		-		2,096		_		5,599
Restricted nonexpendable		- ,		-		410		_		410
Unrestricted		1,539,095		(14,479)		4,519				1,529,135
Total net position		1,753,285		(14,109)		7,025				1,746,201
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of										
resources and net position	\$	2,597,942	\$	15,377	\$	7,268	\$	(10,205)	\$	2,610,382

Combining Schedule – Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position Information Year Ended September 30, 2023

(In Thousands)

	Hospital	Acclaim	Foundation	Eliminations	Total
Operating Revenues					
Net patient service revenue	\$ 688,315	\$ 87,846	\$ -	\$ (32,883)	\$ 743,278
Supplemental Medicaid funding	251,997	-	-	-	251,997
Other operating revenue	107,577	58,875	114	(48,507)	118,059
Total operating revenues	1,047,889	146,721	114	(81,390)	1,113,334
Operating Expenses					
Salaries and related expenses	727,361	177,421	646	(949)	904,479
Professional fees and purchased services	284,229	11,567	1,134	(84,797)	212,133
Supplies	274,814	671	796	-	276,281
Depreciation and amortization	46,407	533	-	-	46,940
Other	47,168	2,747	1,978	1,476	53,369
Total operating expenses	1,379,979	192,939	4,554	(84,270)	1,493,202
Operating Income (Loss)	(332,090)	(46,218)	(4,440)	2,880	(379,868)
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)					
Property tax revenue	574,072	-	-	-	574,072
Contribution revenue	888	24	3,870	(2,880)	1,902
Bond issue costs	(3,690)	-	-	-	(3,690)
Interest expense	(11,077)	(63)	-	_	(11,140)
Investment return and other	69,913	11	682		70,606
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	630,106	(28)	4,552	(2,880)	631,750
Income (Loss) Before Capital Grants and					
Gifts and Transfers	298,016	(46,246)	112	-	251,882
Transfer of Net Position	(35,405)	35,405	-	-	-
Capital Grants and Gifts	348		9		357
Increase (Decrease) in Net Position	262,959	(10,841)	121	-	252,239
Net Position, Beginning of Year	1,490,326	(3,268)	6,904		1,493,962
Net Position, End of Year	\$ 1,753,285	\$ (14,109)	\$ 7,025	\$ -	\$ 1,746,201